HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

is service manual describes the service procedures at the VT600C/CD.

Follow the Maintenance Schedule (Section 3) recommendations to ensure that the vehicle is in peak operating condition and the emission levels are within the standards set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and California Air Resources Board.

Performing the first scheduled maintenance is very important. It compensates for the initial wear that occurs during the break-in period.

Sections 1 and 3 apply to the whole motorcycle. Section 2 illustrates procedures for removal/ installation of components that may be required to perform service described in the following sections. Sections 4 through 19 describe parts of the motorcycle, grouped according to location.

Find the section you want on this page, then turn to the table of contents on the first page of the section.

Most sections start with an assembly or system illustration, service information and troubleshooting for the section.

The subsequent pages give detailed procedures.

" you don't know the source of the trouble, go to section 21, Troubleshooting.

ALL INFORMATION, ILLUSTRATIONS, DIREC-TIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS INCLUDED IN THIS PUBLICATION ARE BASED ON THE LATEST PRODUCT INFORMATION AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF APPROVAL FOR PRINTING. HONDA MOTOR CO., LTD. RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES AT ANY TIME WITHOUT NOTICE AND WITHOUT INCURRING ANY OBLIGATION WHATEVER. NO PART OF THIS PUBLICATION MAY BE REPRODUCED WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION. THIS MANUAL IS WRITTEN FOR PERSONS WHO HAVE ACQUIRED BASIC KNOWLEDGE OF MAINTENANCE ON HONDA MOTORCYCLES, MOTOR SCOOTERS OR ATVS.

> HONDA MOTOR CO., LTD. SERVICE PUBLICATION OFFICE

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SYMBOLS

The symbols used throughout this manual show specific service procedures. If supplementary information is required pertaining to these symbols, it would be explained specifically in the text without the use of the symbols.

9	Replace the partis) with new one(s) before assembly.
	Use recommended engine oil, unless otherwise specified.
7	Use molybdenum oil solution (mixture of the engine oil and molybdenum grease in a ratio of 1 : 1).
Tanget	Use multi-purpose grease (Lithium based multi-purpose grease NLGI # 2 or equivalent).
∕™® #	Use molybdenum disulfide grease (containing more than 3 % molybdenum disulfide, NLGI # 2 or equivalent). Example: Molykote® BR-2 plus manufactured by Dow Corning, U. S. A. Multi-purpose M-2 manufactured by Mitsubishi Oil, Japan
- KMPH	Use molybdenum disulfide paste (containing more than 40 % molybdenum disulfide, NLGI # 2 or equivalent). Example: Molykote ⁸ A-n paste, manufactured by Dow Corning, U. S. A. Honda Moly 60 (U. S. A. only) Rocol ASP manufactured by Rocol Limited, U. K. Rocol Paste manufactured by Sumico Lubricant, Japan
-FISH	Use silicone grease.
	Apply a locking agent. Use a middle strength locking agent unless otherwise specified.
J'SEAN	Apply sealant.
R.	Use DOT 4 brake fluid. Use the recommended brake fluid unless otherwise specified.
FORK	Use Fork or Suspension Fluid.

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GENERAL SAFETY

CARBON MONOXIDE

If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area.

AWARNING

The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that can cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death.

Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.

GASOLINE

Work in a well ventilated area. Keep cigarettes, flames or sparks away from the work area or where gasoline is stored.

AWARNING

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

HOT COMPONENTS

AWARNING

Engine and exhaust system parts become very hot and remain hot for some time after the engine is run. Wear insulated gloves or wait until the engine and exhaust system have cooled before handling these parts.

USED ENGINE OIL

AWARNING

Used engine oil may cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods. Although this is unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is still advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water as soon as possible after handling used oil. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

BRAKE FLUID

CAUTION:

Spilling fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts will damage them. Place a clean shop towel over these parts whenever the system is serviced. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

COOLANT

Under some conditions, the ethylene glycol in engine coolant is combustible and its flame is not visible. If the ethylene glycol does ignite, you will not see any flame, but you can be burned.

AWARNING

- Avoid spilling engine coolant on the exhaust system or engine parts. They may be hot enough to cause the coolant to ignite and burn without a visible flame.
- Coolant (ethylene glycol) can cause some skin irritation and is poisonous if swallowed. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- Keep out of reach of pets and some pets are attracted to the smell and taste of coolant and can die if they drink it.
- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. The coolant is under pressure and could scald you.

If coolant contacts your skin, wash the affected areas immediately with soap and water. If coolant contacts your eyes, flush them thoroughly with fresh water and get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, the victim must be forced to vomit then rinse mouth and throat with fresh water before obtaining medical attention. Because of these dangers, keep out of the reach of children. Recycle used coolant in an ecologically correct manner.

BATTERY HYDROGEN GAS & ELECTROLYTE AWARNING

- The battery gives off explosive gases; keep sparks, flames and cigarettes away. Provide adequate ventilation when charging.
- The battery contains sulfuric acid (electrolyte). Contact with skin or eyes may cause severe burns. Wear protective clothing and a face shield.
 - If electrolyte gets on your skin, flush with water.
 - If electrolyte gets in your eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and call a physician immediately.
- Electrolyte is poisonous.
- If swallowed, drink large quantities of water or milk and follow with milk of magnesia or vegetable oil and call a physician. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

SERVICE RULES

- Use genuine HONDA or HONDA-recommended parts and lubricants or their equivalents. Parts that don't meet HONDA's design specifications may cause damage to the motorcycle.
- 2. Use the special tools designed for this product to avoid damage and incorrect assembly.
- Use only metric tools when servicing the motorcycle. Metric bolts, nuts and screws are not interchangeable with English fasteners.
- 4. Install new gaskets, O-rings, cotter pins, and lock plates when reassembling.
- When tightening bolts or nuts, begin with the larger diameter or inner bolt first. Then tighten to the specified torque diagonally in incremental steps unless a particular sequence is specified.
- 6. Clean parts in cleaning solvent upon disassembly. Lubricate any sliding surfaces before reassembly.
- 7. After reassembly, check all parts for proper installation and operation.
- 8. Route all cable and harness routing as shown on pages 1-21 through 1-29, Cable and Harness Routing.

MODEL IDENTIFICATION

'97-'98:





 The frame serial number is stamped on the right side of the steering head.



(2) The engine serial number is stamped on the right side of the crankcase below the rear cylinder.



(4) The carburetor identification numbers are stamped on the intake side of the carburetor body as shown.



(3) The Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) is located on the right side of the frame below the exhaust pipe.



(5) The color label is attached on the frame under the seat. When ordering color-coded parts, always specify the designated color code.

MODEL IDENTIFICATION

After '98:





 The frame serial number is stamped on the right side of the steering head.



(2) The engine serial number is stamped on the right side of the crankcase below the rear cylinder.



(4) The carburetor identification numbers are stamped on the fuel tube joint side of the carburetor body as shown.



(3) The Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) is located on the right side of the frame below the exhaust pipe.



(5) The color label is attached on the frame under the seat. When ordering color-coded parts, always specify the designated color code.

SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL

	ITEM		SPECIFICATIONS
DIMENSIONS	Overall length		2,310 mm (90.9 in)
	Overall width	'97-'98:	890 mm (35.0 in)
		After '98:	880 mm (34.6 in)
	Overall height	'97-'98:	1,125 mm (44.3 in)
	o totali trongiti	After '98:	1,120 mm (44,1 in)
	Wheelbase	'97-'98:	1,605 mm (63.2 in)
	1110010000	After '98:	1,600 mm (63.0 in)
	Seat height	'97-'98	690 mm (27.2 in)
	ovarticiant	After '98	650 mm (25.6 in)
	Footpeg beight	'97-'98	285 mm (11.2 in)
	i cotpog noight	After '98:	283 mm (11.1 in)
	Ground clearance	'97-'98	140 mm (5.5 in)
	Ground creatence	After '98-	135 mm (5.3 in)
	Decwaight	And bu.	
	VT600C		
	49 state/Canada type	'97-'98-	199 kg (439 lbs)
	49 state/Canada type	After '98-	205 kg (452 lbs)
	California type	'97-'98-	199 kg (439 lbs)
	California type	After '98-	206 kg (454 lbs)
	VTENOCD	Alter 50.	200 kg (404 103)
	49 state/Canada tuna	'07-'08·	202 kg (445 lbs)
	49 state/Canada type	After '98:	202 kg (440 lbs)
	49 state/canada type	'07 - '09-	203 kg (408 lbs)
	California type	After '09.	200 kg (440 l05)
	California type	Atter 98:	209 KB (401 IDS)
	VTEOOC		
	A9 state/Capada type	'97-'98-	213 kg (470 lbs)
	49 state/Canada type	After '98-	214 kg (472 lbs)
	California type	'97-'98-	214 kg (472 lbs)
	California type	After '08-	215 kg (472 lbs)
	VTEOOCD	Alter 50.	ziokg (474 lost
	49 state/Canada type	'97-'98·	216 kg (476 lbs)
	49 state/Canada type	After '98:	217 kg (478 lbs)
	California trop	'07-'0R	217 kg (478 lbs)
	California type	After 'OR	218 kg (481 lbs)
EDAME	Eramo tuno	Anter 50.	Double cradle
FRAME	Frante type		Telesconic fork
	Front subpartition		120 mm (4.7 in)
	Profit Wrieer Gaves		Swingerm
	Rear suspension		00 mm (2.5 in)
	Front tice size		100/00.19.575
	Pront tire size		100/90-19 5/5 170/90 16 M/C 77C
	Tics broad Ecost	107 - 109-	PRIDCECTONE LOOP / DUNI OP F24
	The brand Front	97-98.	DUNI OP E24
	Beer	Anter 98.	PRIDCECTONE CEAR / DUNI OR KEEE
	Hear	9/- 98:	BRIDGESTONE 0546 / DOINLOF K355
	Front basis	Attel, 99:	Hudraulia single dise brake
	Pront brake		Internal expanding char
	Hear brake		internal expanding shoe
	Caster angle	107 100	30 -
	I rail length	97-98:	104 mm (0.5 m)
		After .88:	10 mm (6.3 m)
	Fuel tank capacity		11.0 ¥ (2.91 US gal , 2.42 imp gal)
	Fuel tank reserve capacity		3.4 ¥ (0.90 US gal , 0.75 imp gal)

	ITEM	SPECIFICATIONS
ENGINE	Bore and stroke Displacement Compression ratio Valve train Intake valve opens at 1 mm lift '97-'98: Intake valve opens at 1 mm lift After '98: Intake valve closes at 1 mm lift '97-'98: Intake valve closes at 1 mm lift After '98: Exhaust valve opens at 1 mm lift After '98: Exhaust valve opens at 1 mm lift After '98: Exhaust valve closes at 1 mm lift After '98: Lubrication system Oil pump type Cooling system Air filtration Crankshaft type Engine dry weight	75.0 × 66.0 mm (2.95 × 2.60 in) 583 cm ³ (35.6 cu-in) 9.2 : 1 Silent, multi-link chain drive and OHC with rocker arm 10° BTDC 0° BTDC 30° ABDC 20° ABDC 30° BBDC 30° BBDC 10° ATDC 0° ATDC Forced pressure and wet sump Trochoid Liquid cooled Paper filter Unit type, two main journals
	V1600C '97: After '98: VT600CD Firing order Cylinder arrangement	61.0 kg (134.5 lbs) 62.0 kg (136.7 lbs) 64.0 kg (141.1 lbs) Front – 308° – Rear – 412° – Front Two cylinders, 52° V transverse
CARBURETOR	Cylinder number Carburetor type '97 – '98: After '98:	Front: # 2, Rear: # 1 CV (Constant Velocity) dual carburetor with fuel pump CV (Constant Velocity) single carburetor with accelerator pump 24 mm (1.3 in)
DRIVE TRAIN	Clutch system Clutch operation system Transmission Primary reduction Final reduction Gear ratio 1st	Multi-plate, wet Mechanical type Constant mesh, 4-speed 1.888 (36/68) 2.750 (44/16) 2.571 (36/14)
	2nd 3rd 4th Gearshift pattern	1.700 (34/20) 1.227 (27/22) 0.931 (27/29) Left foot operated return system, 1-N-2-3-4
ELECTRICAL	Ignition system Starting system Charging system Regulator/rectifier Lighting system	Full transistor digital ignition Electric starter motor Triple phase output alternator SCR shorted/triple phase, full wave rectification Battery

Unit: mm (in)

ITEM		STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Engine oil capacity	At draining	2.1 8 (2.2 US qt , 1.8 Imp qt)	
	At disassembly	2.8 \$ (3.0 US qt , 2.5 Imp qt)	
	At oil filter change	2.25 & (2.38 US gt , 1.98 Imp gt)	
Recommended engine oil		HONDA GN4 or HP4 4-stroke oil or equivalent motor oil API service classification SF or SG Viscosity: SAE 10W-40	
Oil pressure at oil pressure switch		441 kPa (4.5 kgf/cm ² , 64 psi) at 6,000 rpm (80 °C/176 °F)	
Oil pump rotor	Tip clearance	0.15 (0.006)	0.20 (0.008)
	Body clearance	0.15-0.22 (0.006-0.009)	0.35 (0.014)
	Side clearance	0.02-0.07 (0.001-0.003)	0.10 (0.004)

TOLE STOLE	ITEM		SPECIFICATIONS	
	IT EM		49 state/Canada type	California type
Carburetor identification number '97 - '98 After '98		VDFDA	VDFEA	
		After '98	VE5AC	VE5AB
Main jet '97 - '98 After '98		# 115		
		After '98	# 125	
Slow jet		'97-'98	# 40	
		After '98	# 45	
Pilot screw	Initial/openin	9	See page 5-30	
	Hight altitude	adjustment	See page 5-37	
Float level		'97-'98	7.0 mm (0.28 in)	
		After '98	18.5 mm (0.73 in)	
Base carburetor (for s	vnchronization, '97-'98	models)	Rear cylinder (# 1)	
Idle speed		1,200 ± 100 rpm		
Throttle grip free play		2-6 mm (1/12-1/4 in)		
Fuel pump flow cap	acity ('97 - '98 models	s)	Minimum 800 cm ³ (27.1 US oz , 28.2 lmp oz) per minute at 13	

COOLING SYSTEM		SPECIFICATIONS		
Coolant capacity Radiator and engine		1.6 & (1.7 US qt , 1.4 Imp qt)		
Service and Provide	Reserve tank	0.4 £ (0.4 US qt , 0.4 imp qt)		
Radiator can relief pressure		88-127 kPa (0.9-1.3 kgf/cm ² , 12.8-18 psi)		
Thermostat	Begin to open	80-84 °C (176-183 °F)		
	Fully open	95 °C (203 °F)		
	Valve lift	8 mm (0.3 in) minimum		
Standard coolant con	centration	50 % mixture with soft water		

ITEM		STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Clutch lever free play		10-20 (3/8-3/4)	
Clutch spring free length		43.2 (1.70)	41.6 (1.64)
Clutch disc thickness	A	2.92-3.08 (0.115-0.121)	2.6 (0.10)
	B	2.92-3.08 (0.115-0.121)	2.6 (0.10)
Clutch plate warpage		and the second se	0.30 (0.012)
Clutch outer guide	1.D.	21.991-22.016 (0.8658-0.8668)	22.09 (0.870)
	O.D.	31.959-31.975 (1.2582-1.2589)	31.98 (1.259)
Clutch outer I.D.		32.000-32.025 (1.2598-1.2608)	32.10 (1.264)
Oil pump drive sprocket I.D.		32.000-32.025 (1.2598-1.2608)	32.10 (1.264)
Mainshaft O.D. at clutch outer guide		21.967-21.980 (0.8648-0.8654)	21.92 (0.863)

- ALTERNATOR/CT	ADTED CITITCH -		Unit: mm (in)
ITEM		STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Starter driven gear	I.D.	37.000-37.025 (1.4567-1.4577)	37.10 (1.461)
	O.D.	57.749-57.768 (2.2736-2.2743)	57.73 (2.273)
Starter clutch outer I.D.		74.414-74.440 (2.9297-2.9307)	74.46 (2.931)

Unit: mm (in)

CTLINDER	ITEM			STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Cylinder compression				1,324 ± 98 kPa (13.5 ± 1.0 kgf/cm ² , 192 ± 14 psi) at 400 rpm	
Cylinder head w	arpage				0.10 (0.004)
Valve.	Valve clearance	Valve clearance		0.15 (0.006)	
valve guide			EX	0.20 (0.008)	
and Barne	Valve stem O.D.	1	IN	5.475-5.490 (0.2156-0.2161)	5.45 (0.215)
			EX	6.555-6.570 (0.2581-0.2587)	6.55 (0.258)
	Valve guide I.D.		IN	5.500-5.512 (0.2165-0.2170)	5.56 (0.219)
	Tarre games me.		EX	6.600-6.615 (0.2598-0.2604)	6.65 (0.262)
	Stem-to-quide clearance	IN	0.010-0.037 (0.0004-0.0015)	0.10 (0.004)	
	Stoff to genes closed		EX	0.030-0.060 (0.0012-0.0024)	0.11 (0.004)
	Valve guide projection above cylinder head		IN	19.4-19.6 (0.76-0.77)	
			EX	17.9-18.1 (0.70-0.71)	
	Valve seat width		IN/EX	0.90-1.10 (0.035-0.043)	1.5 (0.06)
Valve spring	Inner II		IN	38,11 (1.500)	36.47 (1.436)
free length			EX	38.81 (1.528)	37.51 (1.477)
ince ionger	Outer		IN	42.14 (1.659)	40.58 (1.598)
			EX	42.83 (1.686)	41.25 (1.624)
Camshaft	Cam John IN	IN	'97-'98	37.930 (1.4933)	37.73 (1.485)
Cambrian	height		After '98	37.188-37.348 (1.4641-1.4704)	37.16 (1.463)
	norgin	EX	'97-'98	37,950 (1,4941)	37.75 (1.486)
		1000	After '98	37,605-37,765 (1.4805-1.4868)	37.58 (1.480)
	Journal O.D.			21.959-21.980 (0.8645-0.8654)	21.90 (0.862)
	Bupput			0.030 (0.0012)	0.05 (0.002)
	Oil clearance			0.050-0.111 (0.0020-0.0044)	0.13 (0.005)
	Identification marks			"F": Front, "R": Rear	
Rocker arm I D			IN/EX	12.000-12.018 (0.4724-0.4731)	12.05 (0.474)
Bocker arm sha	ft O.D.		IN/EX	11.966-11.984 (0.4711-0.4718)	11.91 (0.469)
Rocker arm.to.	rocker arm shaft cla	arance		0.016-0.052 (0.0006-0.0020)	0.07 (0.003)

CYLINDER	/PISTON		CTANDADD	Unit: mm
	ITEM		STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Cylinder	1.D.		75.000-75.015 (2.9528-2.9533)	75.10 (2.957)
	Out of round			0.06 (0.002)
	Taper			0.06 (0.002)
- 11a	Warpage			0.10 (0.004)
Piston, piston	Piston mark direction		"IN" mark facing toward the intake side	
rings	Piston O.D.		74.965-74.990 (2.9514-2.9524)	74.90 (2.949)
	Piston O.D. measurement point		10 mm (0.4 in) from bottom of skirt	1
	Piston pin bore I.D.		18.002-18.008 (0.7087-0.7090)	18.05 (0.711)
	Piston pin O.D.		17.994-18.000 (0.7084-0.7087)	17.98 (0.708)
	Piston-to-piston pin clearance		0.002-0.014 (0.0001-0.0006)	0.04 (0.002)
	Piston ring-to-ring groove clearance Piston ring end gap	Тор	0.015-0.045 (0.0006-0.0018)	0.10 (0.004)
		Second	0.015-0.045 (0.0006-0.0018)	0.10 (0.004)
		Тор	0.10-0.30 (0.004-0.012)	0.5 (0.02)
		Second	0.10-0.30 (0.004-0.012)	0.5 (0.02)
		Oil (side rail)	0.20-0.70 (0.008-0.028)	0.9 (0.04)
	Piston ring mark Top/second		"N" mark	
Cylinder-to-pisto	on clearance		0.010-0.050 (0.0004-0.0020)	0.10 (0.004)
Connecting rod :	small end I.D.		18.016-18.034 (0.7093-0.7100)	18.07 (0.711)
Connecting rod-	to-piston pin clearance		0.016-0.040 (0.0006-0.0016)	0.06 (0.002)

- CRANKSHAFT/TRANSMISSION Unit: mm					
ITEM			STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT	
Crankshaft	Side clearance		0.05-0.20 (0.002-0.008)	0.30 (0.012)	
	Runout			0.05 (0.002)	
	Crank pin oil cleara	Ince	0.028-0.052 (0.0011-0.0020)	0.07 (0.003)	
	Main journal oil cle	arance	0.025-0.041 (0.0010-0.0016)	0.06 (0.002)	
Transmission	Gear I.D.	M2, M4, C3	28.000-28.021 (1.1024-1.1032)	28.04 (1.104)	
	100.0201000	C1	24.000-24.021 (0.9449-0.9457)	24.94 (0.982)	
	Bushing O.D.	M2, M4, C3	27.959-27.980 (1.1007-1.1016)	27.94 (1.100)	
		C1	23.959-23.980 (0.9433-0.9441)	23.94 (0.943)	
	Bushing I.D.	M2	25.000-25.021 (0.9843-0.9851)	25.04 (0.986)	
		C1	20.016-20.037 (0.7880-0.7889)	20.06 (0.790)	
	Gear-to-bushing clearance	M2, M4	0.020-0.062 (0.0008-0.0024)	0.10 (0.004)	
		C1, C3	0.020-0.062 (0.0008-0.0024)	0.10 (0.004)	
	Mainshaft O.D.	M2 bushing	24.959-24.980 (0.9826-0.9835)	24.94 (0.982)	
	Countershaft O.D.	C1 bushing	19.980-19.993 (0.7866-0.7871)	19.96 (0.786)	
	Bushing-to-shaft	M2	0.020-0.062 (0.0008-0.0024)	0.10 (0.004)	
	clearance	C1	0.023-0.057 (0.0009-0.0022)	0.10 (0.004)	
hift fork, fork	Fork	1.D.	13.000-13.018 (0.5118-0.5125)	13.04 (0.513)	
haft		Claw thickness	5.93-6.00 (0.233-0.236)	5.6 (0.22)	
25/22	Fork shaft O.D.		12.966-12.984 (0.5105-0.5112)	12.90 (0.508)	
Shift drum O.D.	at the left side journal	0	11.966-11.984 (0.4711-0.4718)	11.94 (0.470)	

- FRONT WHEEL	SUSPENSION/STEERING -	Unit: mm			
THOM THILL	ITEM	STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT		
Minimum tire tread depth			1.5 (0.06)		
Cold tire pressure	Up to 90 kg (200 lb) load	200 kPa (2.00 kgf/cm ² , 29 psi)			
	Up to maximum weight capacity	200 kPa (2.00 kgf/cm ³ , 29 psi)			
Axle runout			0.20 (0.008)		
Wheel rim runout Radial			2.0 (0.08)		
	Axial		2.0 (0.08)		
Wheel hub-to-rim d	istance	32.3 ± 0.8 (1.27 ± 0.03)			
Wheel balance weight	aht	Max 70 g (2.5 oz)			
Fork	Spring free length	333.9 (13.15)	327.2 (12.88)		
	Spring direction	Tightly wound coils should be at the top			
2	Tube runout		0.20 (0.008)		
2	Recommended fork fluid	Pro-Honda Suspension Fluid SS-8			
2	Fluid level	111 (4.4)			
	Fluid capacity	449 ± 0.25 cm ³ (15.2 ± 0.02 US oz, 15.8 ± 0.09 lmp oz)			
Steering head bear	ing preload	0.9-1.4 kgf (2.0 - 3.1 lbf)			

DEAD WUE	UPDAKE (CLICDENCION		Unit: mm (in)	
REAR WHEE	ITEM	STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT	
Minimum tire trea	d depth		2.0 (0.08)	
Cold tire pressure	Up to 90 kg (200 lb) load	200 kPa (2.00 kgf/cm ² , 29 psi)		
	Up to maximum weight capacity	250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm ² , 36 psi)		
Axle runout			0.20 (0.008)	
Wheel rim runout	Radial		2.0 (0.08)	
	Axial		2.0 (0.08)	
Wheel hub-to-rim	distance	32.3 ± 0.8 (1.27 ± 0.03)		
Wheel balance we	ight	Max 70 g (2.5 oz)		
Drive chain link		120L		>
Drive chain slack		20-30 (3/4-1-1/4)	50 (2.0)	Ň
Drive chain size	DID	525 V8		z
1011/320023.004-94023 1	RK	525 SM5		
Rear brake	Drum I.D.	160.0-160.3 (6.30-6.31)	161 (6.3)	
	Lining thickness	5 (0.2)	2 (0.1)	
Brake pedal free p	lay	20-30 (3/4-1-1/4)		
Shock absorber sp	pring preload adjuster setting	2nd position		

		Unit: mm (in)
ITEM	STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Specified brake fluid	DOT 4	
Brake pad wear indicator		To groove
Brake disc thickness	5.0 (0.20)	4.0 (0.16)
Brake disc runout		0.30 (0.012)
Master cylinder I.D.	11.000-11.043 (0.4331-0.4348)	11.05 (0.435)
Master piston O.D.	10.957-10.984 (0.4314-0.4324)	10.945 (0.4309)
Caliper cylinder I.D.	27.000-27.050 (1.0630-1.0650)	27.06 (1.065)
Caliper piston O.D.	26.935-26.968 (1.0604-1.0617)	26.93 (1.060)

12V-8 AH 1.3 mA max. 13.0 - 13.2 V Below 12.3 V 0.8 A/10 h 4.0 A/1 h max
1
1

IGNITION	ITEM		SPECIFI	ICATIONS	
Spark plug	Standard		DPR8EA-9 (NGK)	X24EPR-U9 (DENSO)	
	For cold climate	(below 5 °C/41 °F)	DPR7EA-9 (NGK)	X22EPR-U9 (DENSO)	
	For extended hi	igh speed riding	DPR9EA-9 (NGK)	X27EPR-U9 (DENSO)	
Spark plug gap		0.80-0.90 mm (0.031-0.035 in)			
Ignition coil primary peak voltage			100 V minimum		
Ignition pulse g	enerator peak voltage	1	0.7 V minimum		
Ignition timing	"F" mark		6.5° BTDC at idle		
Advance	Start	'97-'98	2,000 ± 200 rpm		
	After '98		1,800 ± 200 rpm		
Stop			6,000 ±	200 rpm	
Full advance			BTI	DC 30°	

		Unit: mm (in)
ELECTRIC STARTER	STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Starter motor brush length	12.5 (0.49)	6.5 (0.26)

LIGHT5/W	IE I ERS/SW	IICHE	.5	SPECIFICATIONS	
Bulbs	Headlight	(High/lo	w beam)	12V-60/55W	
	Brake/tail	light		12V-32/3CP × 2	
	Front turr	n signal/r	unning light	12V-21/5W × 2	
	Rear turn	signal li	ght	12V-21W × 2	
	License li	aht		12V-4CP	
	Instrume	nt light		12V-3.4W	
	Turn sign	al indica	tor	12V-1.7W	
	High bear	m indica	tor	12V-1.7W	
	Neutral in	ndicator		12V-1.7W	
Fuse	Main fuse	8		30A	
	Sub fuse		Company and the second s	10A × 3, 15A × 1	
Fuel pump flow	capacity (min./	minute)	('97-'98 models)	800 cm3 (27.1 US oz , 28.2 lmp oz)	
Fan motor	Start to c	lose (ON)	98 - 102°C (208 - 216°F)	-
switch	Start to o	pen (OFI	F)	93 - 97°C (199 - 207°F)	
Thermosensor i	resistance ('97 -	(00)	50 °C/122 °F	130 – 180 Q	_
			80 °C/176 °F	45 - 60 Q	
			120 °C/248 °F	10 − 20 Q	
Thermo switch	(After '00)	Start to	close (ON)	112 - 118°C (259 - 270°F)	-
	2452 35	Start to	open (OFF)	Below 108°C (252°F)	

TORQUE VALUES

FASTENER TYPE	TORQUE N·m (kgf·m, lbf-ft)	FASTENER TYPE	TORQUE N·m (kgf·m, lbf·ft)
5 mm hex bolt and nut	5 (0.5, 3.6)	5 mm screw	4 (0.4, 2.9)
6 mm hex bolt and nut	10 (1.0, 7)	6 mm screw	9 (0.9, 6.5)
8 mm hex bolt and nut	22 (2.2, 16)	6 mm flange bolt (8 mm head)	9 (0.9, 6.5)
10 mm hex bolt and nut 12 mm hex bolt and nut	35 (3.5, 25) 54 (5.5, 40)	6 mm flange bolt (10 mm head) and put	12 (1.2, 9)
		8 mm flange bolt and nut 10 mm flange bolt and nut	26 (2.7, 20) 39 (4.0, 29)
			12.0194357.1857

· Torque specifications listed below are for important fasteners.

· Others should be tightened to standard torque values listed above.

NOTES: 1. Apply sealant to the threads.

- 2. Apply a locking agent to the threads.
- 3. Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the threads and flange surface.
- 4. Apply grease to the threads.
- 5. Stake.
- 6. Apply oil to the threads and flange surface.
- 7. Apply clean engine oil to the O-ring.
- 8. U-nut.
- 9. ALOC bolt: replace with a new one.

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ENGINE			1.		
ITEM		Q'TY	THREAD DIA. (mm)	TORQUE N·m (kgf·m, lbf·ft)	REMARKS
MAINTENANCE:					
Spark plug		4	12	14 (1.4, 10)	
Crankshaft hole cap		1	30	15 (1.5, 11)	NOTE 3
Timing hole cap		1	22	15 (1.5, 11)	NOTE 3
Valve adjust cover		8	6	12 (1.2,9)	Construction of the second
Valve adjusting screw lock nut		6	7	23 (2.3, 17)	NOTE 6
Drain bolt	'97-'98:	1	14	34 (3.5, 25)	1.1411100210-040404
	After '98:		535.25	30 (3.1, 22)	
Oil filter cartridge	1022230000000000	1	20	10(1.0,7)	NOTE 2
Vacuum plug ('97-'98)		2	5	3 (0.33, 2.4)	
LUBRICATION SYSTEM:	121 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2		0.000.000	and a straight of the	Second access
Oil pressure switch	'97-'98:	1	PT1/8	10(1.0,7)	NOTE 1
	After '98:			12 (1.2,9)	1
Oil pressure switch cord	-20101040238	1	4	2 (0.23, 1.7)	
Oil pump driven sprocket bolt		1	6	15 (1.5, 11)	NOTE 2
Oil pump cover bolt (After '98)		3	6	13 (1.3,9)	
ENGINE MOUNTING:				1.022343203	
Drive sprocket plate bolt		2	10	10(1.0,7)	
CLUTCH/GEARSHIFT LINKAGE:		1000			
Right crankcase cover bolt		13	6	12 (1.2, 9)	
Clutch cable holder bolt		1	6	12 (1.2, 9)	
Clutch lifter plate bolt		4	6	12 (1.2, 9)	Constanting in
Clutch center lock nut	'97-'98:	1	18	127 (13.0, 94)	NOTE 5
	After '98:			128 (13.1, 95)	
Primary drive gear bolt		1	12	88 (9.0, 65)	NOTE 6
Gearshift cam plate bolt		1	8	12 (1.2, 9)	NOTE 2
Left rear cover bolt		1	6	12 (1.2.9)	
Gearshift return spring pin		1	8	23 (2.3, 17)	

ITEM		Q'TY	THREAD DIA. (mm)	TORQUE N-m (kgf·m, lbf·ft)	REMARKS
ALTERNATOR/STARTER CLUTCH:					
Left crankcase cover bolt		10	6	12(1.2,9)	
Flywheel bolt	'97'98; After '98;	1	12	127 (13.0,94) 128 (13.1,95)	NOTE 6
Stator mounting socket bolt		4	6	12 (1.2,9)	NOTE 2
Starter one-way clutch socket bolt	'97'98: After '98:	6	8	29 (3.0 , 22) 30 (3.1 , 22)	NOTE 2
Alternator cord clamper		2	6	12(1.2,9)	NOTE 2
Ignition pulse generator bolt CYLINDER HEAD:		4	6	12 (1.2 , 9)	NOTE 2
Cylinder head cover bolt		4	6	10 (1.0,7)	
Cam sprocket bolt		4	7	23 (2.3, 17)	NOTE 2
Camshaft holder 8 mm bolt		6	8	23 (2.3, 17)	
B mm nut	10020300	4	8	23 (2.3, 17)	
Camshaft end holder bolt	'97'98: After '98:	4	6	9 (0.9 , 6.5) 10 (1.0 , 7)	
Cam chain tensioner mounting bolt	-17628 or 2 Mil	4	6	10 (1.0,7)	NOTE 2
Cylinder head 8 mm bolt		4	8	23 (2.3, 17)	NOTE 6
6 mm bolt		2	6	12 (1.2,9)	NOTE 6
10 mm nut CRANKSHAFT/TRANSMISSION:		8	10	47 (4.8 , 35)	NOTE 6
Mainshaft bearing set plate bolt ('97-'	98)	1	6	12 (1.2 9)	NOTE 2
Countershaft bearing set plate bolt ('97	-'98)	3	6	9 (0.9 , 6.5)	NOTE 2
Bearing set plate bolt (After '98)		4	6	12 (1.2.9)	NOTE 2
Cam chain tensioner set plate bolt		2	6	12 (1.2,9)	NOTE 2
Crankcase 8 mm bolt		13	8	23 (2.3, 17)	0.000300.00
6 mm bolt	'97 – '98; After '98;	7	6	9 (0.9 , 6.5) 12 (1.2 , 9)	
Connecting rod bearing nut		4	8	33 (3.4, 25)	NOTE 6
Neutral switch ELECTRIC STARTER:		1	10	12 (1.2 , 9)	NOTE 1
Starter motor cable nut		1	6	10 (1.0,7)	10

FRAME

ITEM		ΩΎΤΥ	THREAD DIA. (mm)	TORQUE N-m (kgf-m, lbf-ft)	REMARKS
FRAME/BODY PANELS/EXHAUST SYSTEM:					
Exhaust pipe joint nut		4	8	25 (2.5, 18)	
Exhaust cover bolt		3	6	12 (1.2, 9)	
Muffler bracket mounting bolt		1	8	20 (2.0, 14)	
nut		4	8	20 (2.0, 14)	
Sub-frame mounting bolt		2	6	12 (1.2,9)	
nut		2	6	12 (1.2, 9)	
MAINTENANCE:					
Side stand pivot bolt		1	10	10 (1.0,7)	
nut	'97-'98:	1	10	29 (3.0 , 22)	
	After '98:		1.110	30 (3.1, 22)	
FUEL SYSTEM:					
Air cleaner housing cover bolt		1	6	10 (1.0,7)	
Air cleaner housing mounting bolt		2	6	12 (1.2,9)	
Fuel valve nut	97-'98:	1	22	23 (2.3 , 17)	
	After '98:		1 7-55 V	35 (3.6, 26)	
Fuel valve lever screw	142302 (000 SEC)	1	5	4 (0.4 , 2.9)	
Fuel tank mounting bolt		1	8	19 (1.9 , 14)	
Throttle link cover screw		1	4	2 (0.21, 1.5)	

ITEM		Q'TY	THREAD DIA. (mm)	TORQUE N-m (kgf-m, lbf-ft)	REMARKS
COOLING SYSTEM					
Radiator mounting bolt		1	6	9/09 6.5)	
Radiator grille mounting screw		1	e e	9/09 65)	
Thermostat bracket holt		1	e e	10/10 7	
Thermostat bousing cover bolt		2	6	10(1.0.7)	
Thermoseneor	'07 '00·	1	PT 1/9	10/1.0.7)	NOTE 1
Thermo switch	After '00:		PT 1/9	8/08 59)	NOTE 1
Water hose hand ecrew	Alter VV.		FT 1/0	7 (0 7 5 1)	NOTE
Fan motor pultch			10	10 (1.0 12)	NOTE 1
ENGINE MOUNTING		- C	10	10(1.0, 13)	NOTET
Eront angles mounting helt (upper)	107 100-		10	FAIF E 101	
Front engine mounting boit (upper)	97-98:	1.:	10	54 (5.5,40)	
(1	After 98:		**	55 (5.6, 41)	
(lower)	97-98:	1	10	54 (5.5, 40)	
	Atter '98:	23	1927	55 (5.6, 41)	
Rear engine mounting bolt	'97-'98;	1	10	54 (5.5, 40)	
	After '98:		12200	55 (5.6, 41)	
Engine bracket bolt (front)	'97-'98;	4	8	26 (2.7, 20)	
	After '98:			27 (2.8, 20)	
(rear)	'97-'98:	2	8	26 (2.7, 20)	
22 (15:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00 10:00	After '98:		1 34 1	27 (2.8, 20)	1
Gearshift pedal pinch bolt	1	1	6	12 (1.2,9)	
Footpeg bracket bolt	20.00	4	10	39 (4.0, 29)	
FRONT WHEEL/SUSPENSION/STEERING	G:		1.000		
Steering stem nut	6.000	1	24	103 (10.5 , 76)	See page 13-40
Top thread A		1	26		100000
Top thread B		1	26		
Fork top bridge pinch bolt		2	7	11 (1.1,8)	
Fork bottom bridge pinch bolt		2	10	49 (5.0, 36)	
Handlebar upper holder		4	8	29 (3.0, 22)	
Handlebar lower holder		2	8	23 (2.3, 17)	
Handlebar switch screw		4	5	4(0.4,2.9)	
Front axle		1	18	74 (7.5.54)	
Front axle pinch bolt		2	7	22 (2.2.16)	
Front brake disc mounting bolt	'97-'98:	5	8	39 (4.0 . 29)	NOTE 9
	After '98:			42 (4.3.31)	110000
Fork cap		2	34	23 (2.3, 17)	
Fork socket bolt		2	10	29 (3.0 22)	NOTE 2
Spoke		56	4	4/0.4.2.9)	inore e
REAR WHEEL /RRAKE/SUSPENSION		00	1.1	4 (0.4 ; 2.0)	
Rear axie nut		1	16	99 (9 0 65)	NOTE 8
Driven sprocket put		5	10	64 (6 5 47)	NOTE 8
Rear shock absorber mounting out (up	nari	1	10	44 (4 5 22)	NOILO
field anook abaorber mounting nut tup	port		10	AA (A E 22)	
Swingerm nivet out	war/		14	44 (4,5,33) 00 (0 0 6E)	
Rear brake stopper arm holt	107-100	2		22 (2 2 48)	
riear orake stopper ann boit	After 100		0	22 (2.2, 10)	
Poor broke arm pipelt both	Anter 98:			21 (2,1,15)	
near brake arm pinch bolt	97-98:	2	8	26 (2.7, 20)	
One has been as in the second second second	After 98:	1.20		21 (2.1, 15)	
Rear brake middle rod joint bolt		2	6	9 (0.9 , 6.5)	
Spoke		52	4	4 (0.4 , 2.9)	

ITEM	QTTY	THREAD DIA. (mm)	TORQUE N-m (kgf-m, lbf-ft)	REMARKS
HYDRAULIC BRAKE:				
Brake caliper mounting bolt	2	8	30 (3.1, 22)	NOTE 9
Caliper pin bolt	1	8	23 (2.3, 17)	
Bracket pin bolt	1	8	13 (1.3,9)	
Pad pin	1	10	18 (1.8, 13)	
Pad pin plug	1	10	2 (0.25, 1.8)	
Brake caliper bleeder	1	8	6 (0.65 , 4.7)	
Brake lever pivot bolt	1	6	1 (0.1, 0.7)	
Brake lever pivot nut	1	6	6 (0.6 , 4.3)	
Master cylinder holder bolt	2	6	12 (1.2,9)	
Master cylinder cover screw	2	4	1 (0.15, 1.1)	
Front brake light switch screw	1	4	1 (0.12, 0.9)	
Brake hose oil bolt	2	10	34 (3.5, 25)	
LIGHTS/METERS/SWITCHES:	- I.			202010-000
Side stand switch mounting bolt	1	6	9 (0.9 , 6.5)	NOTE 9
OTHER FASTENERS:				
Fuel pump stay mounting nut ('97 - '98) /				
Turn signal relay stay mounting nut (After '98)	1	6	9 (0.9, 6.5)	

TOOLS

NOTES: 1. Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

2. Not available in U.S.A.

3. Alternative tool.

4. Newly provided tool.

DESCRIPTION	TOOL NUMBER	REMARKS	REF. SEC.
Carburetor float level gauge	07401-0010000		5
Pilot screw wrench	07LMA-MT8010A		29.22
	with		
	07PMA-MZ2011A	TRANSPORTED TO A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY O	
Vacuum gauge	07404-0030000	NOTE 3: 07LMJ-001000A	4
Oil pressure gauge	07506-3000000	NOTE 1	4
Oil pressure gauge attachment	07510-4220100	NOTE 1	4
Lock nut wrench 17 × 27 mm	07716-0020300	NOTE 1	8
Gear holder	07724-0010100	CONTRACTOR CARE & CONTRACT MATCHINE CONTRACTOR	8
Rotor puller	07733-0020001	NOTE 3: 07933-3290001	9
Valve guide driver, 5.5 mm	07742-0010100	Construction in the advances of the second state of the	10
Valve guide driver, 6.6 mm	07742-0010200	NOTE 2: 07942-6570100	10
Attachment, 32 × 35 mm	07746-0010100		14
Attachment, 42 × 47 mm	07746-0010300		12, 13, 14
Attachment, 52 × 55 mm	07746-0010400		12, 13
Pilot, 15 mm	07746-0040300		14
Pilot, 17 mm	07746-0040400		14
Pilot, 20 mm	07746-0040500		12, 13
Pilot, 22 mm	07746-0041000		12, 14
Pilot, 25 mm	07746-0040600		12
Bearing remover shaft	07746-0050100		13, 14
Bearing remover head, 17 mm	07746-0050500		14
Bearing remover head, 20 mm	07746-0050600		13
Attachment, 28 × 30 mm	07946-1870100		14
Driver	07749-0010000		12, 13, 14
Main bearing driver attachment	07HMF-MM90400		12
Valve spring compressor	07757-0010000	NOTE 3: 07957-3290001	10

DESCRIPTION	TOOL NUMBER	REMARKS	REF. SEC.
Valve seat cutter		NOTE 1	10
Seat cutter, 27.5 mm (45° IN)	07780-0010200		
Seat cutter, 35 mm (45° EX)	07780-0010400		
Flat cutter, 28 mm (32° IN)	07780-0012100		
Flat cutter, 35 mm (32° EX)	07780-0012300		
Interior cutter, 30 mm (60° IN)	07780-0014000		
Interior cutter, 37.5 mm (60° EX)	07780-0014100		
Cutter holder, 5.5 mm	07781-0010101		
Cutter holder, 6.6 mm	07781-0010201		
Valve adjusting wrench	07908-KE90000	NOTE 2: 07908-KE90100	5
Snap ring pliers	07914-3230001	NOTE 1	2, 14, 15
Steering stem socket	07916-3710101		13
Clutch center holder	07JMBMN50301	NOTE 3: 07HGB-001010A or 07HGB-001010B and 07HGB-001020A 07HGB-001020B	8
Bottom holder pipe	07930-KA50000	NOTE 2	13
 Holder attachment 	07930-KA50100	NOTE L	510
- Holder handle	07930-KA40200	NOTE 2	
Bearing remover set	07936-3710001	NOTE 2	12
- Remover handle	07936-3710100		
 Bearing remover set 	07936-3710600		
- Remover weight	07741-0010201	NOTE 3: 07936-3710200	
Flywheel holder	07725-0040000	NOTE 1	
Valve guide driver attachment (IN)	07943-ME50100	HOLET	10
(EX)	07943-ME50200		10
Bearing race remover	07946-3710500		13
Driver shaft set	07946-KA50000		14
Steering stem driver	07946-MB00000		13
Driver shaft	07946-MJ00100		14
Fork seal driver, 39 mm	07947-4630100		13
Ball race remover	07953 - MJ10000	NOTE 2: 07953 – MJ1000A or 07953 – MJ1000B and 07949 – 3710001 or 07746 – 0010100	13
 Driver attachment 	07953-MJ10100	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	
 Driver handle 	07953-MJ10200		
Valve guide reamer, 5.5 mm (IN)	07984-2000001	NOTE 3: 07984-200000D	10
Valve guide reamer, 6.6 mm (EX)	07984-ZE20001	NOTE 3: 07984-ZE2000D	10
Oil filter wrench	07HAA-PJ70100		2
Peak voltage adapter	07HGJ-0020100		17
Main bearing driver attachment	07HMF-MM90400		12
Drive chain cutter	07HMH-MR10103	NOTE 3: 07HMH-MR1010B	3
Spoke wrench	07JMA-MR60100	NOTE 2	14
Vacuum/Pressure pump	A937X-041-XXXXX	NOTE 3: ST-AH-255-MC7	5
		ST-AH-260-MC7	

LUBRICATION & SEAL POINTS

ENGINE		
LOCATION	MATERIAL	REMARKS
Camshaft lobes/journals Valve stem (valve guide sliding surface) Rocker arm slipper surface Rocker arm shaft sliding surface Connecting rod bearing surface Crankshaft journals Clutch outer guide outer surface Crankshaft hole cap threads Timing hole cap threads C2, M3 shifter gear (shift fork grooves) Transmission collars inner and outer surface Transmission spline collars outer surface Connecting rod small end inner surface	Molybdenum disul- fide oil (a mixture of 1/2 engine oil and 1/2 molybdenum disul- fide grease	
Piston outer surface Piston ring outer surface Piston pin outer surface Primary drive gear bolt threads and seating surface Flywheel bolt threads and seating surface Starter reduction gear shaft outer surface Clutch disc outer surface Clutch center lock nut Cylinder stud bolt threads Cylinder head 8 × 187 mm mounting bolt threads Valve adjusting screw threads and seating surface Connecting rod bolt/nut threads and seating surface Cylinder head mounting bolt seating surface Each bearing rolling area	Engine oil	
Each oil seal lip	Multi-purpose grease	
Oil pressure switch threads 3-4 mm (0.12-0.16 in)	Sealant	
Right and left crankcase mating surface		
Fan motor switch threads Thermosensor threads ('97–'00) Thermo switch (Aftre '00)		

LOCATION	MATERIAL	REMARKS
R. crankcase cover mating surface (After '98) L. crankcase cover mating surface (After '98) Fan motor switch threads	Sealant	See page (8-21, 9-10)
Cam sprocket bolt threads Starter one-way clutch bolt threads Oil pomp driven sprocket bolt threads Alternator cord clamper bolt threads Gearshift cam plate bolt threads Transmission bearing set plate bolt threads Countershaft oil seal set plate bolt threads Cam chain tensioner set plate bolt threads Stator mounting bolt threads Oil filter boss crankcase inside threads Ignition pulse generator bolt threads Left crankcase cover bolt threads (marked " Δ ")	Locking agent	Coating width: 6.5 ± 1 mm

LOCATION	MATERIAL	REMARKS
Steering head bearing sliding surface Steering head dust seal lips Swingarm pivot bearing and dust seal lips Wheel dust seal lips Rear wheel axle sliding surface Side stand pivot sliding area Main and pillion footpeg sliding area Throttle pipe inner sliding surface Throttle pipe rolled up portion Clutch lever pivot bolt sliding surface Rear brake middle arm sliding area Rear brake pivot collar sliding area Brake pedal dust seal rubber Gearshift pedal dust seal rubber	Multi-purpose grease	Spreading 1.0 g Spreading 1.0 - 2.0 g Spreading 0.2 - 0.3 g
Wheel axle distance collar Swingarm pivot distance collar Steering top threads Steering bottom bridge threads and seating surface Crankcase breather tube entry end	Engine oil	
Brake master cylinder cups Brake master piston Brake caliper piston seals Brake caliper dust seals	DOT 4 brake fluid	
Brake lever pivot and piston tips Brake caliper slide pin surface	Silicone grease	
Final driven flange bolt threads Fork socket bolt threads	Locking agent	
Handle grip rubber inside	Honda Bond A or Honda Hand Grip Cement (U.S.A. only)	
Front fork cap O-ring Front fork oil seal lips Front fork spring Front fork rebound spring	Pro-Honda Suspen- sion Fluid SS-8	
Each cable inside	Cable lubricant	
Drive chain	Pro Honda Chain Lube or equivalent	

CABLE & HARNESS ROUTING



















EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (CALIFORNIA TYPE ONLY)

NOTE:

The hoses shown below are numbered as they appear on the Vacuum Hose Routing Diagram Label.





EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEMS

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and California Air Resources Board (CARB) require manufacturers to certify that their motorcycles comply with applicable exhaust emissions standards during their useful life, when operated and maintained according to the instructions provided, and that motorcycles built after January 1,1983 comply with applicable noise emission standards for one year or 6,000 km (3,730 miles) after the time of sale to the ultimate purchaser, when operated and maintained according to the instructions provided. Compliance with the terms of the Distributor's Limited Warranty for Honda Motorcycle Emission Control Systems is necessary in order to keep the emissions system warranty in effect.

SOURCE OF EMISSIONS

The combustion process produces carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons control of hydrocarbons is very important because, under certain conditions, they react to form photochemical smog when subjected to sunlight. Carbon monoxide does not react in the same way, but it is toxic.

Honda Motor Co., Ltd. utilizes lean carburetor settings as well as other systems, to reduce carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons.

EXHAUST EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

The exhaust emission control system is composed of a lean carburetor setting, and no adjustments should be made except idle speed adjustment with the throttle stop screw. The exhaust emission control system is separate from the crankcase emission control system.

CRANKCASE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

The engine is equipped with a closed crankcase system to prevent discharging crankcase emissions into the atmosphere. Blow-by gas is returned to the combustion chamber through the air cleaner and carburetor.

'97-'98:





EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (CALIFORNIA TYPE ONLY)

This model complies with California Air Resources Board evaporative emission requirements.

Fuel vapor from the fuel tank and carburetor(s) ('97-'98) are routed into the evaporative emission (EVAP) canister where it is absorbed and stored while the engine is stopped. When the engine is running and the evaporative emission (EVAP) purge control valve is open, fuel vapor in the EVAP canister is drawn into the engine through the carburetor. At the same time, EVAP carburetor air vent (CAV) control valve is open and air is drawn into the carburetor through the valve.






NOISE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

TAMPERING WITH THE NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM IS PROHIBITED: Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof: (1) The removal or rendering inoperative by any person, other than for purposes of maintenance, repair or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use; (2) the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

AMONG THOSE ACTS PRESUMED TO CONSTITUTE TAMPERING ARE THE ACTS LISTED BELOW:

- 1. Removal of, or puncturing of the muffler, baffles, header pipes or any other component which conduct exhaust gases.
- 2. Removal of, or puncturing of any part of the intake system.
- 3. Lack of proper maintenance.
- Replacing any moving parts of the vehicle, or parts of the exhaust or intake system, with parts other than those specified by the manufacturer.

EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION LABELS

An Emission Control Information Label is located on the inside of the left side cover as shown.

The left side cover must be removed to read it. Refer to page 2-3 for left side cover removal.

It gives base tune-up specifications.





VEHICLE EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION UPDATE LABEL

After making a high altitude carburetor adjustment, attach an update label on the inside of the left side cover as shown.

The left side cover must be removed to read it. Refer to page 2-3 for left side cover removal.

Instructions for obtaining the update label are given in Service Letter No 132.

When readjusting the carburetor(s/'97-'98) back to the low altitude specifications, be sure to remove this update label.



GENERAL INFORMATION

VACUUM HOSE ROUTING DIAGRAM LABEL (CALIFORNIA TYPE ONLY)

The Vacuum Hose Routing Diagram Label is on the inside of the left side cover as shown.

The left side cover must be removed to read it. Refer to page 2-3 for left side cover removal.





MEMO

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SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

AWARNING

- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. Work in a well ventilated area. Smoking or allowing flames or sparks in the work area or where the gasoline is stored can cause a fire or explosion.
- Engine and exhaust system parts become very hot and remain hot for some time after the engine is run. Wear
 insulated gloves or wait until the engine and exhaust system have cooled before handling these parts.
- When the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an
 enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to
 death. Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.
- Work in a well ventilated area. Smoking or allowing flames or sparks in the working area or where gasoline is stored can cause a fire or explosion.
- . This section covers removal and installation of the frame body panels, fuel tank and exhaust system.
- Always replace the exhaust pipe gaskets when removing the exhaust pipe from the engine.
- · Always inspect the exhaust system for leaks after installation.

TORQUE VALUES

Exhaust pipe joint nut		25 N·m (2.5 kgf·m , 18 lbf·ft)
Fuel tank mounting bolt		19 N-m (1.9 kgf-m , 14 lbf-ft)
Fuel valve nut	'97-'98	23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft)
	After '98	35 N-m (3.6 kgf-m , 26 lbf-ft)
Fuel valve lever screw		4 N-m (0.4 kgf-m , 2.9 lbf-ft)
Exhaust pipe cover bolt		12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)
Exhaust muffler bracket bolt		20 N-m (2.0 kgf-m , 14 lbf-ft)
nut		20 N-m (2.0 kgf-m , 14 lbf-ft)
Sub-frame mounting bolt		12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft)
nut		12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)

TROUBLESHOOTING

Excessive exhaust noise

- Broken exhaust system
- Exhaust gas leak

Poor performance

- · Deformed exhaust system
- Exhaust gas leak
- Clogged muffler

SEAT ('97-'98)

REMOVAL

Remove the two mounting socket bolts. Slide and remove the seat to the back.

INSTALLATION

Install the seat by inserting the hook of the seat under the raised lip of the frame cross member. Install the hooks on the rear fender to the tabs of the seat and push the seat forward. Align the bolt holes and tighten the mounting socket bolts securely.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to pinch the wire harness between the seat and the frame.



SEAT (AFTER '98)

REMOVAL

Remove the two mounting socket bolts. Slide and remove the seat toward the back.

INSTALLATION

Install the seat by aligning the holes in the back of the seat with the bosses on the rear fender. Inserting the hook of the seat under the raised lip of the frame cross member while pushing the seat forward.

Tighten the socket bolts securely.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to pinch the wire harness between the seat and the frame.



STEERING COVER

REMOVAL

CAUTION:

Be careful not to break the steering cover bosses.

NOTE:

Be careful not to dislodge the grommets in the frame.

Remove the mounting screw. Remove the joint cover. Release the cover bosses from the grommets and steering covers.

INSTALLATION

NOTE:

At installation, align the steering cover bosses on the frame grommets.

Install the steering covers. Install and tighten the screw. Install the joint cover.

NOTE:

Check that the wire harness does not interfere with handlebar rotation.

SIDE COVER

CAUTION:

Be careful not to break the side cover tabs ('97–'98).

NOTE:

Be careful not to dislodge the grommets in the frame.

- '97-'98: Release the cover bosses from the grommets and the cover tabs from the rear fender. Remove the side cover.
- After '98: Release the cover bosses from the grommets and remove the side cover.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. NOTE:

At installation, align the cover bosses on the frame grommets.









FUEL TANK

AWARNING

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain condition.

NOTE

Before disconnecting fuel tube, turn the fuel valve "OFF".

REMOVAL

Remove the seat (page 2-2).

Disconnect the fuel tube.

Remove the fuel valve knob mounting screw and fuel valve knob from the fuel valve body.

Remove the fuel tank mounting bolt.

Remove the fuel tank from the frame.







DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY

Loosen the fuel valve nut and remove the fuel valve.



Remove the fuel strainer screen and O-ring.

Check the fuel strainer screen for clogs or damage.



Clean by air or replace if necessary.





Install the new O-ring to the fuel strainer screen. Attach the fuel strainer screen to the fuel valve and install to the fuel tank.

NOTE:

Always replace the O-ring with new ones.

Tighten the fuel valve nut to the specified torque.

TORQUE: '97-'98: 23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m , 17 lbf·ft) After '98: 35 N·m (3.6 kgf·m , 26 lbf·ft)



'97-'98:



INSTALLATION

Connect the fuel tube to the fuel valve.



FUEL VALVE ALIGN

Install the fuel valve knob to the fuel valve.

NOTE:

At installation, align the rounded edge on the fuel valve knob with the fuel valve shaft.

Tighten the screw to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 4 N-m (0.4 kgf-m , 2.9 lbf-ft)

NOTE:

After installation, turn the fuel valve "ON" and check the fuel line for leakage.



Tighten the fuel tank mounting bolt to the specified torque (page 2-6).

TORQUE: 19 N-m (1.9 kgf-m , 14 lbf-ft)

Install the seat (page 2-2).



REAR FENDER/REAR SUB-FRAME

REMOVAL ('97-'98)

Remove the seat (page 2-2). Remove the right and left side covers (page 2-3). Remove the fuel tank (page 2-4).

Remove the rear fender mounting bolts.

Disconnect the taillight connectors. Free the taillight wire harness from the clamps.





Remove the taillight mounting nuts, washers and taillight.



BOLT NUT

Remove the rear fender mounting bolt and nut. Remove the rear fender.

Disconnect the right and left rear turn signal lights and license light connectors.



Remove the sub-frame mounting bolts, nuts and BOLTS SUB-FRAME





REMOVAL (After '98)

sub-frame.

Remove the seat (page 2-2). Disconnect the brake/taillight, license light and rear turn signal lights connectors.

Remove the wires from the clamps.

Remove the wires from the clamps. Remove the bolts, collars and grab rail.

Remove the four bolts, washers, and two collars. Remove the rear fender.



Remove the sub-frame mounting bolts, nuts and sub-frame.





Install the sub-frame, bolts and nuts. Tighten the bolts and nuts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)







Route the right and left rear turn signal light wires and license light wires.

Connect the turn signals and license light connectors.

NOTE:

Route the wire harness properly (page 1-25).

Install the rear fender. Install and tighten the mounting bolt and nut securely.

Install the taillight to the rear fender.

NOTE:

Install the taillight by aligning the hole on the rear fender with the tab.

Install and tighten the mounting nuts securely.



Route the taillight wire harness. Connect the taillight connectors.

NOTE

Route the wire harness securely (page 1-30).



Install and tighten the rear fender mounting bolts securely.

Install the fuel tank (page 2-7). Install the right and left side covers (page 2-3). Install the seat (page 2-2).





Install the sub-frame, bolts and nuts. Tighten the bolts and nuts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)











Install the washers and collars to the rear fender. Install and tighten the four bolts securely.

Install the collars and grab rail. Install and tighten the bolts. Install the wires in the clamps.

Install the wires in the clamps. Connect the brake/taillight, license light and rear turn signal lights connectors.

Install the seat (page 2-2).



EXHAUST PIPE/MUFFLER

AWARNING

Do not service the exhaust system while it is hot.

CAUTION:

When removing/installing the exhaust pipe/ muffler, be sure to loosen/tighten the exhaust system fasteners in the specified order as follows.

REMOVAL

Remove the exhaust pipe joint nuts.

Remove the muffler mounting bolt, washer and nut.

Remove the exhaust pipe/muffler assembly.







Remove the front exhaust pipe joint and collar. Remove the front and rear gaskets.



install the new gaskets.

NOTE:

Install the gaskets to the correct position. - Front side: Large O.D.

- -Rear side: Small O.D.
- noor ander official official

Install the front exhaust pipe collar.



Install the muffler assembly. Temporarily install all bolts, washer and nuts.

NOTE:

Do not tighten the bolts and nuts yet.

Tighten the muffler mounting bolt and nut to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 20 N·m (2.0 kgf-m , 14 lbf-ft)



Tighten the exhaust pipe joint nuts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 25 N·m (2.5 kgf·m , 18 lbf-ft)

NOTE:

Always inspect the exhaust system for leaks after installation.



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SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

AWARNING

- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. Work in a well ventilated area. Smoking or allowing flames or sparks in the work area or where the gasoline is stored can cause a fire or explosion.
- When the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an
 enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to
 death. Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.

· Place the motorcycle on a level ground before starting any work.

SPECIFICATIONS

	ITEM	SPECIFICATIONS					
Throttle grip free	play	2-6 mm (1/12-1/4)					
Spark plug	Standard	DPR8EA-9 (NGK)	X24EPR-U9 (DENSC				
	For cold climate (below 5 'C/41 'F)	DPR7EA-9 (NGK)	X22EPR-U9 (DENSO				
	For extend high speed riding	DPR9EA-9 (NGK)	X27EPR-U9 (DENSO)				
Spark plug gap		0.80-0.90 mm (0.031-0.035 in)					
Valve clearance	IN	0.15 mm (0.006 in)					
	EX	0.20 mm (0.008 in)					

ITEM			SPECIFICATIONS					
Engine oil capacity	At draining		2.1 & (2.2 US at , 1.8 Imp at)					
	At disassembly		2.8 £ (3.0 US at , 2.5 Imp at)					
	At oil filter change		2.25 & (2.38 US at , 1.98 Imp at)					
Recommended engir	ne oil		HONDA GN4 or HP4 4-stroke oil or equivalent motor oi API service classification SF or SG Viscosity: SAE 10W-40					
Engine idle speed			1,200 ± 100 rpm					
Drive chain slack			20-30 mm (3/4 - 1-1/4 in)					
Standard links			120L					
Recommended brake	fluid		Honda DOT 4 Brake Fluid					
Clutch lever free play			10-20 mm (3/8 - 3/4 in)					
Tire size		Front	100/90-19 57S					
		Rear	170/80-15 M/C 77S					
Tire brand	Front	'97-'98	BRIDGESTONE L309 / DUNLOP F24					
	After '98		DUNLOP F24					
Tire brand	Rear	'97-'98	BRIDGESTONE G546 / DUNLOP K555					
	10000	After '98	DUNLOP D404					
Cold tire pressure	Up to 90 kg (200 lb)	Front	200 kPa (2.00 kgf/cm ² , 29 psi)					
<i>4</i> 2	load	Rear	200 kPa (2.00 kgf/cm ² , 29 psi)					
	Up to maximum	Front	200 kPa (2.00 kgf/cm ² , 29 psi)					
	weight capacity	Rear	250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm ² , 36 psi)					
Minimum tire tread depth		Front	1.5 mm (0.06 in)					
		Rear	2.0 mm (0.08 in)					

TORQUE VALUES

Spark plug		14 N-m (1.4 kgf-m , 10 lbf-ft)	
Valve adjust cover		12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)	
Valve adjusting screw lock nut		23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft)	Apply oil to the threads and seating surface
Timing hole cap		15 N·m (1.5 kgf·m , 11 lbf·ft)	Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the threads
Crankshaft hole cap		15 N·m (1.5 kgf·m , 11 lbf·ft)	Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the threads
Oil drain bolt	'97-'9B:	34 N-m (3.5 kgf-m , 25 lbf-ft)	
	After '98:	30 N-m (3.1 kgf-m , 22 lbf-ft)	
Oil filter cartridge		10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)	Apply a engine oil to the threads.
Vacuum plug ('97-'98)		3 N·m (0.33 kgf·m , 2.4 lbf-ft)	
Rear axle nut		88 N·m (9.0 kgf·m , 65 lbf-ft)	
Spokes		4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m , 2.9 lbf·ft)	

TOOLS

Valve adjusting wrench Vacuum gauge Oil filter wrench Drive chain tool set Spoke wrench 07908 – KE90000 or 07908 – KE90100 (U.S.A only) 07404 – 0030000 or 07LMJ – 001000A (U.S.A only) 07HAA – PJ70100 07HMH – MR10103 or 07HMH – MR1010A (U.S.A. only) 07JMA – MR60100

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Perform the Pre-ride inspection in the Owner's Manual at each scheduled maintenance period.

I: Inspect and Clean, Adjust, Lubricate or Replace if necessary. C: Clean. R: Replace. A: Adjust. L: Lubricate.

The following items require some mechanical knowledge. Certain items (particularly those marked * and **) may require more technical information and tools. Consult your authorized HONDA dealer.

FREQUENCY		NOTE	ODOMETER READING (NOTE 1)									
ITE	MS		n	× 1,000 mi	0.6	4	8	12	16	20	24	REFER
			1	× 1,000 km	1	6	12	18	24	30	36	TO PAGE
		FUEL LINE					1		1		1	3-4
	. 4	THROTTLE OPERATION	1			-	1		1		1	3-4
AS AS	*	CARBURETOR CHOKE					1		1		1	3-6
E		AIR CLEANER	NOTE 2				-	R	120	-	R	3-8
5		CRANKCASE BREATHER	NOTE 3			С	С	C	С	С	C	3-9
E		SPARK PLUG				R	R	R	R	R	R	3-9
A		VALVE CLEARANCE			1	100	1		1	1	1	3-11
문		ENGINE OIL			R		R		R		R	3-14
S		ENGINE OIL FILTER	1.00		R	-	R		R		R	3-14
SI	*	CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATION	'97-'98		T		1		1		1	3-17
All S		ENGINE IDLE SPEED			1	1	1	t	1	1	1	3-18
Ē		RADIATOR COOLANT	NOTE 5				1	1.00	1	1002	R	3-19
		COOLING SYSTEM					1		1		1	3-19
	*	EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM	NOTE 4					1			1	3-20
50		DRIVE CHAIN		EVERY 500 mi (800 km) (12				3-20				
臣		BRAKE FLUID	NOTE 5			I E	H	A	1		R	3-24
5		BRAKE SHOES/PAD WEAR			10111	E.	11	E.	11	1.1	51	3-25
E		BRAKE SYSTEM					I E	1.711	1		111	3-26
Z		BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH			17.17.1				1			3-27
문		HEADLIGHT AIM				1151	111					3-28
N		CLUTCH SYSTEM			11	11	1	1	1			3-28
S		SIDE STAND	100000000000000000000000000000000000000						1		110	3-29
¶S ∎		SUSPENSION		Contraction of the second s				1711	Î	11		3-29
Ē		NUTS, BOLTS, FASTENERS					1	11.00	1	1011		3-30
S	**	WHEELS/TIRES		CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER OWNE	1	11.	111		1	1	5 1	3-30
2	**	STEERING HEAD BEARINGS	1		1		19 19 1	617111	1	1000		3-31

 Should be serviced by an authorized HONDA dealer, unless the owner has proper tools and service data and is mechanically qualified.

** In the interest of safety, we recommend these items be serviced only by an authorized HONDA dealer.

NOTES:

At higher odometer reading, repeat at the frequency interval established here.

- 2. Service more frequently when riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.
- 3. Service more frequently when riding in rain or at full throttle.
- 4. California type only.

 Replace every 2 years, or at indicated odometer interval, whichever comes first. Replacement requires mechanical skill.

FUEL LINE

AWARNING

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Remove the seat (page 2-2) and fuel tank (page 2-4).

Check the fuel lines for deterioration, damage or leakage.

Replace the fuel lines if necessary.

Also check the fuel valve vacuum tube for damage and replace the vacuum tube if necessary ('97 - '98).





FUEL FILTER ('97-'98)

Pull the fuel filter out, clip the inlet line closed and remove the filter.

Replace the fuel filter with new one, if necessary (page 5-34).



THROTTLE OPERATION

Check for any deterioration or damage to the throttle cables.

Check the throttle grip for smooth operation. Check that the throttle grip returns from the full open to the full closed position smoothly and automatically in all steering positions.

If the throttle grip does not return properly, lubricate the throttle cable, overhaul and lubricate the throttle grip housing.

For cable lubrication: Disconnect the throttle cables at their upper ends (page 13-7). Thoroughly lubricate the cables and their pivot points with a commercially available cable lubricant or a light weight oil. If the throttle grip still does not return properly, replace the throttle cables.

AWARNING

Reusing a damaged or abnormally bent or kinked throttle cable can prevent proper throttle side operation and may lead to a loss of throttle control while riding.

With the engine idling, turn the handlebar all the way to the right and left to ensure that idle speed does not change.

If idle speed increases, check the throttle grip free play and the throttle cable connection.

Measure the throttle grip free play at the throttle grip flange.

FREE PLAY: 2-6 mm (1/12-1/4 in)



Throttle grip free play can be adjusted at either end of the throttle cable. Minor adjustments are made with the upper adjuster.

Loosen the lock nut and turn the adjuster to obtain the free play.

After the adjustment, tighten the lock nut securely and reposition the boot ('97-'98) properly.





Remove the fuel tank (After '98: page 2-4). Major adjustments are made with the lower adjuster.

Loosen the lock nuts and turn the adjusters to obtain the free play.

Tighten the lock nuts after the adjustment has been made.

Recheck the free play.





CARBURETOR CHOKE

STARTING ENRICHMENT (SE) VALVE

The choke system uses a fuel enriching circuit controlled by an SE valve. The SE valve opens the enriching circuit via a cable when the choke knob on the right side of the carburetor is pulled.



Check for smooth operation of the choke knob. Check for any deterioration or damage to the choke cable.

If the operation is not smooth, lubricate the choke cable and choke knob sliding surface with a commercially available cable lubricant or a light weight oil.

To adjust the friction, pull the rubber cover away and turn the adjuster.



Starting enrichment system operation can be checked by the way the engine starts and runs:

- Difficulty in starting before the engine is warm up (easy once it is warmed up): SE valve is not completely opened.
- · Idle speed is erratic even after warm-up (imperfect combustion): SE valve is not completely closed.

When the above symptoms occur, inspect the SE valve using the following procedure.

NOTE:

Remove the fuel tank (page 2-4) when inspecting the SE valve of AFTER '98 models.



Pull the choke knob all the way out to fully open position and recheck for smooth operation of the choke knob.

There should be no free play.

Check valve seat on the choke valve for damage. Reinstall the choke valve in the reverse order of removal.











AIR CLEANER

NOTE:

- The viscous paper element type air cleaner cannot be cleaned because the element contains a dust adhesive.
- If the motorcycle is used in wet or dusty areas, more frequent inspections are required.
- '97-'98: Remove the air cleaner housing cover bolt and cover.

Remove the holder bolts and the air cleaner element.

Replace the element accordance with the maintenance schedule (page 3-3).

Also, replace the element any time it is excessively dirty or damaged.

After '98: Remove the sub air cleaner case cover bolt and cover.







Remove the three bolts and air cleaner case cover.



Remove the air cleaner element. Replace the element accordance with the maintenance schedule (page 3-3). Also, replace the element any time it is excessively dirty or damaged.



CRANKCASE BREATHER

NOTE

Service more frequently when ridden in rain, at full throttle, or after the motorcycle is washed or overturned. Service if the deposits level can be seen in the transparent section of the breather tube.

The crankcase drain tube is behind the left frame pipe.

Pull the drain tube out of the frame clamp.

Remove the drain plug from the tube to empty any deposits.

Reinstall the drain plug.

SPARK PLUG

Disconnect the spark plug caps.

NOTE

Clean around the spark plug bases with compressed air before removing, and be sure that no debris enters the combustion chamber.

Remove the spark plugs using the spark plug wrench or an equivalent.

Inspect or replace as described in the maintenance schedule (page 3-3).







INSPECTION

Check the following and replace if necessary (recommended spark plugs; page 3-1).

- · Insulator for damage
- Electrodes for wear
- Burning condition, coloration;
 - dark to light brown indicates good condition.
 excessive lightness indicates malfunctioning ignition system or learn mixture.
 - wet or black sooty deposit indicates over-rich mixture.



REUSING A SPARK PLUG

Clean the spark plug electrodes with a wire brush or spark plug cleaner.

Check the gap between the center and side electrodes with a wire-type feeler gauge. If necessary, adjust the gap by bending the side electrodes carefully.

SPARK PLUG GAP:

0.80-0.90 mm (0.031-0.035 in)

CAUTION:

To prevent damage to the cylinder head, hand tighten the spark plug before using a wrench to tighten to the specified torque.

Reinstall the spark plug in the cylinder head and hand tighten, then torque to specification.

TORQUE: 14 N·m (1.4 kgf-m , 10 lbf-ft)





REPLACING A SPARK PLUG

Set the plug gap to specification with a wire-type feeler gauge.

CAUTION:

Do not overtighten the spark plug.

Install and hand tighten the new spark plug, then tighten it about 1/2 of a turn after the sealing washer contacts the seat of the plug hole.

VALVE CLEARANCE

INSPECTION

NOTE:

Inspect and adjust the valve clearance while the engine is cold (below 35 °C/95 °F).

Remove the fuel tank (page 2-4). Remove the air cleaner housing (page 5-4).

Remove the air cleaner chamber and inlet duct.

Remove the crankshaft hole cap and timing hole cap.









Remove the bolts and valve adjusting covers from the cylinder head covers.

NOTE:

Adjust the front cylinder valves first.

FRONT CYLINDER HEAD

Rotate the flywheel counterclockwise to align the "FT" mark with the index notch on the left crankcase cover.

Make sure the piston is at TDC (Top Dead Center) on the compression stroke.

REAR CYLINDER HEAD

Rotate the flywheel counterclockwise to align the "RT" mark with the index notch on the left crankcase cover.

Make sure the piston is at TDC (Top Dead Center) on the compression stroke.

Inspect the clearance of all three valve by inserting a feeler gauge between the adjusting screw and the valve.

VALVE CLEARANCE:

IN: 0.15 mm (0.006 in) EX: 0.20 mm (0.008 in)











ADJUSTMENT

Adjust by loosening the lock nut and turning the adjusting screw until there is a slight drag on the feeler gauge.

Hold the adjusting screw and tighten the lock nut.

TORQUE: 23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft)

TOOL:

Valve adjusting wrench

07908-KE90000 or 07908-KE90100 (U.S.A. only)

NOTE:

Apply oil to the nut and bolt threads.





Check the O-rings of the valve adjusting covers for damage and replace if necessary.

Install the front and rear valve adjusting covers.

Tighten the cover bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)





Apply molybdenum disulfide grease to the timing hole cap and crankshaft hole cap threads. Install and tighten the caps to the specified torque.

TORQUE:

Timing hole cap: 15 N·m (1.5 kgf·m , 11 lbf-ft) Crankshaft hole cap: 15 N·m (1.5 kgf·m , 11 lbf-ft)



ENGINE OIL/OIL FILTER

OIL LEVEL INSPECTION

AWARNING

- When the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to death. Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.
- Engine and exhaust system parts become very hot and remain hot for some time after the engine is run. Wear insulated gloves or wait until the engine and exhaust system have cooled before handling these parts.

NOTE:

- Do not screw in the oil filler cap/level gauge when checking oil level.
- The oil level cannot be correctly measured if the motorcycle is not supported perfectly upright on a level surface.
- As the oil is gradually consumed, it is necessary to periodically check the oil level and replenish the oil volume to its proper level.
- If the oil level is too high, overall engine performance and the actuation of the clutch may be effected. Too little oil may cause engine overheating as well as premature wear to various parts.
- If a different brand or grade of oil or low quality oil is mixed when adding oil, the lubricating function deteriorates.

Support the motorcycle in an upright and level position using a hoist or a jack under the engine.

Start the engine and let it idle for a few minutes. Stop the engine and wait 2 - 3 minutes.



Remove the oil filler cap/dipstick and wipe off the oil from the dipstick with a clean cloth.

With the motorcycle upright on level ground, insert the oil filler cap/dipstick into the stick hole without screwing it in.

Remove the oil filler cap/dipstick and check the oil level.

If the level is below or near the lower level mark on the dipstick, fill to the upper level mark with the recommended oil.

RECOMMENDED ENGINE OIL:

Honda GN4 or HP4 4-stroke oil or HONDA 4stroke oil or equivalent motorcycle oil API service classification SF or SG Viscosity: SAE 10W-40

NOTE:

Other viscosities shown in the chart may be used when the average temperature in your riding area is within the indicated range.

Check the O-ring for damage. Reinstall the oil filler cap/dipstick.





ENGINE OIL CHANGE

AWARNING

- When the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to death. Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.
- Engine and exhaust system parts become very hot and remain hot for some time after the engine is run. Wear insulated gloves or wait until the engine and exhaust system have cooled before handling these parts.

NOTE:

Change the engine oil with the engine warm and the motorcycle on its side stand to assure complete and rapid draining.

Warm up the engine.

Place an oil drain pan under the engine to catch the oil, then remove the oil drain bolt and oil filler cap/ dipstick.





With the engine stop switch "OFF", push the starter button for a few seconds to drain any oil which may be left in the engine.

NOTE:

Do not operate the motor for more than few seconds.

After draining the oil completely, check that the sealing washer on the drain bolt is in good condition and replace if necessary.

Tighten the drain bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: '97-'98: 34 N·m (3.5 kgf·m , 25 lbf·ft) After '98: 30 N·m (3.1 kgf·m , 22 lbf·ft)

Fill the crankcase with the recommended engine oil.

OIL CAPACITY:

2.1 & (2.2 US qt , 1.8 Imp qt) at draining 2.8 & (3.0 US qt , 2.5 Imp qt) at disassembly 2.25 & (2.38 US qt , 1.98 Imp qt) at oil filter change

Install the oil filler cap/dipstick.

Start the engine and let it idle for 2 or 3 minutes. Stop the engine and weight a few minutes, then check that the oil level is at the upper level mark with the motorcycle upright.

Check that there are no oil leaks.

OIL FILTER CHANGE

AWARNING

- When the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to death. Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.
- Engine and exhaust system parts become very hot and remain hot for some time after the engine is run. Wear insulated gloves or wait until the engine and exhaust system have cooled before handling these parts.

Drain the engine oil (page 3-16).

Remove the oil filter using the oil filter wrench.

TOOL: Oil filter wrench

07HAA-PJ70100








Apply engine oil to the new oil filter threads and the O-ring.

Install and tighten the new oil filter to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)

Fill the crankcase with the recommended engine oil (page 3-15). Install the oil filler cap/dipstick. Start the engine and recheck the oil level (page 3-15). Make sure that there are no oil leaks.

CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATION ('97-'98)

AWARNING

When the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to death. Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.



Perform this maintenance with the engine at normal operating temperature and transmission in neutral. Place the motorcycle on a level surface.

Remove the fuel tank mounting bolt. Carefully raise the tank and support it in the frame using a suitable base.

Remove the air cleaner housing (page 5-4).

Remove the vacuum plugs and washers from the cylinder head intake ports. Connect the vacuum gauge and attachment.

TOOL: Vacuum gauge

07404-0030000 or 07LMJ-001000A (U.S.A. only)

Connect the suitable tube between fuel tank and fuel tube.

 Turn the fuel valve ON. Start the engine and adjust the idle speed to the specification.

IDLE SPEED: 1,200 ± 100 rpm









Check the difference in vacuum between each carburetor.

CARBURETOR VACUUM DIFFERENCE:

27 kPa (20 mmHg, 0.7 in Hg)

NOTE:

The base carburetor is the Rear (No.1) carburetor.

- Synchronize to specification by turning the adjusting screw.
- Be sure that the synchronization is stable by snapping the throttle grip several times.
- Snap the throttle grip several times and recheck the idle speed and difference in vacuum between each carburetor.

Disconnect the vacuum gauge and attachment. Install the vacuum plugs and washers and tighten the plugs to the specified torque. Install the removed parts.

TORQUE: 3 N-m (0.33 kgf-m , 2.4 lbf-ft)





ENGINE IDLE SPEED

AWARNING

When the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to death. Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.

NOTE:

- Perform this maintenance with the engine at normal operating temperature and transmission in neutral. Place the motorcycle on a level surface.
- Engine must be warm for accurate adjustment. Ten minutes of stop-and-go riding is sufficient.

Warm up the engine and shift the transmission into neutral.

Place the motorcycle on its side stand. Check the idle speed and adjust by turning the

throttle stop control knob if necessary.

IDLE SPEED: 1,200 ± 100 rpm





RADIATOR COOLANT

LEVEL CHECK

AWARNING

- Wait until the engine is cool before removing the radiator cap. Removing the cap while the engine is hot and the coolant is under pressure may cause serious scalding.
- Radiator coolant is poisonous. Take care to avoid getting coolant in your eyes, on your skin, or on your clothes.
- If coolant gets in your eyes, flush repeatedly with water and contact a doctor immediately.
- If coolant is accidentally swallowed, induce vomiting and contact a doctor immediately.
- KEEP OUT REACH OF CHILDREN.

Check the coolant level of the reserve tank with the engine running at normal operating temperature. The level should be between the "UPPER" and "LOWER" level lines with the motorcycle in a vertical position on a flat, level surface.

If necessary, remove the right side cover (page 2-3) and reserve tank cap and fill to the "UPPER" level line with a 50-50 mixture of distilled water and antifreeze (coolant mixture preparation: page 6-5).

CAUTION:

Be sure to use the proper mixture of antifreeze and distilled water to protect the engine. use distilled water. Tap water may cause the engine to rust or corrode.

Check to see if there are any coolant leaks when the coolant level decreases very rapidly.

If the reserve tank becomes completely empty, there is a possibility of air getting into the cooling system.

Be sure to remove all air from the cooling system as described on page 6-6.

COOLING SYSTEM

AWARNING

To prevent injury, keep your hands and clothing away from the cooling fan. It may start automatically, without warning.

Check the radiator air passage for clogging or damage.







Straighten bent fins with a small, flat blade screwdriver and remove insects, mud or other obstructions with compressed air or low pressure water.

Replace the radiator if the air flow is restricted over more than 20 % of the radiating surface.

For radiator replacement, refer to page 6-8.



Remove the fuel tank and steering covers (section 2).

Check for any coolant leakage from the water pump, water hose and hose joints.

Make sure the hoses are in good condition; they should not show any sings of deterioration.

Replace any hose that shows any sign of deterioration.

Check that all hose clamps are tight.

For radiator replacement, refer to page 6-9.



EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (CALIFORNIA TYPE ONLY)

Check the tank between the fuel tank, EVAP canister, EVAP purge control valve and carburetor for deterioration, damage or loose connections.

Check the EVAP canister for cracks or other damage.

Refer to the Vacuum Hose Routing Diagram Label and Cable & Harness Routing (page 1-32, 37) for tube connections.

DRIVE CHAIN

DRIVE CHAIN SLACK INSPECTION

AWARNING

Inspecting the drive chain while the engine is running can result in serious hand or finger injury.

Turn the ignition switch OFF, place the motorcycle on its side stand and shift the transmission in neutral.

Check the slack in the drive chain lower run, midway between the sprockets.





DRIVE CHAIN SLACK: 20-30 mm (3/4 - 1-3/16 in)

CAUTION:



Excessive chain slack, 50 mm (2.0 in) or more, may damage the frame.

Lubricate the drive chain with Pro Honda Chain Lube designed specifically for use with O-ring chains. Wipe off the excess chain lube.

ADJUSTMENT

CAUTION:

If the adjustment is not the same on both sides, the wheel is out of alignment and can cause excessive tire, sprocket and chain wear.

Loosen the rear axle nut.

Turn both adjusting bolts until the correct drive chain slack is obtained.

Make sure the index marks on the both adjusters are aligned with the rear end of the swingarm. Tighten the rear axle nut to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 88 N-m (9.0 kgf-m , 65 lbf-ft)

Recheck the drive chain slack and free wheel rotation.

Lubricate the drive chain with Pro Honda Chain Lube designed specifically for use with O-ring chains. Wipe off the excess chain lube.

Check the drive chain wear indicator label attached on the left drive chain adjuster.

If the index mark reaches the red zone of the indicator label, replace the drive chain with a new one (page 3-22).

CLEANING, INSPECTION AND LUBRICATION

CAUTION

- Chains with O-rings should not be treated to the following cleaning and oiling procedure. This treatment will cause degradation of the O-rings and loss of grease, thus shortening chain life.
- Do not use steam or high pressure water washing. Use a chain spray containing a cleaning agent or use high flash point solvent to clean the chain.









3-21

Clean the chain with suitable detergent and wipe it dry.

Be sure the chain has dried completely before lubricating.

Inspect the drive chain for possible damage or wear.

Replace any chain that has damaged rollers, loose fitting links, or otherwise appears unserviceable. Installing a new chain on badly worn sprockets will

cause the new chain to wear quickly. Inspect and replace sprockets as necessary.

Lubricate the drive chain with Pro Honda Chain Lube designed specifically for use with O-ring chains. Wipe off the excess chain lube.

SPROCKET INSPECTION

Inspect the drive and driven sprocket teeth for damage or wear. Replace if necessary.

Never use a new drive chain on worn sprockets. Both chain and sprockets must be in good condition, or the new replacement chain will wear rapidly.

Check the attachment bolts and nuts on the drive and driven sprockets.

If any are loose, torque them to the proper specification.



DAMAGE NORMAL

REPLACEMENT

CAUTION:

Because of the drive chain is master link joint pin staking type (the ends of the pins are expanded with the special tool), the specified types of chain and special tool must be used to replace. Do not use clip type chains.

This motorcycle uses a drive chain with a staked master link.

Loosen the drive chain (page 3-21). Assemble the special tool.

TOOL:

Drive chain tool set

07HMH – MR10103 or 07HMH – MR1010A (U.S.A. only)



MASTER LINK

NOTE

When using the special tool, follow the manufacturer's operating instructions.

Locate the drive chain cutter on the staked part of the drive chain and cut the staked pins.

TOOL

Drive chain tool set

07HMH - MR10103 or 07HMH - MR1010A (U.S.A. only)



1 LINK

Remove the drive chain.

Remove the excess drive chain links from the new drive chain with the drive chain cutter.

NOTE:

- One (1) link is indicated as the figure on the right.
 Include the master link when you count the drive
 - chain links.

STANDARD LINKS: 120L REPLACEMENT CHAIN: RK: 525 SM5 DID: 525 V8

Install the new drive chain over the swingarm.

CAUTION:

Never reuse the old master link, master link plate and O-rings.

Install the new O-rings onto the new master link, and insert the master link from the inside of the drive chain taking care to prevent squeezing. Install the O-rings and the link plate with the drive chain cutter.

TOOL:

Drive chain tool set

07HMH - MR10103 or 07HMH - MR1010A (U.S.A. only)

NOTE:

- Install the link plate with the identification mark facing the outside.
- Take care to prevent squeezing of the O-rings.
- Do not remove initially applied grease from the link to lubricate.

Remove the special tool and check the master link pin length projected from the plate.

STANDARD LENGTH: 1.2-1.4 mm (0.05-0.06 in)





Stake the master link pins with the drive chain tool MASTER LINK set. TOOL: Drive chain tool set 07HMH-MR10103 or

07HMH-MR1010A (U.S.A. only)

NOTE:

To prevent over staking, stake gradually checking the diameter of the staked area using slide calipers.

After staking, check the staked area of the master link using slide calipers.

DIAMETER OF THE STAKED AREA:

5.50-5.80 mm (0.217-0.228 in)

NOTE:

- . When the measured staked area is over the prescribed value, restake using the new master link, plate and O-rings.
- . When the measured staked area is below the prescribed value, reinstall the drive chain cutter and restake.

Check the staked area of the master link for cracks and the O-rings for damage.

If there is any cracking or damage, replace the master link, plate and O-rings.

CAUTION:

A drive chain with a clip-type master link must not be used.

Check that master link pivots freely on the pins. If the movement is not smooth, restake using the new master link, plate and O-rings.

Adjust the drive chain play.

BRAKE FLUID

CAUTION:

- . Do not remove the cover or cap unless the reservoir is level because fluid may spill out.
- Do not mix different types of fluid, as they are not compatible with each other.
- . Do not allow foreign material to enter the system when filling the reservoir.
- · Avoid spilling fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a rug over these parts whenever the system is serviced.







NOTE:

- When the fluid level is low, check the brake pads for wear (see below). A low fluid level may be due to wear of the brake pads. If the brake pads are worn, the caliper piston is pushed out, and this accounts for a low reservoir level. If the brake pads are not worn and the fluid level is low, check entire system for leaks (page 3-26).
- Do not remove the level float from the reservoir when filling with brake fluid.

Turn the handlebar to the left side so that the reservoir is level and check the front brake reservoir level through the sight glass. If the level (float edge) is near the lower level mark, remove the cover, set plate and diaphragm and fill the reservoir to the casting ledge with DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container.



Refer to page 15-3 for brake fluid replacement/ bleeding procedures.

BRAKE SHOE/PAD WEAR

FRONT BRAKE PADS

Check the brake pad for wear. Replace the brake pads if either pad is worn to the bottom of wear limit groove.

Refer to page 15-5 for brake pad replacement.

CAUTION:

Always replace the brake pads as a set to ensure even disc pressure.

REAR BRAKE SHOE

Replace the brake shoes if the arrow on the brake arm aligns with the reference mark "
area full application of the rear brake pedal.

Refer to page 14-11 for brake pad replacement.





BRAKE SYSTEM

INSPECTION

Firmly apply the brake lever or pedal, and check the that no air has entered the system. If the lever or pedal feels soft or spongy when operated, bleed air from the system.

Inspect the brake hoses and fittings for deterioration, cracks and signs of leakage. Tighten any loose fittings.

Replace hoses and fittings as required.

Refer to page 15-3 for brake bleeding procedures.





BRAKE PEDAL HEIGHT

Check the brake pedal height

BRAKE PEDAL HEIGHT:

43 mm (1.7 in) above the top of the footpeg

To adjust:

Loosen the stopper bolt lock nut and turn the stopper bolt. Retighten the lock nut.

NOTE:

After adjustment the brake pedal height, check the rear brake light switch and brake pedal free play, adjust if necessary.





BRAKE PEDAL FREE PLAY

NOTE:

Perform brake pedal free play adjustment after adjusting brake pedal height.

Check the brake pedal free play.

FREE PLAY: 20-30 mm (3/4 - 1-1/4 in)

If adjustment is necessary, use the rear brake adjusting nut.

NOTE:

After adjusting the brake pedal free play, check the rear brake light switch operation and adjust if necessary.

BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH

CAUTION:

Allowing the switch body to turn during adjustment can break the wires in the switch.

NOTE:

- . The brake light switch on the front brake lever cannot be adjusted. If the front brake light switch actuation and brake engagement are off, either replace the switch unit or the malfunctioning parts of the system.
- Make all rear brake light switch adjustments after the height adjustment and the brake pedal free play adjustments have been made.

Check the brake light switch operation and adjustment by applying the brakes. Visually inspect for any damage and make sure the reflector plate is clean within the light.

Adjust the rear brake light switch so that the brake light comes on just prior to the brake actually being engaged. If the light fails to come on, adjust the switch so that the light comes on at the proper time.

Turn the adjusting nut on the brake light switch and not the switch body and wires to make switch actuation adjustments.

switch body firmly while turning the adjusting nut.

Be sure to hold the After adjustment, recheck to be sure the brake light comes on at the proper time.







HEADLIGHT AIM

AWARNING

An improperly adjusted headlight may blind oncoming drivers, or it may fall to light the road for a safe distance.

Adjust the headlight beam as specified by local laws and regulation. Place the motorcycle on a level surface.

specified by local Adjust the headlight beam vertically turning the laws and vertical beam adjusting screw.

regulation. A clockwise rotation moves the beam up.

Horizontal beam adjustments are made using the horizontal beam adjusting screw. A clockwise rotation moves the beam toward the right side of the rider.



CLUTCH SYSTEM

Measure the clutch free play at the end of the clutch lever.

FREE PLAY: 10-20 mm (3/8 - 3/4 in)

Adjust as follows:

Minor adjustments are made at the adjuster near the lever.

Loosen the lock nut and turn the adjuster. Tighten the lock nut.

CAUTION:

The adjuster may be damaged if it is positioned too far out, leaving minimal thread engagement.

If the adjuster is threaded out near its limit and the correct free play cannot be obtained, turn the adjuster all the way in and back out one turn. Tighten the lock nut and make a major adjustment as described below.





Major adjustments are performed at the clutch arm. Loosen the lock nut and turn the adjusting nut to adjust free play. Hold the adjusting nut securely while tightening the lock nut.

If proper free play cannot be obtained, or the clutch slips during the test ride, disassemble and inspect the clutch (see section 8).



SIDE STAND

Support the motorcycle on a level surface.

Check the side stand spring for damage or loss of tension.

Check the side stand assembly for freedom of movement and lubricate the side stand pivot if necessary.

Make sure that the side stand is not bent.

Check the side stand ignition cut-off system:

- Sit astride the motorcycle and raise the side stand.
- Start the engine with the transmission in neutral, then shift the transmission into gear, with the clutch lever squeezed.
- Move the side stand fully down.
- The engine should stop as the side stand is lowered.

If there is a problem with the system, check the side stand switch (section 19).

SUSPENSION

AWARNING

Loose, worn, or damaged suspension parts impair motorcycle stability and control. Repair or replace any damaged components before riding. Riding a motorcycle with faulty suspension increases your risk of an accident and possible injury.

FRONT

Check the action of the forks by operating the front brakes and compressing the front suspension several times.

Check the entire fork assembly for signs of leaks, damage or loose fasteners.

Replace damaged components which cannot be repaired.

Tighten all nuts and bolts.

Refer to section 13 for front fork service.



SIDE STAND

REAR

Support the motorcycle securely using safety stand or hoist and raise the rear wheel off the ground.

Check for worn swingarm bearings by grabbing the rear wheel and attempting to move the wheel side to side.

Replace the bearings if any looseness is noted (section 14).

Check the action of the shock absorbers by compressing them several times.

Check the entire shock absorber assembly for signs of leaks, damage or loose fasteners.

Replace damaged components which cannot be repaired.

Tighten all nuts and bolts.

Refer to section 14 for shock absorber service.





NUTS, BOLTS, FASTENERS

Check that all chassis nuts, bolts and screws are tightened to their correct torque values (page 1-14) at the interval shown in the Maintenance Schedule (page 3-3).

Check that all cotter pins, slip clips, hose clamps and cable stays are in place and properly secured.

WHEELS/TIRES

Making sure the fork is not allowed to move, raise the front wheel and check for play. Turn the wheel and check that it rotates smoothly with no usual noises.

If faults are found, inspect the wheel bearings. Support the motorcycle securely and raise the rear

wheel off the ground.

Check for play in either the wheel or the swingarm pivot. Turn the wheel and check that it rotates smoothly with no unusual noises.

If abnormal conditions are suspected, check the rear wheel bearings.

NOTE:

As the swingarm pivot is included in this check, be sure to confirm the location of the play; i.e. from the wheel bearings or the swingarm pivot.



Inspect the spokes for looseness by tapping them with a screwdriver.

Tap on the spokes If a spoke does not have a resonant metallic sound, and be sure that or if it sounds different from the other spokes, the clear metallic tighten it to the specified torque.

and be sure that or if it the clear metallic tighten sound of the same resonant metallic TOOL: sound can be Spoke heard on all

sound can be beard on all spokes. TORQUE: 4 N-m (0.4 kgf-m , 2.9 lbf-ft) NOTE:

> Tire pressure should be checked when tires are COLD.

> Check the pressure of each tire with a pressure gauge.

RECOMMENDED TIRE PRESSURE AND SIZE

		Front	Rear	
Tire size		100/90-19 575	170/80-15 M/C 77S	
Cold tire pressures kPa (kgf/cm ¹ , psi)	Up to 90 kg (200 lb) load	200 (2.00 , 29)	200 (2.00 , 29)	
	Up to maximum weight capacity	200 (2.00 , 29)	250 (2.50 , 36)	
Maximum weight capacity		161 kg (355 lbs)		
Tire brand	'97-'98	BRIDGESTONE L309	BRIDGESTONE G546	
		DUNLOP F24	DUNLOP K555	
	After '98	DUNLOP F24	DUNLOP D404	

Check the tires for cuts, embedded nails, or other damage.

Check the front and rear wheels for trueness (refer to section 13 and 14).

Measure the tread depth at the center of the tires. Replace the tires when the tread depth reaches the following limits.

MINIMUM TREAD DEPTH:

FRONT: 1.5 mm (0.06 in) REAR: 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

STEERING HEAD BEARINGS

NOTE:

Check that the control cables do not interfere with handlebar rotation

Support the motorcycle securely and raise the front wheel off ground check that the handlebar moves freely from side to side. If the handlebar moves unevenly, binds, or has vertical movement, inspect the steering head bearings (section 13).











4-0

SERVICE INFORMATION

4-1

OIL PRESSURE CHECK

TROUBLESHOOTING

4-2 OIL PUMP

4-3

4-4

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

AWARNING

When the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an
enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to
death. Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.

Used engine oil may cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods. Although this is
unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is still advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with soap and
water as soon as possible after handling used oil. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

- The engine must be removed from the frame before servicing the oil pump.
- . When removing and installing the oil pump use care not to allow dust or dirt to enter the engine.
- . If any portion of the oil pump is worn beyond the specified service limits, replace the oil pump as an assembly.
- After the engine has been installed check that there are no oil leaks and that oil pressure is correct.
- For oil pressure indicator inspection, refer to section 19 of this manual.

SPECIFICATIONS

		Unit: mm (ii
TEM	STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
At draining	2.1 \$ (2.2 US at , 1.8 imp at)	
At disassembly	2.8 & (3.0 US gt , 2.5 imp gt)	
At oil filter change	2.25 \$ (2.38 US gt , 1.98 Imp gt)	
	HONDA GN4 or HP4 4-stroke oil or equivalent motor oil API service classification SF or SG Viscosity: SAE 10W-40	
e switch	441 kPa (4.5 kgf/cm ² , 64 psi) at 6,000 rpm (80 °C/176 °F)	
Tip clearance	0.15 (0.006)	0.20 (0.008)
Body clearance	0.15-0.22 (0.006-0.009)	0.35 (0.014)
Side clearance	0.02-0.07 (0.001-0.003)	0.10 (0.004)
	At draining At disassembly At oil filter change e switch Tip clearance Body clearance Side clearance	At draining 2.1 4 (2.2 US qt, 1.8 lmp qt) At disassembly 2.8 4 (3.0 US qt, 2.5 lmp qt) At oil filter change 2.25 4 (2.38 US qt, 1.98 lmp qt) HONDA GN4 or HP4 4-stroke oil or equivalent motor oil API service classification SF or SG Viscosity: SAE 10W – 40 e switch 441 kPa (4.5 kgf/cm², 64 psi) at 6,000 rpm (80 °C/176 °F) Tip clearance 0.15 (0.006) Body clearance 0.15 - 0.22 (0.006 - 0.009) Side clearance 0.02 - 0.07 (0.001 - 0.003)

TORQUE VALUES

Oil pump cover bolt Oil pump driven sprocket bolt Oil filter cartridge		13 N-m (1.3 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft) 15 N-m (1.5 kgf-m , 11 lbf-ft) 10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)	Apply a locking agent to the threads Apply a engine oil to the threads Apply oil to the O-ring
Oil drain bolt	'97-'98:	34 N·m (3.5 kgf·m , 25 lbf-ft)	
	After '98:	30 N·m (3.1 kgf·m , 22 lbf·ft)	
Oil pressure switch	'97-'98:	10 N·m (1.0 kgf·m , 7 lbf·ft)	 Apply sealant to the threads
	After '98:	12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft) -	
Oil pressure switch cord		2 N·m (0.23 kgf·m , 1.7 lbf-ft)	

TOOLS

Oil filter wrench	07HAA-PJ70100
Oil pressure gauge	07506-3000000
Oil pressure gauge attachment	07510-4220100

TROUBLESHOOTING

Oil level low

- Oil consumption
- External oil leak
- · Worn piston ring or incorrect piston ring installation
- Worn valve guide or seal

Oil contamination (White appearance)

- From coolant mixing with oil
- -Faulty water pump mechanical seal
- Faulty head gasket
- -Water leak in crankcase

No oil pressure

- · Oil level too low
- Oil pump drive chain or drive sprocket broken
- Oil pump damaged (pump shaft)
- Internal oil leak

Low oil pressure

- · Pressure relief valve stuck open
- · Clogged oil filter and strainer screen
- · Oil pump worn or damaged
- · Internal oil leak
- · Incorrect oil being used
- · Oil level too low

High oil pressure

- · Pressure relief valve stuck closed
- · Plugged oil filter, gallery, or matering orifice
- Incorrect oil being used

Seized engine

- · No or low oil pressure
- Clogged oil orifice/passage
- Internal oil leak
- Non-recommended oil used

Oil contamination

- Deteriorated oil
- Faulty oil filter
- Worn piston ring (White appearance with water or moisture)
 - -Damaged water pump mechanical seal
 - -Damaged head gasket
 - -Oil relief not frequent enough

Oil pressure warning indicator does not work

- · Faulty oil pressure switch
- · Short circuit in the indicator wire
- · Low or no oil pressure
- · Blown LED

OIL PRESSURE CHECK

NOTE:

If the engine is cold, the pressure reading will be abnormally high. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature before starting this test.

Warm up the engine. Stop the engine. Remove the left rear cover (page 7-4).

Remove the screw and disconnect the oil pressure switch wire.

Remove the oil pressure switch. Connect the oil pressure gauge attachment and gauge to the pressure switch hole.

TOOLS: Oil pressure gauge Oil pressure gauge attachment

07506-3000000 07510-4220100

Check the oil level and add the recommended oil if necessary (page 3-14).

Start the engine and check the oil pressure at 6,000 rpm.

OIL PRESSURE: 441 kPa (4.5 kgf/cm², 64 psi) at 6,000 rpm (80 °C/176 °F)

Stop the engine and remove the oil pressure gauge attachment and gauge from the pressure switch hole.

Apply sealant to the oil pressure switch threads as shown and tighten it to the specified torque.

TORQUE: '97-'98: 10 N·m (1.0 kgf·m , 7 lbf·ft) After '98: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft)

Connect the oil pressure switch wire and tighten the screw to specified torque.

TORQUE: 2 N-m (0.23 kgf-m , 1.7 lbf-ft)

NOTE:

Route the oil pressure switch wire correctly (page 1-28).

Start the engine.

Check the oil pressure indicator goes out after one or two seconds. If the oil pressure indicator stays on, stop the engine immediately and determine the cause (page 19-8).









OIL PUMP

NOTE:

When removing and installing the oil pump, use care not to allow dust or dirt to enter the engine.

REMOVAL

Separate the crankcase (page 12-4).

Remove the bolt and oil relief pipe.

Remove the oil relief valve and O-ring.

Remove the oil pump mounting bolts.









Remove the oil pump. Remove the collars and O-rings. Remove the dowel pin.

4

DISASSEMBLY

OIL PUMP DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

body.

If any portion of the oil pump is worn beyond the specified service limits, replace the oil pump as an assembly.

Remove the oil pipe, oil pipe seals and O-ring.

Remove the oil strainer and gasket.







Remove the dowel pins. Remove the washer, drive shaft, drive pin, inner rotor and outer rotor.



PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE CHECK

AWARNING

The snap ring is under spring pressure. Use care when removing it and wear eye and face protection.

Be careful not to Check the operation of the pressure relief valve by lose the pushing on the piston. disassembled Remove the pressure relief valve snap ring and parts disassemble the pressure relief valve.

> Check the piston for wear, sticking or damage. Check the valve spring and piston for wear or damage.

Check the relief valve for clogging or damage.

Clean the remaining parts and assemble the relief valve in the reverse order of disassembly.





BODY CLEARANCE

INSPECTION

NOTE:

- Measure at several places and use the largest reading to compare to the service limit.
- If any portion of the oil pump is worn beyond the specified service limits, replace the oil pump as an assembly.

BODY CLEARANCE

Install the inner rotor and outer rotor to the pump body.

Install the drive shaft properly.

Measure the pump body-to-outer rotor clearance using the feeler gauge.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.35 mm (0.014 in)

TIP CLEARANCE

Install the inner rotor and outer rotor to the pump body. Install the drive shaft properly. Measure the outer rotor-to-inner rotor clearance using the feeler gauge.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.20 mm (0.008 in)





SIDE CLEARANCE

Install the inner rotor and outer rotor to the pump body.

Measure the rotor side-to-pump body clearance using the feeler gauge and straight edge.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.10 mm (0.004 in)



ASSEMBLY

NOTE:

Before assembly, clean all disassembled parts thoroughly with clean engine oil.



Install the drive shaft and drive pin by aligning the slots in the inner rotor.

Place the washer into the inner rotor groove. Install the dowel pin to the pump cover.



Install the pump body to the pump cover. Install and tighten the bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 13 N·m (1.3 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft)



Clean the oil strainer.

Apply oil to the new O-ring and install the oil strainer.

Install the oil strainer to the oil pump aligning it to the groove on the oil pump.



NOTE:

Install the oil strainer to the pump body groove securely.



Apply oil to the new oil pipe seal and new O-rings, then install to the oil pipe.

NOTE

INSTALLATION

Install the dowel pin. Install the collars.

collars.

Install the O-rings with their tapered side facing out.

Install the oil pipe to the oil pump securely.



COLLARS DOWEL PIN

Install the oil pump into the crankcase securely.

Apply oil to the new O-rings and install onto the



NOTE:

Be careful not to damage the O-rings and pipe seals at oil pump installation.



Install and tighten the bolts securely.

Apply oil to the new O-ring and install the pressure relief valve groove, and install the relief valve to the oil pump.





Install the oil relief pipe. Install and tighten the bolt securely.

Reassemble the crankcase (page 12-25). Check that there are no oil leaks and that oil pressure is correct.



MEMO



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After '98:



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

AWARNING

- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- When the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an
 enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to
 death. Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.
- Bending or twisting the control cables will impair smooth operation and could cause the cable to stick or bind, resulting in loss of vehicle control.
- Work in a well ventilated area. Smoking or allowing flames or sparks in the work area or where gasoline is stored can cause a fire or explosion.

CAUTION:

Be sure to remove the diaphragms before cleaning air and fuel passages with compressed air. The diaphragms might be damaged.

- . For fuel tank removal and installation, refer to Section 2.
- Before disassembling the carburetor, place an approved gasoline container under the carburetor drain tube, loosen the carburetor drain screw and drain the carburetor.
- . When disassembling the fuel system parts, note the locations of the O-rings. Replace them with new ones on reassembly.
- After removing the carburetor, wrap the intake ports of the engine with a shop towel or cover them with a piece of tape to
 prevent any foreign material from dropping into the engine. Be sure to remove the cover when reinstalling the carburetor.

NOTE:

If the vehicle is to be stored for more than one month, drain the float bowls. Fuel left in the float bowls may cause clogged jets resulting in hard starting or poor driveability.

- FUEL STSTEIN		STANDARD		
TEM			49 state/Canada type	California type
Carburetor identification number		'97-'98	VDFDA	VDFEA
		After '98	VE5AC	VE5AB
Main jet		'97-'98	# 115	
		After '98	# 125	
Slow jet		'97-'98	# 40	
		After '98	# 45	
Piot screw	Initi	al/opening	See page 5-30	
	Hig	ht altitude adjustment	See page 5-37	
Float level '97-'98 After '98		'97-'98	7.0 mm (0.28 in)	
		After '98	18.5 mm (0.73 in)	
Base carburetor (for synchronization, '97-'98 models only)			Rear cylinder (# 1)	
Idle speed			1,200 ± 100 rpm	
Throttle grip free pley			2-6 mm (1/12-1/4 in)	
Fuel pump flow capacity ('97-'98 models only)		Minimum 800 cm3 (27.1 US oz , 28.2 Imp oz) per minute at 13		

TORQUE VALUES

Fuel tank mounting bolt Fuel valve nut

Air cleaner housing mounting bolt Air cleaner housing cover bolt Fuel valve lever screw Throttle link cover screw

TOOLS

Carburetor float level gauge Pilot screw wrench

Vacuum/Pressure pump Pressure pump Vacuum pump 19 N-m (1.9 kgf·m , 14 lbf·ft) '97 – '98: 23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m , 17 lbf·ft) After '98: 35 N·m (3.6 kgf·m , 26 lbf·ft) 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft) 10 N·m (1.0 kgf·m , 7 lbf·ft) 4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m , 2.9 lbf·ft) 2 N·m (0.21 kgf·m , 1.5 lbf·ft)

> 07401-0010000 07LMA-MT8010A After '98 model with 07PMA-MZ2011A A937X-041-XXXXX or ST-AH-255-MC7 (U.S.A. only) ST-AH-260-MC7 (U.S.A. only)

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine won't to start

- No fuel in tank
- No fuel to carburetor
 - -Fuel strainer clogged
 - -Fuel filter clogged
 - -Fuel valve stuck
 - -Fuel auto cock malfunction (After '98)
 - -Fuel line clogged
 - -Fuel tank breather clogged
 - -Float level faulty
 - -Fuel pump malfunction ('97-'98)
- Too much fuel getting to the engine
- Air cleaner clogged
- -Flooded carburetor
- Intake air leak
- Fuel contaminated/deteriorated
- -Jet clogged
- Improper starting enrichment valve operation
- · Slow circuit or starting enrichment valve circuit clogged
- + Improper throttle operation
- · No spark at plug (ignition system faulty)

Lean mixture

- · Fuel jets clogged
- · Float valve faulty
- · Float level too low
- · Fuel line restricted
- · Intake air leak
- Throttle valve faulty
- · Vacuum piston faulty
- Fuel pump malfunction ('97-'98)

Rich mixture

- Starting enrichment valve open
- Float valve faulty
- Float level too high
- Air jets clogged
- Air cleaner element contaminated
- Flooded carburetor

Engine stalls, hard to start, rough idling

- Fuel line restricted
- Ignition system malfunction
- · Fuel mixture too lean/rich
- Fuel contaminated/deteriorated
- Jet clogged
- Intake air leak
- Idle speed misadjusted
- Float level misadjusted
- · Fuel tank breather clogged
- Pilot screw misadjusted
- Slow circuit or starting enrichment valve circuit clogged
- Carburetor synchronization misadjusted ('97 '98)
- Fuel pump malfunction ('97 '98)
- Fuel auto valve malfunction (After '98)
- Valve clearance misadjusted
- Cylinder compression too low

Afterburn when engine braking is used

- · Lean mixture in slow circuit
- · Air cut-off valve malfunction

Backfiring or misfiring during acceleration

- · Ignition system malfunction (Section 17)
- Fuel mixture too lean

Poor performance (driveability) and poor fuel economy

- · Fuel system clogged
- Ignition system malfunction (Section 17)

AIR CLEANER HOUSING

REMOVAL ('97-'98)

Remove the fuel tank (page 2-4).

Remove the air cleaner housing mounting bolts.

Loosen the air cleaner housing-to-air cleaner chamber band. Disconnect the crankcase breather tube from the air cleaner housing.

Remove the air cleaner housing.





REMOVAL ('97-'98)

Loosen the connecting band screws.



Remove the air clraner housing mounting bolts.



FUEL SYSTEM

Disconnect the breather tube from the air cleaner housing.



INSTALLATION ('97-'98)

correctly (page 1-22).

Route the tubes Wipe clean the mating surfaces and apply a Honda Bond A or equivalent.

Connect the crankcase breather tubes. Install the air cleaner housing. Tighten the air cleaner housing-to-air cleaner chamber band.



Install and tighten the air cleaner housing mounting bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)

Install the fuel tank (page 2-7).



INSTALLATION (After'98)

Connect the breather tube to the air cleaner housing.



FUEL SYSTEM

Connect the air cleaner case to the carburetor and air cleaner chamber. Install and tighten the air cleaner case mouting bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft)



Tighten the connecting band screws (page 5-9).



SUB-AIR CLEANER ELEMENT ('97-'98)

Remove the air cleaner housing (page 5-4).

Disconnect the air hose (carburetors-to-sub-air cleaner housing cover).

Remove the sub-air cleaner housing cover screw and cover.



Remove the element.



FUEL SYSTEM

Wash the element in non-flammable or high flash point solvent, squeeze out the solvent thoroughly, and allow the element to dry.

AWARNING

Never use gasoline or low flash point solvents for cleaning the element. A fire or explosion could result.

Allow the element to dry thoroughly. Soak the element in gear oil (SAE #80-90) and squeeze out the excess.

Install the element and cover. Install and tighten the mounting screw securely. Connect the air hose from the carburetors.







REMOVAL ('97-'98)

Remove the air cleaner housing and sub-air cleaner element (page 5-4, 6).

Loosen the intake duct hose bands at the carburetors and unhook the air cleaner chamber drain tube from the frame.

Remove the air cleaner chamber from the frame.



REMOVAL (After'98)

Remove the air cleaner housing (page 5-4) Disconnect the spark plug cap (L. front side). Remove the air cleaner chamber from the boss. Remove the air cleaner chamber from the left side of the frame.



INSTALLATION ('97-'98)



Install the air cleaner chamber in the frame and connect the intake ducts to the carburetors and tighten the band screws.

Install the sub-air cleaner element (page 5-7). Install the air cleaner housing (page 5-5).


INSTALLATION (After '98)



Install the air cleaner chamber from the left side of the frame.

Insert the air cleaner chamber to the boss. Connect the spark plug cap (L. front side). Install the air cleaner housing (page 5-4).



CARBURETOR REMOVAL ('97-'98)

AWARNING

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Loosen the carburetor drain screw and drain the carburetor.

Remove the air cleaner chamber (page 5-7). Remove the throttle link cover and disconnect the throttle cables from the carburetor.

Loosen the carburetor insulator bands.

Disconnect the evaporative emission purge control valve No.5 tubes and evaporative emission carburetor air vent control valve No.6 and 10 tubes from the carburetor (California type only, refer to 1-31).

Pull the carburetors the upward and out of the engine.







Remove the starting enrichment (SE) valve cable and SE valve from the carburetor by loosening each lock nut.

Remove the air tubes (carburetors-to-air cleaner), and fuel tube from the carburetor.



CARBURETOR REMOVAL (After '98)

AWARNING

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Loosen the carburetor drain screw and drain the fuel from the float chamber. Remove the fuel tank (page 2-4). Remove the link cover (page 5-35). Loosen the nut and remove the choke knob.

Disconnect the fuel tube. Disconnect the following tubes from the EVAP CAV CONTROL VALVE (California type only).

-No. 6 tube See page 1-37 -No. 10 tube Vacuum hose routing diagram/After '98

Remove the throttle stop control knob.

Disconnect the water tube from the inlet manifold. Disconnect the No. 5 tube (California type only/ After '98: page 1-37).

Loosen the throttle cable adjusters.









Loosen the carburetor insulator band screws and disconnect the carburetor.



Disconnect the water tubes. Disconnect the No. 11 tube (California type only/ After '98: page 1-37).



Rea. II TUES

Remove the adjusters from the stay. Remove the throttle cables from the throttle drum.



CARBURETOR SEPARATION ('97-'98)

The vacuum Loosen the synchronization adjusting screw.

chamber, float chamber and jets can be serviced without separating the carburetors. When separating the carburetors, be careful not to lose the thrust spring and synchronization adjusting spring.



Separate the carburetors by removing the two attaching screws.



Remove the thrust spring.



CARBURETOR DISASSEMBLY/ ASSEMBLY

NOTE:

- Vacuum chamber, float chamber and jets can be serviced without separating the carburetors.
- Note the location of the each carburetor parts so they can be put back into the original location.
- Keep each carburetor's parts separate from the others so you can install the parts in their original positions.
- For the following component inspections refer to the applicable pages.

 Vacuum chamber 	(page 5-15)
-Float chamber	('97-'98: page 5-17)
	(After '98: page 5-19)
- Pilot screw	(page 5-20)
-Jets	(page 5-20)



VACUUM CHAMBER

DISASSEMBLY

Remove the four screws and vacuum chamber cover.



Remove the spring, and diaphragm/vacuum piston.

Inspect the vacuum piston for wear, nicks, scratches or other damage.

Make sure the piston moves up and down freely in the chamber.



Push the jet needle holder in and turn it in 90 degrees counterclockwise.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the diaphragm.



Remove the jet needle holder, spring and jet needle from the piston.



INSPECTION

Inspect the needle for excessive wear at the tip, bending or other damage.

Inspect the diaphragm for damage, fatigue or pin holes,

Inspect the vacuum piston for wear or damage. Replace these parts if necessary.

Air will leak out of the vacuum chamber if the diaphragm is damaged in any way-even a pin hole.



ASSEMBLY

Install the jet needle, spring and jet needle holder to the vacuum piston.

Push the jet needle holder in and turn it in 90 degrees clockwise.



Install the vacuum piston/diaphragm to the cavity. Lift the bottom of the vacuum piston with your finger to set the diaphragm lip in the carburetor body.

NOTE:

Align the tab of the diaphragm with the cavity.



NOTE

Be careful not to pinch the diaphragm, and to keep the spring straight when installing the chamber cover by compressing the spring.

Install the spring and chamber cover while the piston remains in place. Secure the cover with screws before releasing the vacuum piston.



Install and tighten the screws securely.



CHAMBER OF AND A SCREWS





Handle all jets with care. They can easily be scored or scratched.

Remove the main jet, needle jet holder, slow jet and valve seat/filter.



FLOAT CHAMBER

DISASSEMBLY ('97-'98)

Remove the screws, float chamber and O-ring.

Remove the float pin, float and float valve.

NOTE:

- The pilot screws are factory pre-set and should not be removed unless the carburetors are overhauled.
- The pilot screw plugs are factory installed to prevent pilot screw misadjustment. Do not remove the plugs unless the pilot screws are being removed.
- Cover all openings with tape to keep metal particles out when the plugs are drilled.

Center punch the pilot screw plug. Center the drill point on the pilot screw plug.

Drill through the plug with a 4 mm (5/32 in) drill bit. Attach a drill stop to the bit 3 mm (1/8 in) from the end to prevent drilling into the pilot screw.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to drill into the pilot screw.
- Both pilot screws must be replaced even if only one requires it, for proper pilot screw adjustment (page 5-29).



Force a self-tapping 4 mm screw, (P/N 93903-35410) into the drilled plug and continue turning the screw driver until the plug rotates with the screw.

Pull on the screw head with pliers to remove the plug.

Use compressed air to clean the pilot screw area and remove metal shavings.



Turn each pilot screw in and carefully count the number of turns until it seats lightly. Make a note of this to use as a reference when reinstalling the pilot screws.

CAUTION:

Damage to the pilot screw seat will occur if the pilot screw is tightened against the seat.

Remove the pilot screw, spring, washer and O-ring.



DISASSEMBLY (After '98)

Remove the bolt and disconnect the accelerator pump arm linkage.



Remove the screws, float chamber and O-ring.

Remove the float pin, float and float valve.





CAUTION:

Handle all jets with care. They can easily be scored or scratched.

Remove the main jet, needle jet holder, slow jet and pilot screw.



INSPECTION

FLOAT VALVE, VALVE SEAT

A worn or will eventually flood the carburetor.

Check the float valve and valve seat for scoring, contaminated scratches, clogging or damage. valve does not Check the tip of the float valve where it contacts the seat properly and valve seat, for stepped wear or contamination.

JETS

Check the each jets for wear or damage. Clean the jets with non-flammable or high flash point solvent and blow open with compressed air.

VALVE SEAT/FILTER

Check the float valve seat and filter for grooves, nicks or deposits.

PILOT SCREW

Check the pilot screw for stepped wear or damage.

Replace these parts if necessary.







ASSEMBLY

Install the main jet, needle jet holder, slow jet and valve seat/filter.

Install the O-ring, washer, spring, pilot screw and new pilot screw plug ('97-'98 models only).

NOTE:

- · Install the pilot screw and return it to its original position as noted during removal.
- · Perform pilot screw adjustment if new pilot screw is installed (page 5-29).





Hang the float valve onto the float arm lip. Install the float valve with the float in the carburetor body, then install the float pin through the body and float.

FLOAT LEVEL

NOTE:

- Check the float level after checking the float valve and float.
- Set the float level gauge so that it is perpendicular to the float chamber face and in line with the main jet.

Set the carburetor so that the float valve just contacts the float arm lip. Be sure that the float valve tip is securely in contact with the valve seat. Check the float level with the float level gauge.

TOOLS:

Carburetor float level gauge: 07401-0010000

FLOAT LEVEL

'97-'98: 7.0 mm (0.28 in) After '98: 18.5 mm (0.73 in)

If the level is out of specification, replace the float.



Install the new O-ring into the float chamber groove.



Install the float chamber. Install and tighten the screw securely.







DISASSEMBLY

Remove the two screws, the set plate and the air cut-off valve cover.

Install the accelerator pump arm linkage and

tighten the bolt securely (After '98),

NOTE:

The air cut-off valve cover is under spring pressure. Do not lose the spring and screws.



INSPECTION

Check the diaphragm for deterioration, pin hole or other damage.

Check the spring for deterioration or other damage. Check the diaphragm needle for excessive wear at the tip or other damage.

Check the air vent orifice for clogging. Check the U-ring for damage ('97-'98).

Replace the air cut off valve as an assembly, if necessary.





ASSEMBLY

Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.

NOTE:

- Install the U-ring with its flat side toward the carburetor body as shown ('97-'98).
- Be careful not pinch the diaphragm.



CARBURETOR BODY CLEANING

CAUTION:

- Cleaning the air and fuel passages with a piece of wire will damage the carburetor body.
- Remove the diaphragms to prevent damage to them before using air to blow open passage.

Disassembled the carburetor (page 5-14).

Blow open all air and fuel passages in the carburetor body with compressed air. Clean the fuel strainer in the float valve using com-

pressed air from the float valve seat side.



CARBURETOR REASSEMBLY ('97-'98)



Loosen the synchronization adjusting screw until there is no spring tension.

Install the thrust spring between the throttle links.



Secure the carburetors together with the two screws.



Install the synchronization spring and synchronization adjusting screw.







Open the throttle slightly by rotating the throttle valve, then release the throttle. Make sure that there is no drag when opening and closing the throttle.

Turn the throttle stop control knob to align the rear cylinder carburetor throttle valve with the edge of the by-pass hole.



Align the front cylinder carburetor throttle valve with the by-pass hole edge by turning the synchronization adjusting screw.

Make sure the throttle returns smoothly.





CARBURETOR INSTALLATION ('97-'98)

Route the wires Install the starting enrichment (SE) valve and cable. and tubes properly

(page 1-22) Install the fuel and air tubes as shown.





Install the carburetor to the insulator. Tighten the insulator band screws securely.

Connect the throttle cables to the throttle drum. Install the throttle link cover and screw.

TORQUE: 2 N·m (0.21 kgf·m , 1.5 lbf·ft)

Install the following parts:

- Air cleaner chamber (page 5-16)
- Air cleaner housing (page 5-5)
- -Fuel tank (page 2-7)

Perform the following inspections and adjustment.

- Pilot screw (page 5-29)
- Carburetor synchronization (page 3-17)
- Throttle grip free play (page 3-4)
- Engine idle speed (page 3-18)
- Carburetor choke (page 3-6)

After installation, turn the ignition switch ON and check the fuel line for leakage.

CARBURETOR INSTALLATION (After '98)

NOTE:

(page 1-24).

Route the wires At the carburetor insulator installation, install the and tubes properly insulator with the "CARB" mark facing the carburetor.

> Install the carburetor insulator onto the carburetor by aligning its groove with the lug of the carburetor.

Install the throttle cables to the throttle drum. Install the adjusters to the stay.









Connect the water tubes. Connect the No. 11 tube (California type only/ After '98: page 1-37).



Install the carburetor on to the inlet manifold by aligning the insulator groove with the lug of the inlet manifold.

Tighten the insulator band screws.



Adjust the throttle grip free play by tightening the adjusters (page 3-6).





Connect the water tube to the inlet manifold. Connect the No. 5 tube (California type only/ After '98: page 1-37).









Install the choke knob and tighten the nut. Install the throttle stop control knob. Install the fuel tank (page 2-7). Install the link cover (page 5-35).

Perform the following inspections and adjustments. - Pilot screw (page 5-29)

- -Engine idle speed (page 3-18)
- Carburetor choke (page 3-6)

After installation, check the fuel and water lines for leakage.

PILOT SCREW ADJUSTMENT ('97-'98)

AWARNING

- If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area.
- The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death.

NOTE:

- Make sure the carburetor synchronization is within specification before pilot screw adjustment ('97 – '98 only: page 3-17).
- The pilot screw factory pre-set and no adjustment can be done unless it is replaced.
- Use a tachometer with graduations of 50 rpm or smaller that will accurately indicate a 50 rpm change.
- 1. Remove the pilot screw plugs (page 5-13).
- Turn each pilot screw clockwise until it seats lightly, then back it out to specification given.

INITIAL OPENING: 1 1/4 turns out

CAUTION:

Damage to the pilot screw seat will occur if the pilot screw is tightened against the seat.

- Warm up the engine to operating temperature. Stop and go riding for 10 minutes is sufficient.
- Attach a tachometer according to its manufactures instructions.
- Start the engine and adjust the engine idle speed to the specified rpm with the throttle stop control knob.

IDLE SPEED: 1,200 ± 100 rpm

- Turn each pilot screw 1/2 turn out from the initial setting.
- If the engine speed increase by 50 rpm or more, turn each pilot screw out by successive 1/2 turn increments until engine speed does not increase.
- 8. Adjust the idle speed with the throttle stop screw.
- Turn the rear cylinder carburetor pilot screw in until the engine speed drops 50 rpm.
- Turn the rear cylinder carburetor pilot screw counterclockwise to the final opening from the position in step 9.

FINAL OPENING: 1 turn out

- 11. Adjust the idle speed with the throttle stop screw.
- Perform steps 9, 10 and 11 for the front cylinder carburetor pilot screw.
- Drive new pilot screw plugs into the pilot screw bores with a 7 mm valve guide driver (P/N 07942-8230000). When fully seated, the plug surfaces will be recessed 1 mm.

PILOT SCREW ADJUSTMENT (After '98) IDLE DROP PROCEDURE

AWARNING

- If the engine must be running some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area.
- The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death.

NOTE:

- The pilot screw is factory pre-set. Adjustment is not necessary unless the carburetor is overhauled or a new pilot screw is installed.
- Use a tachometer with graduations of 50 rpm or smaller that will accuratery indicate a 50 rpm change.







 Turn the pilot screw with the pilot screw wrench clockwise until it seats lightly, and then back it out to the specification given. This is an initial setting prior to the final pilot screw adjustment.

TOOL:

Pilot screw wrench

07LMA-MT8010A with 07PMA-MZ2011A

CAUTION:

Damage to the pilot screw seat will occur if the pilot screw is tightened against the seat.

INITIAL OPENING:

49 state/Canada type: 3 turns out Carifornia type: 2 3/4 turns out

- Warm the engine up to operating temperature. Stop and go riding for 10 minutes is sufficient.
- Stop the engine and connect a tachometer according to the tachometer manufacturer's instructions.
- Start the engine and adjust the idle speed with the throttle stop control knob.

IDLE SPEED: 1,200 ± 100 rpm

- Turn the pilot screw in or out slowly to obtain the highest engine speed.
- Readjust the idle speed with the throttle stop control knob.
- Turn the pilot screw in until the engine speed drops 50 rpm.
- Turn the pilot screw conterclockwise to the final opening from the position in step 7.

FINAL OPENING: 3/4 turns out

Readjust the idle speed with the throttle stop screw.





FUEL PUMP ('97-'98)

AWARNING

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

SYSTEM INSPECTION

Remove the seat (page 2-2).

Turn the ignition switch OFF.

Disconnect the fuel cut relay 3P connector and connect the voltmeter at the 3P connector wire harness side.

CONNECTION: Black (+) - body ground (-)

Turn the ignition switch ON. There should be battery voltage. If there is no voltage, check for an open circuit or loose connection in Black wire. If there is battery voltage, check for continuity in the Black/Blue wire.



Check for continuity between the Black/Blue wire and ground at the 3P connector wire harness side.

CONNECTION: Black/Blue - body ground STANDARD: No continuity

If there is continuity, replace the fuel cut relay.



If there is no continuity, short the terminals of the 3P connector wire harness side with the suitable jumper wire.

SHORT TERMINALS: Black/Blue - Black



Disconnect the fuel pump 2P (White) connector and connect the voltmeter at the 2P (White) connector wire harness side.

CONNECTION: Black/Blue (+) - Green (-)

Turn the ignition switch ON and measure the voltage at the 2P (White) connector.

STANDARD: Battery voltage

If there is no voltage, check for an open circuit or loose connection in Black/Blue and Green wires. If there is battery voltage, replace the fuel pump.

DISCHARGE VOLUME INSPECTION

Remove the seat (page 2-2).

Disconnect the fuel cut relay 3P connector. Short the Black and Black/Blue terminals with a suitable jumper wire.

Disconnect the fuel pump outlet tube from the tube joint.

Hold a graduated beaker under the fuel pump outlet tube.

Turn the ignition switch ON and let the fuel flow into the beaker for 5 seconds, then turn the ignition switch OFF.

Multiply the amount in the beaker by 12 to determine the fuel pump flow capacity per minute.

FUEL PUMP FLOW CAPACITY: 800 cm³ (27.1 US oz , 28.2 Imp oz) min./minute









Remove the fuel tank (page 2-4).

Disconnect the fuel pump 2P (white) connector and remove the fuel pump wire from the clamps.





Disconnect the fuel pump tube. Remove the fuel pump from the pump bracket.



INSTALLATION

NOTE:

Route the wire harness and tubes properly (page 1-25).

Connect the fuel pump tube to the fuel pump. Install the fuel pump to the pump bracket. Connect the fuel tubes (pump-to-filter, pump-tocarburetor).

NOTE:

Connect the fuel tubes (pump-to-filter) to fuel pump "IN" mark side.

Connect the fuel pump 2P (white) connector and install the fuel pump wire to the clamps.

Install the seat (page 2-2).





FUEL FILTER ('97-'98)

REMOVAL

Remove the seat (page 2-2).

Disconnect the fuel tube (pump-to-filter). Remove the fuel filter and rubber cushion from the filter bracket.

Disconnect the fuel tubes from the fuel filter. Remove the rubber cushion from the fuel filter.

Check the fuel filter for damage or contamination. Replace the fuel filter if necessary.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE

At fuel filter and rubber cushion installation, install the filter with the "\$\approx " mark facing the fuel pump.

Install the seat (page 2-2).



FUEL AUTO VALVE (After '98)

INSPECTION

AWARNING

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Remove the fuel tank mount bolt (page 2-4). Disconnect the air tube and fuel (fuel auto valve-tocarburetor) tube.

Connect the vacuum pump to the air tube joint. Apply the vacuum pump and inspect the fuel flow from the fuel tube.

REMOVAL

Remove the fuel tank (page 2-3). Remove the screw and the cover. Remove the choke knob and throttle stop control knob (page 5-11).

Disconnect the fuel tube and air tube. Remove the two bolts and washer. Remove the fuel auto valve.







DISASSEMBLY

Remove the screws, clamp and the diaphragm cover.

NOTE

The diaphragm cover is under spring pressure. Do not lose the spring and screws.



Remove the diaphragms and spring. Check the diaphragms for damage or pin holes.

NOTE

Be careful not to damage the diaphragms.





Install the diaphragms and spring.



SCREWS DIAPHRAGM COVER

Install the diaphragm cover and clamp. Tighten the screws.

INSTALLATION

Install the fuel auto valve to the inlet manifold. Install the washer and tighten the two bolts. Connect the air tube and fuel tube.

Install the choke knob and throttle stop control knob (page 5-29).

Install the cover and tighten the screw to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 2 N-m (0.21 kgf-m , 1.5 lbf-ft)

Install the fuel tank (page 2-7).





HIGH ALTITUDE ADJUSTMENT (U.S.A. ONLY/'97-'98)

NOTE:

When the vehicle is to be operated continuously above 2,000 m (6,500 feet) the carburetors must be readjusted as follows to improve driveability and decrease exhaust emissions.

Remove each pilot screw plug (page 5-13). Warm up the engine to operating temperature. Stop and go driving for 10 minutes is sufficient. Turn each pilot screw to the specification shown below.

HIGH ALTITUDE SETTING: 1/2 turn in from low altitude setting

Adjust the idle speed to $1,200 \pm 100$ rpm, with the throttle stop control knob. Drive new pilot screw plugs into the pilot screw bores (page 5-21).

NOTE:

This adjustment must be made at high altitude to ensure proper high altitude operation.



that can be easily removed from the vehicle.

Do not attach the Attach a vehicle Emission Control Information label to any part update Label onto the inside of the left side cover as shown.

See SL# 132 for information on obtaining the label.

AWARNING

Sustained operation at an altitude lower than 1,500 m (5,000 feet) with the carburetors adjusted for high altitude may cause the engine to idle roughly and engine may stall in traffic and may cause engine damage due to overheating.

When the vehicle is to be operated continuously below 1,500 m (5,000 feet), turn each pilot screw to the specification below, its original, low altitude, position.

LOW ALTITUDE SETTING: 1/2 turn out from high altitude setting.

Adjust the idle speed to 1,200 ± 100 rpm with the throttle stop control knob.

Drive new pilot screw plugs into the pilot screw bores (page 5-21).

Be sure to make these adjustments at low altitude. Remove the Vehicle Emission Control Update Label that attached to the inside of the left side cover after adjusting for the low altitude.

HIGH ALTITUDE ADJUSTMENT (U.S.A. ONLY/After '98)

NOTE:

When the vehicle is to be operated continuously above 2,000 m (6,500 feet) the carburetor must be readjusted as follows to improve driveability and decrease exhaust emissions.

Warm up the engine to operating temperature. Stop and go driving for 10 minutes is sufficient. Turn the pilot screw to the specification shown below.

TOOLS:

Pilot screw wrench

07LMA-MT8010A with PMA-MZ2011A

HIGH ALTITUDE SETTING: 1/2 turn in from low altitude setting

Adjust the idle speed to 1,200 ± 100 rpm, with the throttle stop control knob.



PILOT SCREW 0 -10 PILOT SCREW WRENCH



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NOTE:

This adjustment must be made at high altitude to ensure proper high altitude operation.

Do not attach the label to any part that can be easily removed from the vehicle.

Attach a Vehicle Emission Control Information update Label as shown.

See SL# 132 for information on obtaining the label.

AWARNING

Sustained operation at an altitude lower than 1,500 m (5,000 feet) with the carburetor adjusted for high altitude may cause the engine to idle roughly and engine may stall in traffic and may cause engine damage due to overheating.

When the vehicle is to be operated continuously below 1,500 m (5,000 feet), turn the pilot screw to the specification below, its original, low altitude, position.

LOW ALTITUDE SETTING:

California type:

49 state/Canada type: 2 1/2 turns out 2 1/4 turns out from high altitude setting.

Adjust the idle speed to 1,200 ± 100 rpm with the throttle stop control knob.

Be sure to make these adjustments at low altitude. Remove the Vehicle Emission Control Update Label that attached to the inside of the left side cover after adjusting for the low altitude.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION PURGE CONTROL VALVE INSPECTION (CALIFORNIA TYPE ONLY)

The evaporative Check all fuel tank, Evaporative Emission Purge emission purge Control Valve (EVAP PURGE CONTROL VALVE), control valve and evaporative emission canister hoses to be sure should be they are not kinked and are securely connected. inspected if hot Replace any hose that shows signs of damage or restart is difficult. deterioration.

under the fuel tank. for hose connections.

The EVAP Disconnect the EVAP PURGE CONTROL VALVE PURGE hoses from their connections and remove the EVAP CONTROL PURGE CONTROL VALVE from its mount. Refer to VALVE is located the routing label on the inside of the left side cover



NEW

Refer to the routing label on the inside of the left side cover for hose connection.

After '99 Refer to the routing label on the frame pipe under the fuel tank for hose connection.

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5-39

Connect the vacuum pump to the No. 10 hose that goes to the right carburetor body ('97 - '98)/goes to the 3-way joint (After '98).

Connect the pressure pump to the air vent port of the EVAP CAV CONTROL VALVE.

While applying the vacuum to the EVAP CAV CON-TROL VALVE No. 10 hose that goes to the right carburetor body ('97-'98)/goes to the 3-way joint (After '98), pump air through the EVAP CAV CON-TROL VALVE and out the hose that goes to the carburetor air joint pipe ('97-'98)/goes to the carburetor body (After '98).

TOOL:

Vacuum/pressure pump Vacuum pump Pressure pump

A937-041-XXXXX or ST-AH-260-MC7 ST-AH-255-MC7

Plug the hose that goes to the carburetor air joint pipe ('97 - '98)/goes to the carburetor body (After '98).

While applying vacuum to the EVAP CAV CON-TROL VALVE No. 10 hose that goes to the right carburetor body ('97-'98)/goes to the 3-way joint (After '98), apply air pressure.

Remove the pumps, install the EVAP CAV CON-TROL VALVE on its mount, route and reconnect the hoses according to the routing label.

TOOL:

Vacuum/pressure pump A937-041-XXXXX or Vacuum pump ST-AH-260-MC7 Pressure pump ST-AH-255-MC7





NOTE

SYSTEM FLOW PATTERN

'97-'98:



6. COOLING SYSTEM

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TROUBLESHOOTING	6-3	RADIATOR/COOLING FAN	6-9
SYSTEM TESTING	6-4	WATER PUMP	6-15
COOLANT	6-5	RADIATOR RESERVE TANK	6-18

After '98:



6

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

AWARNING

- Wait until the engine is cool before slowly removing the radiator cap. Removing the cap while the engine is hot and the coolant is under pressure may cause serious scalding.
- · Radiator coolant is toxic. Keep it away from eyes, mouth, skin and clothes.
 - If any coolant gets in your eyes, rinse them with water and consult a doctor immediately.
 - If any coolant is swallowed, induce vomiting, gargle and consult a physician immediately.
- If any coolant gets on your skin or clothes, rinse thoroughly with plenty of water.
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- Use only distilled water and ethylene glycol in the cooling system. A 50-50 mixture is recommended for maximum corrosion protection. Do not use alcohol-based antifreeze or an antifreeze with self sealing properties.
- · Add coolant at the reserve tank. Do not remove the radiator cap except to refill or drain the system.
- All cooling system services can be done with the engine in the frame.
- · Avoid spilling coolant on painted surfaces.
- · After servicing the system, check for leaks with a cooling system tester.
- Refer to Section 19 for fan motor switch and thermosensor ('97-'00)/thermo switch (After '00) inspection.

SPECIFICATIONS

	ITEM	SPECIFICATIONS
Cooling capacity	Radiator and engine	1.6 8 (1.7 US gt , 1.4 Imp gt)
and the second second	Reserve tank	0.4 2 (0.4 US gt , 0.4 Imp gt)
Radiator cap relief pres	sure	BB-127 kPa (0.9-1.3 kgf/cm ² , 12.8-18 psi)
Thermostat	Begin to open	80-84 °C (176-183 °F)
	Fully open	95 °C (203 °F)
	Valve lift	8 mm (0.3 in) minimum
Standard coolant conce	entration	50 % mixture with soft water

TORQUE VALUES

Radiator mounting bolt	9 N-m (0.9 kgf-m , 6.5 lbf-ft)	
Radiator grille mounting screw	9 N-m (0.9 kgf-m , 6.5 lbf-ft)	
Thermostat bracket bolt	10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)	
Thermostat housing cover bolt	10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)	
Thermo sensor ('97-'00)	10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)	Apply sealant to the threads
Thermo switch (After '00)	8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m , 5.8 lbf·ft)	Apply sealant to the threads
Water hose band screw	7 N-m (0.7 kgf-m , 5.1 lbf-ft)	
Fan motor switch	18 N-m (1.8 kgf-m , 13 lbf-ft)	Apply sealant to the threads

TOOLS

Pressure pump

Equivalent commercially available

6-2
TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine temperature too high

- · Faulty temperature gauge or thermo sensor (Section 19)
- · Faulty radiator cap
- · Insufficient coolant
- · Passages blocked in radiator, hoses or water jacket
- · Air in system
- · Faulty water pump
- · Thermostat stuck closed
- · Faulty cooling fan motor
- Faulty fan motor switch

Engine temperature too low

- Faulty temperature gauge or thermo sensor (Section 19)
- · Thermostat stuck open
- · Faulty cooling fan motor switch

Coolant leaks

- · Faulty water pump mechanical seal
- · Deteriorated O-ring
- · Damaged or deteriorated gasket
- · Loose hose connection or clamp
- · Damaged or deteriorated hose
- Faulty radiator cap

SYSTEM TESTING

COOLANT (HYDROMETER TEST)

AWARNING

Be sure the engine is cool before removing the cap or you may be severely scalded.

Remove the steering covers (page 2-3).

Remove the radiator cap.

Check the coolant gravity using a hydrometer.

STANDARD COOLANT CONCENTRATION: 50 %

Look for contamination and replace the coolant if necessary.





Coolant specific gravity chart

Coolant temperature °C (°F)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
Coolant ratio %	(32)	(41)	(50)	(59)	(68)	(77)	(86)	(95)	(104)	(113)	(122)
5	1.009	1.009	1.008	1.008	1.007	1.006	1.005	1.003	1.001	0.999	0.997
10	1.018	1.017	1.017	1.016	1.015	1.014	1.013	1.011	1.009	1.007	1.005
15	1.028	1.027	1.026	1.025	1.024	1.022	1.020	1.018	1.016	1.014	1.012
20	1.036	1.035	1.034	1.033	1.031	1.029	1.027	1.025	1.023	1.021	1.019
25	1.045	1.044	1.043	1.042	1.040	1.038	1.036	1.034	1.031	1.028	1.025
30	1.053	1.052	1.051	1.049	1.047	1.045	1.043	1.041	1.038	1.035	1.032
35	1.063	1.062	1.060	1.058	1.056	1.054	1.052	1.049	1.046	1.043	1.040
40	1.072	1.070	1.068	1.066	1.064	1.062	1.059	1.056	1.053	1.050	1.047
45	1.080	1.078	1.076	1.074	1.072	1.069	1.066	1.063	1.060	1.057	1.054
50	1.086	1.084	1.082	1.080	1.077	1.074	1.071	1.068	1.065	1.062	1.059
55	1.095	1.093	1.091	1.0BB	1.085	1.082	1.079	1.076	1.073	1.070	1.067
60	1.100	1.098	1.095	1.092	1.089	1.086	1.083	1.080	1.077	1.074	1.071

RADIATOR CAP/SYSTEM PRESSURE INSPECTION

AWARNING

The engine must be cool before removing the radiator cap, or severe scalding may result.

Remove the steering covers (page 2-3). Remove the radiator cap.

tester, wet the

Before installing Pressure test the radiator cap. Replace the radiator the cap in the cap if it does not hold pressure, or if relief pressure is too high or too low. It must hold specified sealing surface. pressure for at least 6 seconds.

RADIATOR CAP RELIEF PRESSURE:

88-127 kPa (0.9-1.3 kgf/cm², 12.8-18 psi)

Pressure the radiator, engine and hoses, and check for leaks.

CAUTION:

Excessive pressure can damage the cooling system components. Do not exceed 127 kPa (1.3 kgf/cm², 18.5 psi).

Check the following components if the system will not hold specified pressure for at least 6 seconds.

- All hose and connections
- Water pump installation
- Water pump seal (for leakage)
- Deformed radiator filler neck





- · Radiator coolant is toxic. Keep it away from eyes, mouth, skin and clothes.
 - If any coolant gets in your eyes, rinse them with water and consult a doctor immediately.
 - If any coolant is swallowed, induce vomiting, gargle and consult a physician immediately.
 - If any coolant gets on your skin or clothes, rinse thoroughly with plenty of water.
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.







NOTE:

- The effectiveness of coolant decreases with the accumulation of rust or if there is a change in the mixing proportion during usage. Therefore, for best performance change the coolant regularly as specified in the maintenance schedule.
- Mix only distilled, low mineral water with the antifreeze.

RECOMMENDED MIXTURE:

50-50 (Distilled water and antifreeze)

REPLACEMENT/AIR BLEEDING

AWARNING

The engine must be cool before removing the radiator cap, or severe scalding may result.

NOTE:

When filling the system or reserve tank with a coolant (checking the coolant level), place the motorcycle in a vertical position on a flat, level surface.



Remove the steering covers (page 2-3). Remove the radiator cap.

Drain the coolant from the system by removing the drain bolt and sealing washer on the water pump cover.

Remove the rear cylinder coolant drain bolt and drain the coolant using a funnel as shown.

Reinstall and tighten the drain bolt securely with a new sealing washer.



Remove the reserve tank (page 6-18).

Remove the reserve tank cap from the reserve tank and drain the reserve coolant.

Empty the coolant and rinse the inside of the reserve tank with water.



Install the reserve tank (page 6-18).



Using the filler opening, fill the system with the recommended coolant up to filler neck. Remove the reserve tank cap and fill the reserve tank to the upper level line.

Bleed air from the system as follows:

1. Shift the transmission into neutral.

- Start the engine and let it idle for 2 3 minutes.
 2. Snap the throttle 3 4 times to bleed air from the system.
- Stop the engine and add coolant up to the filler neck. Reinstall the radiator cap.
- Check the level of coolant in the reserve tank and fill to the upper level if it is low.

THERMOSTAT

REMOVAL

Remove the following:

- -Fuel tank (page 2-4)
- -Air cleaner housing (page 5-4)
- Drain the coolant (page 6-6).

Remove the thermostat housing and radiator filler mounting bolts.

Disconnect the siphon tube from the radiator filler. Disconnect the upper radiator hose at the radiator and remove the filler and radiator hose from the frame.

Remove the bolts and thermostat housing cover.







Remove the thermostat from the housing.

Coolant temperature, thermosensor inspection and removal (page 19-13).



INSPECTION

AWARNING

- Wear insulated gloves and adequate eye protection.
- Keep flammable materials away from the electric heating element.

NOTE:

- Do not let the thermostat or thermometer touch the pan, or you will get false readings.
- Replace the thermostat if valve stays open at room temperature, or if it responds at temperatures other than those specified.

Visually inspect the thermostat for damage.

Heat the water with an electric heating element to operating temperature for 5 minutes. Suspended the thermostat in heated water to check its operation.

THERMOSTAT BEGINS TO OPEN:

80-84 °C (176-183 °F)

VALVE LIFT:

8 mm (0.3 in) minimum at 95 °C (203 °F)

INSTALLATION

Install the thermostat into the housing.

NOTE

Install the thermostat with its hole facing up and fit it properly in the housing.





Install a new O-ring on the housing cover and install the housing cover onto the housing.



Be sure to secure the thermostat ground wire with the cover mounting bolt as shown.

Be sure to secure Install and tighten the thermostat housing cover the thermostat mounting bolts to the specified torque.

> the cover TORQUE: 10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft) ing bolt as



Install the radiator filler onto the thermostat housing.

Tighten the filler and thermostat housing mounting bolts.

Install the following: — Air cleaner housing (page 5-5) — Fuel tank (page 2-7)

Fill and bleed the cooling system (page 6-7).

RADIATOR/COOLING FAN

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the radiator fins.

REMOVAL

Drain the coolant (page 6-6). Remove the fuel tnak (page 2-4). Disconnect the fan motor 2P (black) connector.







Disconnect the horn wires and remove the horn mounting bolt and horn ('97-'98).



Remove the radiator mounting bolt.

Loosen the hose band and disconnect the lower radiator hose from the radiator.



'97-'98 Unhook the radiator mount rubbers from the frame stays.

> Unclamp the hose band and disconnect the upper radiator hose from the radiator. Remove the radiator.



After '98: Unhook the radiator mount rubbers from the frame stays.

Loosen the hose band and disconnect the upper radiator hose.

Unclamp the tube band and disconnect the water tube.

Remove the radiator.



6-11

NUT

DISASSEMBLY

Remove the radiator grille mounting screw and radiator shroud.

Disconnect the fan motor switch connector. Remove the wires from the clamp.

Remove the bolts and ground terminal. Remove the cooling fan assembly from the radiator.

Remove the nut and cooling fan.



CLAMP

EAN





Remove the nuts and fan motor from the shroud.

The fan motor switch removal and inspection procedure is described on page 19-12.



ASSEMBLY



Install the fan Install the fan motor to the shroud. motor to the shroud with the drain tube direction as shown.



Install and tighten the nuts securely.

Install the cooling fan onto the motor shaft by aligning the flat surfaces.

Tighten the nut securely.



NUTS





Install the cooling fan assembly to the radiator. Tighten the bolts securely with the ground terminal.



Route the ground wire and fan motor switch wire properly, clamp the wires.



Install the radiator grille. Install and tighten the screw to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 9 N-m (0.9 kgf-m , 6.5 lbf-ft)





INSTALLATION

'97-'98: Connect the upper radiator hose and clamp the radiator hose band to the radiator.

Hook the radiator mount rubbers to the frame stays.



Hook the radiator mount rubbers to the frame stays.



Coonect the lower radiator hose and tighten the radiator hose band screw to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 7 N-m (0.7 kgf-m , 5.1 lbf-ft)

Install and tighten the radiator mounting bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 9 N-m (0.9 kgf-m , 6.5 lbf-ft)



Install the horn and tighten the mounting bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 26 N-m (2.7 kgf-m , 20 lbf-ft)

Connect the horn wires.



Connect the fan motor 2P (black) connector.

Install the steering covers (page 2-3). Install the fuel tank (page 2-4). Fill and bleed the cooling system (page 6-7).



WATER PUMP

MECHANICAL SEAL INSPECTION

NOTE:

The water pump cover and O-ring can be removed with engine in the frame.

Inspect the telltale hole for signs of coolant leakage. If there is leakage, the mechanical seal is defective and the water pump assembly must be replaced.



REMOVAL

Remove the engine from the frame (section 7).

Remove the water pump cover mounting bolts and cover.



Remove the O-ring and dowel pins from the water pump assembly and disconnect the water hose.



Do not disassemble the water pump Replace the pump as an assembly if if is damaged. Remove the water pump and O-ring from the crankcase.

INSPECTION

Check the water pump for mechanical seal leakage and bearing deterioration. Replace the water pump as an assembly if necessary.



INSTALLATION



Apply a coat of clean engine oil to a new O-ring and install it in the water pump shaft housing groove.

Align the water pump shaft groove with the oil pump shaft and insert the water pump into the crankcase.



Connect the water hose to the water pump assembly and clamp the hose band securely.

Apply a coat of clean engine oil to a new O-ring and install it around the impeller housing. Install the dowel pins.

Install the water pump cover to the water pump.



- Install and tighten the cover bolts securely.
- Install the engine in the frame (section 7).

Fill and bleed the cooling system (page 6-7). Fill the engine with the recommended engine oil (page 3-14).

Check the cooling system for leakage.



RADIATOR RESERVE TANK REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

The radiator reserve tank can be serviced with the rear wheel in the swingarm.

a hoist or jack under the engine.

CAUTION:

Do not support the motorcycle using oil filter.

Remove the evaporative emission canister (California type only).

Raise and support the motorcycle rear frame using

Place a suitable container under the siphon tube joint of the reserve tank.

Disconnect the radiator siphon tube and overflow tube at the reserve tank.

Remove the reserve tank mounting bolt, filler mounting nut and reserve tank.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Fill the reserve tank with coolant (page 6-7).



MEMO



-4	DRIVE SPROCKET INSTALLATION	7-14
-5		
	4 5	4 DRIVE SPROCKET INSTALLATION

After ' 98:



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

A floor jack or other adjustable support is required to support and maneuver the engine.

CAUTION:

Do not support the engine using the oil filter.

- When removing/installing the engine, cover the frame around the engine with tape beforehand for frame protection.
- The following components can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.
 - -Alternator (Section 9)
 - -Camshaft (Section 10)
 - Carburetor (Section 5)
 - Clutch/gearshift linkage (Section 8)
 - -Front cylinder (Section 11)
 - -Front cylinder head (Section 10)
 - -Ignition pulse generator (Section 17)
 - Starter motor/starter clutch (Section 18)
- The following components require engine removal for service.
 - Cylinder/piston (Section 11)
 - Crankshaft (Section 12)
 - Oil pump (Section 4)
 - Rear cylinder (Section 11)
 - Rear cylinder head (Section 10)
 - Shift fork, shift drum and gearshift spindle (Section 12)
 - Transmission (Section 12)
 - -Water pump body (Section 6)
- After engine installation, adjust the following.
 - Clutch cable (page 3-28)
 - Drive chain (page 3-20)
 - Throttle cable (page 3-4)

SPECIFICATION

ITEM			SPECIFICATIONS		
Engine dry weight	VT600C	'97	61.0 kg (134.5 lbs)		
	100.0000000	After '98	62.0 kg (136.7 lbs)	-	
	VT600CD		64.0 kg (141.1 lbs)		
Engine oil capacity			2.8 4 (3.0 US qt , 2.5 Imp qt)		
Coolant capacity		1.6 \$ (1.7 US qt , 1.4 Imp qt)			

TORQUE VALUES

Left rear cover bolt		12 N·m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)
Drive sprocket setting plate bolt	t	10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)
Clutch cable holder bolt		12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft)
Gearshift pedal pinch bolt		12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft)
Footpeg bracket bolt		39 N·m (4.0 kgf·m , 29 lbf-ft)
Swingarm pivot nut		88 N·m (9.0 kgf·m , 65 lbf-ft)
Front engine mounting bolt (up	per) '97-'98:	54 N·m (5.5 kgf·m , 40 lbf-ft)
	55 N-m (5.6 kgf-m , 41 lbf-ft	
(lov	54 N·m (5.5 kgf·m , 40 lbf-ft	
1.17-1	After '98:	55 N·m (5.6 kgf·m , 41 lbf-ft
Rear engine mounting bolt	'97-'98:	54 N·m (5.5 kgf·m , 40 lbf-ft
	After '98:	55 N·m (5.6 kgf·m , 41 lbf-ft
Engine bracket bolt (front)	'97-'98:	26 N·m (2.7 kgf·m , 20 lbf-ft
	After '98:	27 N-m (2.8 kgf-m , 20 lbf-ft
(rear)	'97-'98:	26 N-m (2.7 kgf-m , 20 lbf-ft
1.606753.501	After '98:	27 N-m (2.8 kgf-m , 20 lbf-ft

DRIVE SPROCKET REMOVAL

Loosen the rear axle nut. Loosen both lock nuts and turn both adjusting bolts as necessary.

Push the rear wheel forward fully, creating maximum drive chain slack.



Remove the bolt, clip, washer and left rear cover.

Remove the drive sprocket setting plate bolts.



BOLTS

Align the drive sprocket setting plate teeth and countershaft teeth, then remove the drive sproket setting plate.



Remove the drive sprocket.



ENGINE REMOVAL

CAUTION:

Do not support the engine using the oil filter.

NOTE

- · Support the motorcycle safety stand or a hoist.
- Turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the battery ground (-) cable (page 16-5).
- A floor jack or adjustable support is required to support and maneuver the engine. The jack height must be continually adjusted to relieve stress for ease of bolt removal.

Drain the engine oil (page 3-14) and the radiator coolant (page 6-6).

Disconnect the battery negative cable from the battery terminal.

Remove the following:

- -Fuel tank (page 2-4)
- Air cleaner housing (page 5-4)
- Air cleaner chamber (page 5-7)
- Carburetor (page 5-10)
- -Exhaust pipe/muffler (page 2-14)
- Drive sprocket (page 7-4)

Disconnect the oil pressure and neutral switch wires from the switch terminals and free the switch wire harness from the engine and frame.



Remove the nuts and disconnect the starter motor cable and ground cable from the starter motor.

Remove the clutch cable holder bolt and disconnect the clutch cable from the clutch lifter arm.

Remove the right footpeg bracket bolts. Remove the right footpeg and rear brake pedal.

Disconnect the ignition pulse generator wire 4P

(White) connector and free the wire harness from

the engine and frame.











Disconnect the alternator wire 3P (White) connector and free the wire harness from the engine and frame.



Loosen the radiator hose band screw and remove the lower radiator hose (radiator-to-water pump).







Remove the radiator mounting bolt.

'97-'98: Disconnect the water hoses (thermostat housingto-cylinder heads) from the cylinder heads (page 10-5).

> Place a floor jack or other adjustable support under the engine.

CAUTION:

Do not support the engine using the oil filter. This may break the oil filter mount resulting in crankcase replacement.

NOTE:

The jack height must be continually adjusted to relieve stress for ease of bolt removal.

After '98: Remove the water tube from the rear cylinder. Remove the bolts and the inlet manifold.



Unclamp the hose bands and disconnect the water hoses.

Disconnect the engine breather tube.

Place a floor jack or other adjustable support under the engine.

CAUTION:

Do not support the engine using the oil filter. This may break the oil filter mount resulting in crankcase replacement.

NOTE:

The jack height must be continually adjusted to relieve stress for ease of bolt removal.

Remove the front upper engine mounting bolt/nut (10 mm) and collar.

Remove the front upper engine bracket bolts (8 mm) and bracket.





Remove the front lower engine mounting bolt/nut (10 mm).

Remove the front lower engine bracket bolts (8 mm) and bracket.



Remove the rear engine mounting bolt/nut (10 mm). Remove the rear engine bracket bolts (8 mm) and bracket.



Remove the swingarm pivot bolt caps. Remove the swingarm pivot bolt, nut and collars.

CAUTION:

During engine removal, hold the engine securely and be careful not to damage the frame, engine and radiator fins.

Remove the engine from the right side of the frame.



ENGINE INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

Carefully align the mounting points with the jack to prevent damage to engine, frame, wires and cables.

NOTE:

- Loosely install all the engine mounting bolts and nuts, then tighten the bolts and nuts to the specified torque.
- At engine installation, temporarily install the drive chain to the gearshift spindle.
- Be sure to install the mounting collars and swingarm dust seals in their correct positions.

Use a floor jack or other adjustable support to carefully maneuver the engine in to place. Carefully align the bolt holes in the frame and engine.



Install the swingarm pivot collars, bolt and nut.



Install the rear engine bracket and bracket bolts (8 mm).

Install the rear engine mounting bolt/nut (10 mm).



Install the front lower engine bracket and bracket bolts (8 mm).

Install the front lower engine mounting bolt/nut (10 mm).

Install the front upper engine bracket and bracket bolts (8 mm).

Install the collar and front upper engine mounting bolt/nut (10 mm).

Tighten the engine bracket and mounting bolt/nut to the specified torque.

TORQUE:

Engine bracket bolt (upper/lower) '97 – '98: 26 N-m (2.7 kgf-m, 20 lbf-ft) After '98: 27 N-m (2.8 kgf-m, 20 lbf-ft) Front engine mounting bolt (upper/lower) '97 – '98: 54 N-m (5.5 kgf-m, 40 lbf-ft) After '98: 55 N-m (5.6 kgf-m, 41 lbf-ft) Rear engine mounting bolt '97 – '98: 54 N-m (5.5 kgf-m, 40 lbf-ft) After '98: 55 N-m (5.6 kgf-m, 41 lbf-ft)





Tighten the swingarm pivot nut to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 88 N-m (9.0 kgf-m , 65 lbf-ft)

Install the swingarm pivot bolt caps.

'97-'98: Connect the water hoses (thermostat housing-tocylinder heads) to the cylinder heads.

After '98: Connect the water hoses (thermostat housing-tocylinder heads) to the cylinder heads and clamp the hose bands. Connect the engine breather tube.

> Apply engine oil to the new O-rings, then install to the inlet manifold.









Install the inlet manifold and tighten the bolts. Connect the water tube to the rear cylinder.

Install the following:

specified torque.

- Carburetor (page 5-26)
- -Fuel auto valve (page 5-35)



BOLT



Connect the lower radiator hose (radiator-to-water pump) to the water pump. Tighten the band screw to the specified torque.

Install and tighten the radiator mount bolt to the

TORQUE: 9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m , 6.5 lbf·ft)

TORQUE: 7 N-m (0.7 kgf-m , 5.1 lbf-ft)

Route the alternator wire harness properly (refer to section 1). Connect the alternator wire 3P (White) connector.



Route the ignition pulse generator wire harness properly (refer to section 2).

Connect the ignition pulse generator wire 2P (White) connector.

Install the rear brake pedal and right footpeg.

TORQUE: 39 N-m (4.0 kgf-m , 29 lbf-ft)

torque.

Install and tighten the bracket bolt to the specified

Connect the clutch cable to the clutch lifter arm.

Tighten the holder bolt to the specified torque.

Install the clutch cable holder and bolt.

TORQUE: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf-ft)







Connect the starter motor cable and ground cable

to the starter motor. Install and tighten the cable nut to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)

Route the neutral switch and oil pressure switch wire harness properly (refer to section 2). Connect the wire terminals. Install and tighten the oil pressure switch terminal screw to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 2 N-m (0.23 kgf-m , 1.7 lbf-ft)



Install the following:

- Drive sprocket (page 7-14)
- Gearshift arm (page 8-16)
- -Exhaust pipe/muffler (page 2-15)
- Carburetor (page 5-26)
- -Air cleaner chamber (page 5-7)
- -Air cleaner housing (page 5-5)
- -Fuel tank (page 2-7)

Fill the engine oil (page 3-14).

Fill and bleed the cooling system (page 6-6). Connect the battery negative cable to the battery terminal.



Install the drive chain to the drive sprocket. Install the drive sprocket to the countershaft with its marking side facing out.





Install the drive sprocket setting plate onto the countershaft and align the bolt holes on the plate with the holes of the sprocket.



Install and tighten the drive sprocket setting plate bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)



Install the left rear cover, washer and clip to the securely.



Install and tighten the left rear cover bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft)

Adjust the drive chain slack (page 3-20).



CLUTCH/GEARSHIFT LINKAGE



8. CLUTCH/GEARSHIFT LINKAGE

SERVICE INFORMATION	8-1	PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR	8-9
TROUBLESHOOTING	8-2	GEARSHIFT LINKAGE	8-12
RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER	8-3	CLUTCH INSTALLATION	8-16
CLUTCH REMOVAL	8-5	RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER	8-20

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

- The clutch and gearshift linkage maintenance can be done with the engine in the frame.
- Engine oil viscosity and level, and the use of oil additives have an effect on clutch disengagement. Oil additives of kind are not recommended. When the clutch does not disengage or the motorcycle creeps with the clutch disengaged, inspect the engine oil viscosity and level before servicing the clutch system.
- · Clean off any gasket material from the right crankcase cover surface.
- . Be careful not to damage the crankcase cover mating surface when servicing.
- . When removing or servicing the clutch and gearshift linkage, use care not to allow dust or dirt to enter the engine.
- . The crankcase must be separated when the transmission requires service (Section 12).
- Refer to section 17 for ignition pulse generator inspection.

SPECIFICATIONS

Louisonio			UNIT: mm (ir	
ITEM Clutch lever free play		STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT	
		10-20 (3/8-3/4)		
Clutch spring free length		43.2 (1.70)	41.6 (1.64)	
Clutch disc thickness	A	2.92-3.08 (0.115-0.121)	2.6 (0.10)	
	В	2.92-3.08 (0.115-0.121)	2.6 (0.10)	
Clutch plate warpage			0.30 (0.012)	
Clutch outer guide	I.D.	21.991-22.016 (0.8658-0.8668)	22.09 (0.870)	
	0.D.	31.959-31.975 (1.2582-1.2589)	31.98 (1.259)	
Clutch outer I.D.		32.000 - 32.025 (1.2598 - 1.2608)	32.10 (1.264)	
Oil pump drive sprocket I.D.		32.000-32.025 (1.2598-1.2608)	32.10 (1.264)	
Mainshaft O.D. at clutch outer guide		21.967-21.980 (0.8648-0.8654)	21.92 (0.863)	

TORQUE VALUES

Right crankcase cover bolt		12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)				
Clutch cable holder bolt		12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf-ft)				
Clutch lifter plate bolt		12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf-ft)				
Clutch center lock nut '97-'98: After '98:		127 N-m (13.0 kgf-m , 94 lbf-ft) Stake 128 N-m (13.1 kgf-m , 95 lbf-ft)				
					Primary drive gear bolt	
	Apply oil to the threads and seating surface					
Gearshift cam plate bolt		12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)	Apply a locking agent to the threads			
Gearshift pedal pinch bolt		12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf-ft)				
Gearshift return spring pin		23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m , 17 lbf-ft)				
Oil pump driven sprocket bolt		15 N·m (1.5 kgf·m , 11 lbf·ft) Apply a locking agent to the three				

TOOLS

Lock nut wrench, 17 × 27 mm Gear holder Clutch center holder 07716-0020300 or equivalent commercially available in U.S.A. 07724-0010100 07JMB-MN50301 or 07HGB-001010A or 07HGB-001010B and 07HGB-001020A 07HGB-001020B

TROUBLESHOOTING

Clutch lever too hard

- · Damaged, kinked or dirty clutch cable
- · Faulty clutch lifter plate bearing
- Damaged clutch lifter mechanism
- Improperly routed clutch cable

Clutch will not disengage or motorcycle creeps with clutch disengaged

- Too much clutch lever free play
- Warped clutch plates
- Loose clutch center lock nut
- Engine oil too high, improper oil viscosity

Clutch slips

- Clutch lifter sticking
- · Worn clutch discs
- Weak clutch springs
- No clutch lever free play

Hard to shift

- Improper clutch operation or incorrect clutch adjustment
- · Bent or damaged shift forks (Section 12)
- · Bent shift fork shaft (Section 12)
- · Bent or damaged gearshift spindle
- Damaged shift drum cam grooves

Transmission jumps out of gear

- · Worn gear dogs or slots
- Bent shift fork shaft (Section 12)
- Broken shift drum stopper arm
- Worn or bent shift forks (Section 12)
- Broken gearshift linkage return spring
RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL

Drain the engine oil (page 3-14). Disconnect the clutch cable from the clutch lifter arm.



Remove the right crankcase bolts and cover.



'97-'98: Remove the dowel pins and gasket.

NOTE:

After '98 models have sealant instead of a paper gasket.

After '98: Be careful not to damege the mating surface.

After '98: Remove the dowel pins and clean off the sealant etul not to from the mating surface.





DISASSEMBLY

Remove the clutch lifter piece.

Remove the snap ring and return spring from the right crankcase cover.



Remove the clutch lifter arm.



INSPECTION

Check the dust seal fatigue or damage. Check the needle bearing for wear, damage or loose fit. Replace these parts if necessary.

NOTE

If the dust seal replacement is required, press the dust seal to the case surface.



Check the clutch lifter arm for damage or bending. Check the spring for fatigue or damage. Replace these parts if necessary.

Apply grease to the clutch lifter arm sliding surface. Apply grease to the dust seal lips and needle bearing.



CLUTCH REMOVAL

If the oil pump driven sprocket will be removed, loosen the driven sprocket bolt with the clutch is still installed.

If the oil pump Remove the right crankcase cover (page 8-3).

Loosen the clutch lifter plate bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps. Remove the lifter plate/bearing and clutch springs.



Unstake the clutch center lock nut.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the mainshaft threads.



Hold the pressure plate with the clutch center holder and loosen the clutch center lock nut.

TOOL:

Clutch center holder 07JMB – MN50301 or 07HGB – 001010A or 07HGB – 001010B and 07HGB – 001020A 07HGB – 001020B (U.S.A. only) Lock nut wrench 07716 – 0020300

Equivalent commercially

available in U.S.A.

CHUTCH CENTER HOLDER

Remove the clutch center lock nut and washer.



Remove the clutch center. Remove the judder spring, spring seat, clutch discs and clutch plates as a set. Remove the pressure plate.







Remove the oil pump driven sprocket bolt and washer.



Remove the oil pump drive sprocket, driven sprocket and oil pump drive chain as a set. Remove the clutch outer guide.





LIFTER PLATE BEARING

Check the lifter plate bearing for damage.

Turn the bearing inner race with your finger. The bearing should turn smoothly and quietly without play.

Also check that the bearing outer race fits in the plate.

Replace the bearing if necessary.



CLUTCH SPRING

springs as a set.

Replace the clutch Measure the clutch spring free length.

SERVICE LIMIT: 41.6 mm (1.64 in)



DISC

CLUTCH DISC

and plates as a set. discoloration.

Replace the discs Check the clutch discs for signs of scoring or

Measure the thickness of the discs.

SERVICE LIMITS: Disk A: 2.6 mm (0.10 in) Disk B: 2.6 mm (0.10 in)

CLUTCH PLATE

Replace the discs Check the plate for excessive warpage or and plates as a set. discoloration. Check the plate warpage on a surface plate using a feeler gauge.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.30 mm (0.012 in)



CLUTCH CENTER

Check the clutch center for nicks, indentations or abnormal wear made by the clutch plates.

CLUTCH CENTER



CLUTCH OUTER

Check the slots in the clutch outer for nicks or indentations made by clutch discs.

Measure the I.D. of the clutch outer.

SERVICE LIMIT: 32.10 mm (1.264 in)





CLUTCH OUTER GUIDE

Measure the clutch outer guide.

SERVICE LIMITS: O.D.: 31.98 mm (1.259 in) I.D.: 22.09 mm (0.870 in)



OIL PUMP DRIVE SPROCKET

Check the oil pump drive sprocket for damage. Measure the I.D. of the drive sprocket.

SERVICE LIMIT: 32.10 mm (1.264 in)





Measure the mainshaft O.D. at the clutch outer guide.

SERVICE LIMIT: 21.92 mm (0.863 in)



JUDDER SPRING, SPRING SEAT

Check the spring seat and judder spring for distortion, wear of damage.

SPRING SEAT

JUDDER SPRING



PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR

REMOVAL

Remove the clutch (page 8-5).

Remove the ignition pulse generator mounting bolts and ignition pulse generators. Temporarily install the clutch outer onto the mainshaft.

Hold the primary drive gear with the gear holder and remove the primary drive gear bolt.

TOOL:

Gear holder

07724-0010100



Remove the clutch outer and gear holder. Remove the ignition pulse generator rotor and primary drive gear.



PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR



INSPECTION

Check the serrated teeth of the primary drive gear for wear or damage.

Check the serrated teeth of the sub gear for wear or damage.

INSTALLATION

The primary drive gear will only go on in one position because of the extra wide aligning spline.

The primary drive Install the primary drive gear with the "OUT" mark gear will only go facing out.



The ignition puise generator rotor will only go on in one position because of the extra wide aligning spilne.

The ignition pulse Install the ignition pulse generator rotor.



BOLT/WASHER

threads and seating surface. Install the washer and primary drive gear bolt.

Apply engine oil to the primary drive gear bolt

Temporarily install the clutch outer onto the mainshaft.

Hold the primary drive gear with the gear holder.

TOOL: Gear holder

07724-0010100

Tighten the primary drive gear bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 88 N-m (9.0 kgf-m , 65 lbf-ft)

Remove the gear holder, clutch outer and clutch outer guide.

Apply a locking agent to the ignition pulse generator bolt threads. Install the ignition pulse generators and tighten the bolts to the specified torque.

TOROUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)





Install the clutch (page 8-16).

NOTE:

If the ignition pulse genelator wire grommets were removed from the case groove, reinstall them securely.





REMOVAL

Remove the left rear cover (page 7-4). Remove the gearshift arm pinch bolt and gearshift arm from the gearshift spindle.



Remove the bolts and gearshift pedal/arm from the left footpeg.

Remove the following:

- Right crankcase cover (page 8-3)
- Clutch (page 8-5)
- Oil pump drive chain (page 8-6)



Remove the oil pipe stay mounting bolt and oil pipe mounting bolt. Pull the oil pipe out of the stay and oil pump.



Remove the O-ring from the oil pipe.









Remove the gearshift spindle from the crankcase while unhooking the shifter arm from the gearshift cam plate.

Remove the bolt, washer, gearshift drum stopper, collar and spring.

Remove the bolt and gearshift cam plate.

INSPECTION

Check the gearshift spindle for wear or damage. Check the return spring for fatigue or damage.



Inspect the gearshift pedal shaft for damage or loose lock nuts.

Replace the shaft if necessary.



Inspect the dust seals and pivot collar for wear or damage.

Replace if necessary.

Apply grease to the dust seal lips and pivot collar. Install them into the pedal shaft.



INSTALLATION

Install the gearshift cam plate to the shift drum.

NOTE:

Install the gearshift cam plate aligning the hole on the cam plate with the dowel pin.



DOM

Clean and apply a locking agent to the gearshift cam plate bolt threads.

Install and tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)









Install the gearshift spindle by aligning the return spring ends with the pin in the case.

Apply oil to the new O-ring. Install the oil pipe with a new O-ring onto the oil pipe stay and oil pump.

Install and tighten the bolt securely.

Install the following:

- -Oil pump drive chain/Clutch (see below)
- -Right crankcase cover (page 8-20)



Install the gearshift pedal and gearshift pedal mounting bolt. Tighten the mounting bolt securely.



install the gearshift arm to the gearshift spindle aligning the punch mark on the spindle with the punch mark of the gearshift arm.

Install and tighten the gearshift arm pinch bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)

Install the left rear cover (page 7-15).

CLUTCH INSTALLATION

NOTE:

outer guide.

If the oil pump driven sprocket is removed, tighten the driven sprocket bolt to the specified torgue after clutch installation.

Install the oil pump Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the clutch outer drive sprocket guide outer surface. with its tabs side Install the clutch outer guide to the mainshaft. facing out. Install the oil pump drive sprocket to the clutch





Install the oil pump drive chain to the oil pump drive and driven sprocket.

Install the oil pump driven sprocket with the "IN" mark on the driven sprocket facing inside.

Align the flat surfaces of the driven sprocket hole and oil pump shaft end.



Clean and apply a locking agent to the oil pump driven sprocket bolt threads. Install the oil pump driven sprocket bolt.

NOTE

If the oil pump driven sprocket is removed, tighten the driven sprocket bolt to the specified torque after clutch installation.



en ALIGN TABS

CLUTCHOU

SPROCKET/BOLT

Install the thrust washer onto the mainshaft.



Coat the clutch discs and clutch plates with clean engine oil.

Install the clutch disc B, spring seat and judder spring on the clutch center as shown.

Install the six clutch plates and six clutch discs A alternately, starting with a clutch plate to the clutch center.

Install the washer, pressure plate, clutch discs, clutch plates, judder spring, spring seat and clutch center as a set to the clutch outer.





Install the clutch assembly to the mainshaft. Install the new spring washer with its "OUT SIDE" mark facing out. Apply engine oil to new clutch center lock nut threads.

Install the new clutch center lock nut.



Hold the clutch center with the clutch center holder.

TOOLS	5:
Clutch	center

center holder	07JMB-MN50301 or	
	07HGB-001010A or	
	07HGB-001010B and	
	07HGB-001020A	
	07HGB-001020B	
	(U.S.A. only)	

Tighten the lock nut to the specified torque.

TORQUE:	'97-	'98:	127 N-m (13.0 kgf-m , 94 lbf-ft)
	After	'98:	128 N-m (13.1 kgf-m , 95 lbf-ft)

Remove the special tools and stake the lock nut into the mainshaft groove.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the mainshaft threads.

Install the clutch springs and lifter plate/bearing.

crisscross pattern in several steps.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)







If the oil pump driven sprocket is removed, tighten the driven sprocket bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 15 N-m (1.5 kgf-m , 11 lbf-ft)

Install the right crankcase cover (see next page).



RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER INSTALLATION

ASSEMBLY

Apply grease to the clutch lifter arm pivot needle bearings and dust seal lips.



Apply grease to the clutch lifter arm sliding surfaces and slit. Install the clutch lifter arm.



Install the return spring and snap ring. Hook the spring end in the cover tab securely, and turn the shaft.



LIFTER ARMS

Apply grease to the clutch lifter piece. Install the clutch lifter piece, aligning the piece end with the groove in the clutch lifter arm.

INSTALLATION

'97- '98: Install the dowel pins and new gasket.



After '98: Be careful not to damage the mating surface.

After '98: Clean the right crankcase cover mating surface. eful not to

damage the Apply sealant well to the right crankcase cover mating surface. mating surface as shown.

CAUTION:

Do not wipe off the excessive sealant by using the organic solvent.

Install the dowel pins.

Install the right crankcase cover. Install and tighten the right crankcase cover bolts in a crisscross pattern in several steps.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)





Connect the clutch cable and install the cable holder and bolt.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)

Fill the engine oil (page 3-14). Perform the clutch adjustment (page 3-28).





SERVICE INFORMATION	9-1	FLYWHEEL, STARTER CLUTCH	9-3
TROUBLESHOOTING	9-1	STATOR INSTALLATION	9-9
STATOR REMOVAL	9-2		

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

. The alternator and starter clutch maintenance can be done with the engine in the frame.

Refer to section 16 for alternator inspection.

SPECIFICATIONS

			Unit: mm (in)
IT.	ГЕМ	STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Starter driven gear	I.D.	37.000-37.025 (1.4567-1.4577)	37.10 (1.461)
	O.D.	57.749-57.768 (2.2736-2.2743)	57.73 (2.273)
Starter clutch outer I.D.		74.414-74.440 (2.9297-2.9307)	74.46 (2.931)

TORQUE VALUES

Left crankcase cover bolt		12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)	
Flywheel bolt	'97-'98:	127 N-m (13.0 kgf-m , 94 lbf-ft)	Left hand threads
	After '98:	128 N-m (13.1 kgf-m , 95 lbf-ft)	Apply oil to the threads and seating surface
Starter one-way clutch torx bolt	'97-'98:	29 N-m (3.0 kgf-m , 22 lbf-ft)	Apply a locking agent to the threads
annan reacht in in an	After '98:	30 N·m (3.1 kgf·m , 22 lbf·ft)	
Stator mounting socket bolt		12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)	Apply a locking agent to the threads
Alternator cord clamper		12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft)	Apply a locking agent to the threads
Ignition pulse generator bolt		12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft)	Apply a locking agent to the threads
TOOLS			

TUOLS

Flywheel holder	07725-0040000
Rotor puller	07733-0020001 or 07933-3290001 (U.S.A. only

TROUBLESHOOTING

Starter motor turns, but engine does not turn

- · Faulty starter clutch
- Damaged reduction gear
- Damaged starter idle gear

9

STATOR REMOVAL

Refer to page 16-7 Remove the left side cover (page 2-3) and for alternator disconnect the alternator 3P (White) connector. (charging coil) inspection.



Remove the left rear cover (page 7-4).

Place a container under the left crankcase cover to catch the engine oil.

left Remove the eleven left crankcase cover bolts and over cover.

Loosen the left crankcase cover bolts in a crisscross pattern in several steps.

CAUTION:

The left crankcase cover (stator) is magnetically attached to the flywheel, be careful to removal.



'97-'98: Remove the gasket and dowel pins.

NOTE:

After '98 models have sealant instead of a paper gasket.

After '98: Be careful not to damege the mating surface.

Remove the dowel pins and clean off the sealant from the mating surface.

Remove the socket bolts and wire clamp from the left crankcase cover.





Remove the stator grommets from the left crankcase cover.







FLYWHEEL, STARTER CLUTCH

crankcase cover.

for alternator inspection.

Refer to page 16-7 Remove the left crankcase cover (page 9-2).

(charging coil) Remove the starter idle gear and shaft. Remove the starter reduction gear and shaft.

CAUTION:

The flywheel bolt has left hand threads.

Remove the flywheel bolt and washer while holding the flywheel with a flywheel holder.

TOOL Flywheel holder

07725-0040000 Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.



Remove the flywheel using the rotor puller.

TOOL:

Rotor puller

07733-0020001 or 07933-3290001 (U.S.A. only)



Remove the needle bearing and woodruff key from the crankshaft.

NOTE:

- During woodruff key removal, be careful not to damage the key groove or crankshaft.
- Do not lose the woodruff key.





Check that the driven gear turns smoothly in one direction and locks up in the other direction.

Remove the starter driven gear from the flywheel while turning the driven gear counterclockwise.



Remove the starter one-way clutch torx bolts while holding the flywheel with a flywheel holder.

TOOL: Flywheel holder

07725-0040000 Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.



Remove the clutch housing and one-way clutch from the flywheel. Remove the washer.



STARTER CLUTCH INSPECTION

NEEDLE BEARING

Check the needle bearing clutch sprag for abnormal wear, damage.



ONE-WAY CLUTCH

Check the one-way clutch sprag for abnormal wear, damage or irregular movement.

CLUTCH HOUSING

Check the clutch inner contact surface of the housing for damage.



STARTER DRIVEN GEAR

Check the roller contact surface for damage.

Measure the driven gear O.D.

SERVICE LIMIT: 57.73 mm (2.273 in)

Measure the driven gear I.D.

SERVICE LIMIT: 37.10 mm (1.461 in)



STARTER DRIVEN GEAR, STARTER CLUTCH INSTALLATION



Clean the one-way clutch and apply engine oil to the sprag.

Install the one-way clutch into the clutch housing with its flange side facing flywheel.



Install the washer. Install the clutch housing/one-way clutch to the flywheel.



Hold the flywheel using the flywheel holder.

TOOL: Flywheel holder 07725-0040000

Clean and apply a locking agent to the starter oneway clutch torx bolt threads.

Install and tighten the starter one-way clutch torx bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: '97 - '98: 29 N·m (3.0 kgf·m , 22 lbf·ft) After '99: 30 N·m (3.1 kgf·m , 22 lbf·ft)

Install the starter driven gear to the flywheel while turning the driven gear counterclockwise.









FLYWHEEL INSTALLATION

When woodruff key installation, be careful not to damage the key groove or crankshaft.

When woodruff Apply engine oil to the needle bearing and install it y installation, be onto the crankshaft.

careful not to Wipe any oil off the mating surface of the smage the key crank shaft.

groove or Install the woodruff key to the key groove of crankshaft, crankshaft,

> Wipe any oil off the mating surface of the flywheel. Install the flywheel to the crankshaft aligning the key groove of the flywheel with the woodruff key on the crankshaft.

Hold the flywheel using the flywheel holder.

TOOL:

Flywheel holder

07725-0040000 Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

Install the washer.

CAUTION:

The flywheel bolt has left hand threads.



Apply engine oil to the flywheel bolt threads and seating surface.

Install and tighten the flywheel bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: '97 - '98: 127 N·m (13.0 kgf·m , 94 lbf·ft) After '98: 128 N·m (13.1 kgf·m , 95 lbf·ft)

Check the starter reduction gear, shaft and journal for wear or damage.



Check the starter idle gear, shaft and journal for wear or damage.



Apply engine oil to the starter reduction gear, starter idle gear and shafts.

Install the starter reduction gear, starter idle gear and shafts to the left crankcase as assembly.

NOTE:

Install the starter reduction gear with its "OUT" mark facing out.

Install the stator and left crankcase cover (page 9-9)



STATOR INSTALLATION



Install the stator to the left crankcase cover. Clean and apply a locking agent to the stator mounting socket bolt threads.

Install and tighten the stator mounting socket bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft)



Clean and apply sealant to the wire grommets seating surface and install the grommets into the grooves in the left crankcase cover.



Clean and apply a locking agent to the cord clamp socket bolt threads.

Install the cord clamp to the left crankcase cover. Install and tighten the socket bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf-ft)

'97-'98: Install the dowel pins and new gasket.





After '98: Clean off the sealant from the left crankcase cover Be careful not to mating surface. mating surface. mating surface.

damage the Apply sealant well to the left crankcase cover

CAUTION:

Do not wipe off the excessive sealant by using the organic solvent.

Install the dowel pins.



Install the left crankcase cover.

NOTE:

The left crankcase cover (stator) is magnetically attached to the flywheel, so be careful during installation.

Install and tighten the left crankcase cover bolts to the specified torque in a crisscross pattern in several steps.

TORQUE: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft)



NOTE:

Route the wire harness properly (page 1-24, 28).

Install the clamps onto the wires.



Connect the alternator 3P (White) connector.

Install the left rear cover (page 7-15). Install the left side cover (page 2-3).

Check the engine oil level (page 3-14).





10. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

SERVICE INFORMATION	10-1	VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT	10-17
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SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

The engine must be removed from the frame before servicing the rear cylinder head.

The front and rear cylinder head cover and front cylinder head can be serviced with the engine in the frame.

The camshaft can be serviced with the engine in the frame.

Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces when removing the cylinder head cover and cylinder head.

When disassembling, mark and store the disassembled parts to ensure that they are reinstalled in their original locations.

Clean all disassembled parts with clean solvent and dry them using compressed air before inspection.
During assembly apply molybdenum disulfied oil to the camshaft holders, camshaft journals of the cylinder head, rocker

 During assembly apply molybdenum disuffied oil to the camshaft holders, camshaft journals of the cylinder head, rocker arm shafts, rocker arm slipper faces and valve stems to provide initial lubrication.

SPECIFICATIONS

					Unit: mm (i
ITEM				STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Cylinder con	npression			1,324 ± 98 kPa (13.5 ± 1.0 kgf/cm ³ , 192 ± 14 psi) at 400 rpm	
Cylinder hea	d warpage				0.10 (0.004)
Valve,	Valve clearance		IN	0.15 (0.006)	
valve guide			EX	0.20 (0.008)	
	Valve stem O.D.		IN	5.475-5.490 (0.2156-0.2161)	5.45 (0.215)
	Carety		EX	6.555-6.570 (0.2581-0.2587)	6.55 (0.258)
	Valve guide I.D.		IN	5.500-5.512 (0.2165-0.2170)	5.56 (0.219)
			EX	6.600-6.615 (0.2598-0.2604)	6.65 (0.262)
	Stem-to-guide clear	ance	IN	0.010-0.037 (0.0004-0.0015)	0.10 (0.004)
	5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -		EX	0.030-0.060 (0.0012-0.0024)	0.11 (0.004)
	Valve guide pro	jection	IN	19.4-19.6 (0.76-0.77)	
	above cylinder head		EX	17.9-18.1 (0.70-0.71)	
	Valve seat width		IN/EX	0.90-1.10 (0.035-0.043)	1.5 (0.06)
Valve	Inner		IN	38.11 (1.500)	36.47 (1.436)
spring	Contract 200		EX	38.81 (1.528)	37.51 (1.477)
free length	Outer		IN	42.14 (1.659)	40.58 (1.598)
	A STATE OF A STATE OF		EX	42.83 (1.686)	41.25 (1.624)
Camshaft	Cam lobe height	IN	'97-'98	37.930 (1.4933)	37.73 (1.485)
			After '98	37.188-37.348 (1.4641-1.4704)	37.16 (1.463)
		EX	'97-'98	37.950 (1.4941)	37.75 (1.486)
		1		37.605-37.765 (1.4805-1.4868)	37.58 (1.480)
	Journal O.D.			21.959-21.980 (0.8645-0.8654)	21.90 (0.862)
Runout		0.030 (0.0012)	0.05 (0.002)		
Oil clearance		0.050-0.111 (0.0020-0.0044)	0.13 (0.005)		
Identification marks			"F": Front, "R": Rear		
Rocker arm I	.D,		IN/EX	12.000-12.018 (0.4724-0.4731)	12.05 (0.474)
Rocker arm s	shaft O.D.		IN/EX	11.966 - 11.984 (0.4711 - 0.4718) 11.9	
Rocker arm-	to-rocker arm shaft cle	arance		0.016-0.052 (0.0006-0.0020)	0.07 (0.003)

10

TORQUE VALUES

Spark plug		14 N-m (1.4 kgf-m , 10 lbf-ft)		
Cylinder head cover bolt		10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)		
Valve adjust cover bolt		12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)		
Valve adjusting screw lock nut		23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft)		Apply oil to the threads and seating surface
Cam sprocket bolt		23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft)		Apply a locking agent to the threads
Camshaft holder 8 mm bolt		23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft)		
8 mm nut		23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft)		
Camshaft end holder bolt	'97-'98:	9 N-m (0.9 kgf-m , 6.5 lbf-ft)		
	After '98:	10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)		
Cam chain tensioner mounting bolt		10 N·m (1.0 kgf·m , 7 lbf-ft)		Apply a locking agent to the threads
Cylinder head 8 mm bolt		23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft)	-	Apply oil to the threads and seating
6 mm bolt		12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf-ft)	- 1	surface
10 mm nut		47 N·m (4.8 kgf·m , 35 lbf-ft)	-	
TOOLC				

TOOLS

Valve guide drive	r, 5.5 mm (IN)	07742-0010100	
Valve guide drive	r, 6.6 mm (EX)	07742-0010200	Not available in U.S.A. or 07942-6570100
Valve spring com	pressor	07757-0010000	or 07957-3290001
Valve seat cutter	(Commercially available in U.S.A.)		
-Seat cutter	IN 27.5 mm (45*)	07780-0010200	
	EX 35 mm (45°)	07780-0010400	
-Flat cutter	IN 28 mm (32°)	07780-0012100	
	EX 35 mm (32°)	07780-0012300	
-Interior cutter	IN 30 mm (60°)	07780-0014000	
	EX 37.5 mm (60°)	07780-0014100	
-Cutter holder	IN 5.5 mm	07781-0010101	
	EX 6.6 mm	07781-0010201	
Valve guide drive	r attachment (IN)	07943-MF50100	
Valve guide drive	r attachment (EX)	07943-MF50200	
Valve guide ream	er (IN)	07984-2000001	or 07984-200000D
Valve guide ream	ver (EX)	07984-ZE20001	or 07984-ZE2000D

TROUBLESHOOTING

- Engine top-end problems usually affect engine performance. These can be diagnosed by a compression test, or by tracking noises to the top-end.
- If performance is poor at low speeds, check for white smoke in the crankcase breather tube. If the tube is smoky, check for a seized piston ring.

Compression too low, hard starting or poor performance at low speed

- Valves

- Incorrect valve adjustment
- -Burned or bent valves
- -Incorrect valve timing
- -Broken valve spring
- -Uneven valve seating
- Cylinder head
 - Leaking or damaged cylinder head gasket
- Warped or cracked cylinder head
- · Loose spark plug
- Faulty cylinder, piston (Section 11)

Compression too high

 Excessive carbon build-up in cylinder head or on top of piston

Excessive smoke

- · Worn valve stem or valve guide
- · Damaged stem seal
- Faulty cylinder, piston (Section 11)

Excessive noise

- Incorrect valve adjustment
- Sticking valve or broken valve spring
- Damaged or worn camshaft
- Loose or worn cam chain
- · Worn or damaged cam chain tensioner
- · Worn cam sprocket teeth
- · Faulty cylinder, piston (Section 11)

Rough idle

Low cylinder compression

CYLINDER COMPRESSION

AWARNING

If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area.

Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.

Stop the engine, disconnect the spark plug caps and remove one spark plug cap at a time.

NOTE

To measure the cylinder compression of each cylinder, remove only one plug at a time.

Shift the transmission into neutral. Install the compression gauge attachment in a spark plug hole.

Connect the compression gauge to the attachment. Open the throttle all the way and crank the engine with the starter motor.

NOTE:

Crank the engine until the gauge reading stops rising. The maximum reading is usually reached within 4-7 seconds.

STANDARD: 1,324 ± 98 kPa (13.5 ± 1.0 kgf/cm², 192 ± 14 psi) at 400 rpm

If compression is high, it indicates that carbon deposits have accumulated on the combustion chamber and/or the piston crown.

If compression is low, pour 3-5 cc (0.1-0.2 oz) of clean engine oil into the cylinder throuh the spark plug hole and recheck the compression.

If the compression increases from the previous value, check the cylinder, piston and piston rings.

- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Worn piston ring
- Worn cylinder and piston

If compression is the same as the previous value, check the valves for leakage.




CYLINDER HEAD COVER REMOVAL FRONT

Drain the coolant (page 6-6). Remove the steering covers (page 2-3). Remove the fuel tank (page 2-4). Remove the air cleaner housing (page 5-4). Remove the carburetors ('97 – '98: page 5-10).

Disconnect the spark plug caps.

Remove the water pipe mounting bolt, front water pipe and O-ring.

NOTE:

If coolant drips on the engine, wipe it off immediately.







CASKED

Remove the cylinder head cover bolts, washers and rubber seals.

be careful not to damage the wire harness and mating surfaces when removing the cylinder head cover.

Be careful not to Remove the cylinder head cover and gasket.

REAR

Drain the coolant (page 6-6). Remove the steering covers (page 2-3). Remove the fuel tank (page 2-4). Remove the air cleaner housing (page 5-4). Remove the carburetor(s) ('97-'98: page 5-10, After '98: page 5-11). Remove the inlet manifold (After '98: page 7-8).

Remove the socket bolts and valve adjusting cover.

Disconnect the spark plug caps and crankcase breather tube.





Remove the water pipe mounting bolt, rear water pipe and O-ring.

NOTE:

If coolant drips on the engine, wipe it off immediately.



Remove the cylinder head cover bolts, washers and rubber seals.



Be careful not to damage the wire harness and mating surfaces when removing the cylinder head cover.

Be careful not to Align the wire harness with the valve adjusting damage the wire hole, then remove the rear cylinder head cover to harness and forward.



CAMSHAFT REMOVAL

NOTE

- The camshaft can be serviced with the engine in the frame.
- The rear cylinder camshaft service procedure is the same as the front cylinder camshaft service procedure.

Remove the front cylinder head cover (page 10-5).

Remove the crankshaft hole cap and timing hole cap from the left crankcase cover.

Remove the camshaft end holder bolts and camshaft end holder.







Remove the dowel pins.

Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise and align the "FT" mark (rear cylinder: "RT" mark) with the index mark on the left crankcase cover.

Make sure the rear cylinder is at TDC (top dead center).



Measure the cam chain tensioner wedge B length as shown.

SERVICE LIMIT: 6 mm (0.2 in)

When the service limit is exceeded, replace the cam chain.

The cam chain can be replaced after removing the following parts:

Front: -Front camshaft

- -Flywheel (Section 9)
- Rear:
- Rear camshaft
- Primary drive gear (Section 8)

Pull the cam chain tensioner wedge A straight up while holding wedge B down. Secure wedge A with a 2 mm pin as shown.

NOTE

Be careful not to let the 2 mm pin fall into the crankcase.

Remove the carn sprocket bolt, turn the crankshaft counterclockwise one full turn (360°) and remove the other carn sprocket bolt.

NOTE:

Be careful not to let the cam sprocket bolts fall into the crankcase.







Remove the cam sprocket from the camshaft flange surface.









Remove the camshaft holder nuts (8 mm)/washer. Remove the camshaft holder bolts (8 mm) and oil guide plate. Remove the camshaft holder assembly.

Remove the dowel pins.

Remove the camshaft.

Remove the cam sprocket from cam chain. Attach a piece of mechanic's wire to the cam chain to prevent it form being dropped into the crankcase.



CAMSHAFT HOLDER DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

The rear cylinder camshaft holder service uses the same procedure as the front cylinder camshaft holder.

Remove the exhaust rocker arm shaft, exhaust rocker arm and wave washer from the camshaft holder.



Remove the intake rocker arm shaft, intake rocker arms and wave washers from the camshaft holder.



ADJUSTING SCREW

Remove the valve adjuster lock nut and valve adjusting screw.

INSPECTION

CAMSHAFT RUNOUT

Support both ends of the camshaft with V-blocks and check the camshaft runout with a dial indicator. Actual runout is 1/2 the total indicator reading.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)

CAM LOBE HEIGHT

Inspect the cam lobe surfaces for scoring or evidence of insufficient lubrication. Measure the height of each cam lobe using a micrometer.

SERVICE LIMITS:

IN:	°97 – °98:	37.73 mm (1.485 in)
	After '98:	37.16 mm (1.463 in)
EX:	'97-'98:	37.75 mm (1.486 in)
	After '98:	37.58 mm (1.480 in)

NOTE:

Inspect the rocker arm if the cam lobe is worn or damaged.

CAMSHAFT JOURNAL

Inspect the camshaft journal surfaces for scoring or evidence of insufficient lubrication.







Measure the O.D. of each camshaft journal.

SERVICE LIMIT: 21.90 mm (0.862 in)

NOTE:

Inspect the oil passages and camshaft holder for wear or damage if the journal surface is worn or damaged.



CAMSHAFT OIL CLEARANCE

Clean off any oil from the journals of the camshaft holders, head and camshafts.

Put the camshaft onto the cylinder head and lay a strip of plastigauge lengthwise on the top of each camshaft journal.

NOTE:

- Do not block any oil holes with the plastigauge.
- . Do not rotate the camshaft during inspection.



Install the camshaft holder and camshaft end holder.

Install and tighten the camshaft holder bolts/nuts (8 mm) to the specified torque in 2-3 steps.

TORQUE: 23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft)

Install and tighten the camshaft holder bolts (6 mm) to the specified torque in 2-3 steps.

TORQUE: 10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)



Remove the camshaft holder and measure the width of each plastigauge.

The widest thickness determines the oil clearance.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.13 mm (0.005 in)

When the service limit is exceeded, replace the camshaft and recheck the oil clearance.

Replace the cylinder head and camshaft holders if the clearance still exceeds the service limit.

ROCKER ARM, ROCKER ARM SHAFT

Inspect the sliding surface of the rocker arms for wear or damage where they contact the camshaft, or for clogged oil holes.

Inspect the contact surface of the valve adjuster screw for wear or damage.

Measure the I.D. of each rocker arm.

SERVICE LIMIT: 12.05 mm (0.474 in)





Measure the each rocker arm shaft O.D.

SERVICE LIMIT: 11.91 mm (0.469 in)

Inspect the shaft for wear or damage and calculate the shaft to rocker arm clearance.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.07 mm (0.003 in)

Replace the rocker arm and/or shaft if necessary.



CYLINDER HEAD REMOVAL

NOTE:

- . The engine must be removed from the frame before servicing the rear cylinder head.
- . The front cylinder head and rear cylinder head cover can be serviced with the engine in the frame.
- . The rear cylinder head service uses the same procedure as the front cylinder head.

Remove the engine from the frame (rear cylinder only/Section 7).

Remove the cylinder head cover (page 10-5), Remove the camshaft (page 10-7).

Remove the cam chain tensioner mounting bolts and sealing washers.

Remove the cam chain tensioner.







Loosen the bolts Remove the following cylinder head bolts and nuts: and nuts in a -8 mm bolts/washers crisscross pattern -6 mm bolt

in several times. - 10 mm nuts/washers

Be careful not to Remove the cylinder head. damage the mating surfaces when removing the cylinder head.

Remove the gasket and dowel pins.

Remove the cam chain guide.

'97-'98: Loosen the screw and remove the carburetor insulator.







CYLINDER HEAD DISASSEMBLY

Mark all parts Install the valve spring compressor onto the valve during and compress the valve spring.

disassembly so they can be placed TOOL: back in their Valve s original position.

back in their Valve spring compressor 07757 inal position. 07957

07757-0010000 or 07957-3290001



CAUTION:

Compressing the valve springs more than necessary will cause loss of valve spring tension.

Remove the valve cotters and valve spring compressor, then remove the retainers, springs and valves.

Remove the stem seals and spring seats.

NOTE

Do not reuse a removed stem seals.

Remove carbon deposits from the combustion chamber and clean off the head gasket surface.

CAUTION:

Avoid damaging the gasket and valve seat surface.

Check the spark plug hole and valve areas for cracks.









CYLINDER HEAD

Check the cylinder head for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.10 mm (0.004 in)

VALVE SPRING

Check the valve spring for fatigue or damage. Measure the free length of inner and outer valve springs.

SERVICE LIMIT:

Inner (IN): 36.47 mm (1.436 in) (EX): 37.51 mm (1.477 in) Outer (IN): 40.58 mm (1.598 in) (EX): 41.25 mm (1.624 in)



VALVE STEM, VALVE GUIDE

Inspect each valve for bending, burning, scratches or abnormal wear.

Insert the valves in their original positions in the clyinder head. Check that each valve moves up and down smoothly, without binding.

Measure the each valve stem O.D. and record it.

SERVICE LIMITS:

IN: 5.45 mm (0.215 in) EX: 6.55 mm (0.258 in)

Ream the valve guide to remove any carbon buildup before measuring the guide.

Insert the reamer from the combustion chamber side of the head and always rotate the reamer clockwise.

NOTE:

- Take care not to tilt or lean the reamer in the guide while reaming.
- If the valve guides are not reamed correctly, oil will leak past the valve stem seal. This could cause improper seat contact that cannot be corrected by refacing.
- Rotate the reamer clockwise, never counterclockwise, when inserting and removing.

TOOLS:

Valve guide reamer

IN: 07984-2000001 or 07984-200000D EX: 07984-ZE20001 or 07984-ZE2000D

Measure each valve guide I.D. and record it.

SERVICE LIMITS:

IN: 5.56 mm (0.219 in) EX: 6.65 mm (0.262 in)

Subtract each valve stem O.D. from the corresponding guide I.D. to obtain the stem-toguide clearance.

SERVICE LIMITS:

IN: 0.10 mm (0.004 in) EX: 0.11 mm (0.004 in)

If the stem-to-guide clearance exceeds the service limit, determine if a new guide with standard dimensions would bring the clearance within tolerance.

If so, replace any guides as necessary and ream to fit.

If the stem-to-guide clearance exceeds the service limit with new guide, also replace the valve. NOTE:

Inspect and reface the valve seats whenever the valve guides are replaced (see after page).



VALVE GUIDE REAMER





CAM CHAIN GUIDE

Check the cam chain guide for wear or damage. Replace the cam chain guide if necessary.



CAM CHAIN TENSIONER

Check the cam chain tensioner for wear or damage. Replace the cam chain tensioner if necessary.





VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT

NOTE

Refinish the valve seats whenever the valve guides are replaced to prevent uneven seating.

Chill the valve guides in the freezer section of refrigerator for about an hour.

AWARNING

Wear insulated gloves to avoid burns when handling the heated cylinder head.

Heat the cylinder head to 130 – 140 °C (275 – 290 °F) with a hot plate or oven. Do not heat the cylinder head beyond 150 °C (300 °F). Use temperature indicator sticks, available from welding supply stores, to be sure the cylinder head is heated to proper temperature.

CAUTION:

Using a torch to heat the cylinder head may cause warping.



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VALVE SEAT INSPECTION/REFACING

INSPECTION

Clean all intake and exhaust valves thoroughly to remove carbon deposits.

Apply a light coating of Prussian Blue to each valve face.

Tap the valve against the valve seat several times using a hand-lapping tool, without rotating valve, to make a clear pattern.

Remove the valve and inspect the valve seat face.

NOTE:

The valve cannot be ground. If the valve face is burned or badly worn or if it contacts the seat unevenly, replace the valve.

inspect the valve seat face for:

- Uneven seat width:
 - Bent or collapsed valve stem;
- Replace the valve and reface the valve seat. • Damaged face:
- Replace the valve and reface the valve seat.
 Contact area (too high or too low area):
 - -Reface the valve seat.

Inspect the width of the valve seat.

The valve seat contact width should be within the specified dimension and uniform all around the circumference.

STANDARD: 0.90-1.10 mm (0.035-0.043 in) SERVICE LIMIT: 1.5 mm (0.06 in)

If valve seat width is not within specification, reface the valve seat.







VALVE SEAT REFACING

NOTE

- Follow the refacer manufacture's operating instruction.
- Reface the valve seat whenever the valve guide has been replaced.
- Be careful not to grind the seat more than necessary.



If the contact area is too high on the valve, the seat must be lowered using a 32° flat cutter.

If the contact area is too low on the valve, the seat must be raised using a 60° inner cutter. Refinish the seat to specifications, using a 45° finish cutter.



Using a 45st cutter, remove any roughness or irregularities from the seat.



Using a 32° cutter, remove 1/4 of the existing valve seat material.



Using a 60° cutter, remove the bottom 1/4 of the old seat.



Using a 45° cutter, cut the seat to the proper width. Make sure that all pitting and irregularities are removed.

CAUTION:

- Excessive lapping pressure may deform of damage the seat.
- Change the angle of lapping tool frequently to prevent uneven seat wear.
- Lapping compound can cause damage if it enters between the valve stem and guide.

After cutting the seat, apply lapping compound to the valve face, and lap the valve using light pressure.

After lapping, wash any residual compound off the cylinder head and valve.

Recheck the seat contact after lapping.





CYILINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY



Install the spring seats and new stem seals. Lubricate each valve stems and valve guide inner surfaces with molybdenum oil solution.



Install the valves into the valve guides.

NOTE:

To avoid damage to the stem seal, turn the valve slowly when valve installing.

Install the inner, outer valve springs with tightly would coils side facing the combustion chamber.



Install the retainers.

Install the valve spring compressor onto the valve and compress the valve springs.

TOOL:

Valve spring compressor

07757-0010000 or 07957-3290001

CAUTION:

Compressing the valve springs more than necessary will cause loss of valve spring tension.

Install the valve cotters. To ease

installation of the cotters, grease them first.

NOTE:

Support the cylinder head so that the valve heads will not contact anything that causes damage.

Set the cotters firmly using two soft hammers as shown. Hold one hammer on the valve stem and gently tap it with the other hammer.



VALVE SPRING COMPRESSOR



CYLINDER HEAD INSTALLATION

NOTE:

- The rear cylinder head uses the same service procedure as the front cylinder head.
- Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces when cleaning the cylinder mating surface.
- When cleaning the cylinder mating surface, place the shop towel over the cylinder opening to prevent dust or dirt from entering the engine.

Clean any gasket material from the cylinder mating surfaces.

Install the cam chain guide aligning its tab with the groove on the cylinder.

Make sure that the end of the guide is inserted into place in the crankcase.









Install the dowel pins and new gasket.

49 state, Canada Install the insulator, aligning the boss on the ('97-'98) type: cylinder head with the slot in the insulator as shown.

> Install the insulator bands and tighten the screws securely.

('97-'98) type:

California Install the insulator bands aligning the pins on the insulator bands with the slots on the insulators as shown.

Tighten the band screws securely.



Install the cylinder head to the cylinder.

NOTE:

The cylinder heads are identified by marks on its camshaft side.

"F": Front cylinder head

"R": Rear cylinder head

Apply oil to the cylinder head 10 mm nut threads and flange surfaces.



Install and tighten the cylinder head bolts and nuts to the specified torque:

TORQUE:

10 mm nut: 47 N-m (4.8 kgf-m , 35 lbf-ft) 8 mm bolt: 23 N·m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft) 6 mm bolt: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)

NOTE:

- . Tighten all hand-tight, then torque the big fasteners before little fasteners.
- · Tighten the bolts and nuts in a crisscross pattern in several times.

Install the cam chain tensioner by aligning its end with the groove on the crankcase.





Install the new sealing washers. Clean and apply a locking agent to the cam chain tensioner bolt threads. Install and tighten the cam chain tensioner mounting bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)

Install the engine to the frame (rear cylinder only/ Section 7). Install the camshaft (see below). Install the cylinder head cover (page 10-31).



CAMSHAFT INSTALLATION



Install the valve adjusting screw and lock nut.





- . The exhaust rocker arm has larger slipper face than the intake rocker arm.
- . The intake rocker arm shaft has two holes on each end.
- . The exhaust rocker arm shaft has two grooves on each end.

Install the wave washer, intake rocker arm and intake rocker arm shaft to the camshaft holder.

SHAFT (INTAKE) ROCKER ARM

WAVE WASHER

Install the wave washer to the " " mark side on the camshaft holder.

Install the exhaust rocker arm and exhaust rocker arm shaft to the camshaft holder.



WAVE WASHER

"A" MARK ALIGN WAVE WASHERS ALIGN

Position the grooves and holes in the rocker arm shafts vertically, aligning the bolt holes of the holder.

CAMSHAFT INSTALLATION

NOTE:

VALVE TIMING

- The camshafts are identified by marks on the their flanges;
 - "F": Front cylinder camshaft
 - "R": Rear cylinder camshaft
 - "Index notch" : TDC (Top Dead Center) mark
- If both (front and rear) camshafts are removed, install the front cylinder camshaft first, then install the rear cylinder camshaft.
- If the rear cylinder head was not serviced, remove the rear cylinder head cover to check the camshaft position.
- If the front cylinder head was not serviced, remove the front cylinder head cover to check the camshaft position.





CAMSHAFT SERVICE FOR BOTH CYLINDER

Remove the timing hole cap. Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise and align the "FT" mark on the flywheel with the index mark on the left crankcase cover, then check the front cylinder piston is "TDC (Top Dead Center)". Install the front cylinder camshaft (page 10-29).



Then turn the crankshaft counterclockwise 308° and align the "RT" mark on the flywheel with the index mark on the left crankcase cover, then install the rear camshaft (see after page).

REAR CYLINDER CAMSHAFT SERVICE ONLY (FRONT CYLINDER CAMSHAFT WAS NOT SERVICED)

If the front cylinder head was not serviced, remove the front cylinder head cover (page 10-5) and check the camshaft position as follows:

Remove the front cylinder head camshaft end holder (page 10-7).

Remove the timing hole cap and crankshaft hole cap.

Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise and align the "FT" mark on the flywheel with the index mark on the left crankcase cover, then check that the camshaft "TDC (Top Dead Center)" mark is facing up.

If the "TDC (Top Dead Center)" mark is facing up, turn the crankshaft counterclockwise 308° and align the "RT" mark on the flywheel with the index mark on the left crankcase cover, then install the rear camshaft (see after page).

If the "TDC (Top Dead Center)" mark is facing down, turn the crankshaft counterclockwise 668° (360° + 308°) and align the "RT" mark on the flywheel with the index mark on the left crankcase cover, then install the rear camshaft (see after page).

FRONT CYLINDER CAMSHAFT SERVICE ONLY (REAR CYLINDER CAMSHAFT WAS NOT SERVICED)

If the rear cylinder head was not serviced, remove the rear cylinder head cover (page 10-6) and check the camshaft position as follows:

Remove the front cylinder head camshaft end holder (page 10-7).

Remove the timing hole cap.

Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise and align the "RT" mark on the flywheel with the index mark on the left crankcase cover, then check that the camshaft "TDC (Top Dead Center)" mark is facing up.



S

INDEXIMARK

"RT" MARKE





"RT MARK

If the "TDC (Top Dead Center)" mark is facing up, turn the crankshaft counterclockwise 412° (360° + 52°) and align the "FT" mark on the flywheel with the index mark on the left crankcase cover, then install the front camshaft (page 10-30).

If the "TDC (Top Dead Center)" mark is facing down, turn the crankshaft counterclockwise 52° and align the "FT" mark on the flywheel with the index mark on the left crankcase cover, then install the front camshaft (page 10-30).



ET MARK



Remove the timing hole cap.

Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise and align the "FT" mark (rear cylinder: "RT" mark) on the flywheel with the index mark on the left crankcase cover.

Install the cam sprocket to the cam chain with the "IN" mark facing the inside and align the timing marks (index line) on the cam sprocket and the upper surface of the cylinder head.



Install the camshaft through the cam chain and cam sprocket with the camshaft "TDC" mark is facing up.

NOTE:

The camshafts are identified by marks on the their flanges:

"F": Front cylinder camshaft

"R": Rear cylinder camshaft

"Index notch": TDC (Top Dead Center) mark



install the dowel pins.

Lubricate each rocker arm slipper surfaces with molybdenum oil solution.

NOTE

Before camshaft holder installation, loosen the valve adjusting screw and lock nut fully.

Install the camshaft holder assembly.



Install the oil guide plate.

Install the camshaft holder bolts (8 mm), nuts and washer (8 mm).

Tighten the bolts (8 mm) and nuts (8 mm) to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 8 mm bolt: 23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m , 17 lbf·ft) 8 mm nut: 23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m , 17 lbf·ft)



Install the cam sprocket on the camshaft flange and recheck that the timing marks align with the upper surface of the cylinder head.



Clean and apply a locking agent to the cam sprocket bolt threads.

NOTE:

Be careful not to let the cam sprocket bolts fall into the crankcase.

Align the cam sprocket bolt holes in the cam sprocket and camshaft.

Temporarily install the cam sprocket bolt. Turn the crankshaft counterclockwose 360° and tighten other sprocket bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft)



Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise 360° and tighten other sprocket bolt to the specified torque.

Remove the 2 mm pin holding cam chain tensioner wedge A.

NOTE:

- Be careful not to let the 2 mm pin fall into the crankcase.
- Do not forget to remove the 2 mm pin before installing the cylinder head cover.

Install the dowel pins.

Install the camshaft end holder with it's flat surface on the holder facing in.





Install and tighten the camshaft end holder bolts to the specified torque.

TOROUE: '97-'98: 9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m , 6.5 lbf·ft) After '98: 10 N·m (1.0 kgf·m , 7 lbf·ft)

Adjust the valve clearance (page 3-11).



CYLINDER HEAD COVER INSTALLATION

Fill the oil pockets in the head with the engine oil.



Clean the gasket groove of the cylinder head cover. Apply Honda Bond A or equivalent to the gasket groove of the cylinder head cover, then install the new gasket into the groove.



FRONT

Install the front cylinder head cover to the front cylinder.

Install the rubber seals and washers. Install and tighten the cylinder head cover bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)

Install the new O-ring to the water pipe with the small diameter side facing the cylinder head. Install the water pipe to the front cylinder head. Install and tighten the bolt securely.





Connect the spark plug caps. Install the inlet manifold (After '98: page 7-11). Install the carburetors ('97 - '98: page 5-26). Install the air cleaner housing (page 5-5). Install the fuel tank (page 2-7). Install the steering covers (page 2-3). Replace the coolant (page 6-6).



REAR

Install the rear cylinder head cover to the rear cylinder.

COVER







Install the rubber seals and washers. Install and tighten the cylinder head cover bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)

Install the new O-ring to the water pipe with the small diameter side facing the cylinder head. Install the water pipe to the rear cylinder head. Install and tighten the bolt securely.

Connect the spark plug caps.

Install the valve adjusting cover and socket bolt. Tighten the socket bolt to the specified toruque.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)

Install the inlet manifold (After '98: page 7-11). Install the carburetor(s) ('97-'98: page 5-26, After '98: page 5-27). Install the air cleaner housing (page 5-5). Install the fuel tank (page 2-7). Install the steering covers (page 2-3). Replace the coolant (page 6-6).



MEMO



11. CYLINDER/PISTON

SERVICE INFORMATION	11-1	CRANKCASE STUD BOLT INSPECTION	11-7
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CYLINDER REMOVAL	11-3	CYLINDER INSTALLATION	11-9
PISTON REMOVAL	11-5		

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

- . The engine must be removed from the frame before servicing the cylinder and piston.
- Take care not to damage the cylinder wall and piston.
- . Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces by using a screwdriver when disassembling the cylinder.
- Clean all disassembled parts with clean solvent and dry them using compressed air before inspection.
- . When disassembling, mark and store the disassembled parts to ensure that they are reinstalled in their original locations.

SPECIFICATIONS

				Unit: mm
ITEM			STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Cylinder	I.D.		75.000-75.015 (2.9528-2.9533)	75.10 (2.957)
	Out of round			0.06 (0.002)
	Taper			0.06 (0.002)
	Warpage			0.10 (0.004)
Piston,	Piston mark direction		"IN" mark facing toward the intake side	
piston rings	Piston O.D.		74.965-74.990 (2.9514-2.9524)	74.90 (2.949)
	Piston O.D. measurement point		10 mm (0.4 in) from bottom of skirt	
	Piston pin bore I.D.		18.002-18.008 (0.7087-0.7090)	18.05 (0.711)
	Piston pin O.D.		17.994-18.000 (0.7084-0.7087)	17.98 (0.708)
	Piston-to-piston pin clearance		0.002-0.014 (0.0001-0.0006)	0.04 (0.002)
	Piston ring-to-ring groove clearance	Тор	0.015-0.045 (0.0006-0.0018)	0.10(0.004)
		Second	0.015-0.045 (0.0006-0.0018)	0.10 (0.004)
	Piston ring end gap	Тор	0.10-0.30 (0.004-0.012)	0.5 (0.02)
		Second	0.10-0.30 (0.004-0.012)	0.5 (0.02)
		Oil (side rail)	0.20-0.70 (0.008-0.028)	0.9 (0.04)
	Piston ring mark	Top/second	"N" mark	
Cylinder-to-pis	ston clearance		0.010-0.050 (0.0004-0.0020)	0.10 (0.004)
Connecting ro	d small end I.D.		18.016-18.034 (0.7093-0.7100)	18.07 (0.711)
Connecting ro	d-to-piston pin clearance		0.016-0.040 (0.0006-0.0016)	0.06 (0.002)

TROUBLESHOOTING

Compression too low, hard starting or poor performance at low speed

- · Leaking cylinder head gasket
- · Worn, stuck or broken piston rings
- · Worn or damaged cylinder and piston
- · Loose spark plug

Compression too high, over heating or knocking

· Excessive carbon build-up in cylinder head or on top of piston

Abnormal noise

- Worn cylinder and piston
- · Worn piston pin or piston pin hole
- · Worn connecting rod small end

Excessive smoke

- · Worn cylinder, piston and piston rings
- Improper installation of piston rings
- · Scored or scratched piston or cylinder wall

CYLINDER/PISTON

CYLINDER REMOVAL

NOTE:

The front cylinder service uses the same procedure as the rear cylinder.

Remove the cylinder head (page 10-12).

Remove the joint collar clips.

Slide the cylinder joint collar toward either the front or rear cylinder.







Remove the bolts, water hose joint and O-ring (front cylinder only).

Remove the cylinder.

NOTE:

- Attach a piece of mechanic's wire to the cam chain to prevent it from being dropped into the crankcase.
- Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces by using a screwdriver when disassembling the cylinder.



Remove the O-ring.



O RING



Remove the gasket and dowel pins. Clean off any gasket material from the cylinder upper surface.

NOTE:

Be careful not to damage the gasket surface.

INSPECTION

Inspect the cylinder wall for scratches and wear. Measure and record the cylinder I.D. at three levels in both the X and Y axes. Take the maximum reading to determine the cylinder wear.

SERVICE LIMIT: 75.10 mm (2.957 in)

Measure the cylinder for out of round at the three levels in an X and Y axis. Take the maximum reading to determine the out of round.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.06 mm (0.002 in)

Measure the cylinder for taper at three levels in an X and Y axis. Take the maximum reading to determine the taper.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.06 mm (0.002 in)

The cylinder must be rebored and an oversize piston fitted if the service limits are exceeded.

The following oversize pistons are available: 0.25 mm (0.010 in), 0.50 mm (0.020 in).

The cylinder must be rebored so that the clearance for an oversize piston is 0.020 - 0.060 mm (0.0008 -0.0024 in).




Check the cylinder for warpage by placing a straight edge and a feeler gauge.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.10 mm (0.004 in)



PISTON REMOVAL

NOTE:

- Place a shop towel over the crankcase opening to prevent piston pin clips from falling into the crankcase.
- The rear piston service using the same procedure as for the front piston.

Remove the piston pin clip, piston pin and piston.

Spread each piston ring and remove it by lifting it up at a point just opposite the gap.

CAUTION:

- Do not damage the piston ring by spreading the ends too far.
- Be careful not to damage the piston when the piston ring removal.

Clean carbon deposits from the piston.

NOTE

Clean carbon deposits from the piston ring grooves with a ring that will be discarded. Never use a wire brush; it will scratch the grooves.







INSPECTION

Inspect the piston for cracks or other damage. Inspect the ring grooves for excessive wear and carbon build-up. Measure each piston O.D..

NOTE:

Take measurements 10 mm (0.4 in) from the bottom, and 90° to the piston pin hole.

SERVICE LIMIT: 74.90 mm (2.949 in)

Calculate the piston-to-cylinder clearance. Take the maximum reading to determine the clearance (Cylinder I.D.; 11-4).

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.10 mm (0.004 in)

Measure each piston pin hole I.D. in an X and Y axis. Take the maximum reading to determine I.D.,

SERVICE LIMIT: 18.05 mm (0.711 in)



Measure the piston pin O.D. at three points.

SERVICE LIMIT: 17.98 mm (0.708 in)

Calculate the piston-to-piston pin clearance.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.04 mm (0.002 in)



SERVICE LIMIT: 18.07 mm (0.711 in)

Calculate the connecting rod small end-to-piston pin clearance.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.06 mm (0.002 in)





Always replace the piston rings as a set.

replace the Inspect the piston ring, and replace them if they are on rings as a worn.

> Reinstall the piston rings (page 11-8) into the piston grooves.

> Push in the ring until the outer surface of the piston ring is nearly flush with the piston and measure the clearance using a feeler gauge.

SERVICE LIMIT:

Top: 0.10 mm (0.004 in) Second: 0.10 mm (0.004 in)

Using a piston, push the ring securely into the cylinder and measure the end gap using a feeler gauge.

SERVICE LIMIT:

Top:	0.5 mm (0.02 in)
Second:	0.5 mm (0.02 in)
Oil:	0.9 mm (0.04 in)





CRANKCASE STUD BOLT INSPECTION

Check the stud bolts for looseness.

If the stud bolts are loose, remove the stud bolts and apply engine oil to the threads and tighten the stud bolt securely or replace the stud bolt and clean and apply a locking agent to the new stud bolt threads and tighten the stud bolt securely.

NOTE

Install the stud bolts with its tab side facing to the cylinder head side.

After installing, be sure to measure the length from the top of each stud to crankcase surface.

STANDARD LENGTH:

8 × 189 mm:	186 mm (7.3 in)
10 × 177 mm:	169 mm (6.6 in)
12 × 177 mm:	169 mm (6.6 in)





PISTON INSTALLATION

NOTE:

The rear piston service uses the same procedure as the front piston.

Clean the piston heads, ring lands and skirts.

Carefully install the piston rings onto the piston with their markings facing up.

CAUTION:

- Do not damage the piston ring by spreading the ends too far.
- Be careful not to damage the piston when the piston ring installation.

NOTE:

- Do not confuse the top and second rings: The top ring is chrome-coated and second ring is not coated (black).
- After installing the rings they should rotate freely, without sticking.
- . Space the ring end gaps 180 degrees apart.





NOTE:

When cleaning the cylinder mating surface, place a shop towel over the cylinder opening to prevent dust or dirt enter the engine.

Clean any gasket material from the cylinder mating surfaces of the crankcase.

NOTE:

Place a shop towel over the crankcase opening to prevent piston pin clips from falling into the crankcase.

Apply molybdenum solution to the piston pin outer surfaces.

Apply engine oil to the connecting rod small end and piston pin hole.

Install the piston with its "IN" mark facing the intake side.

Install the piston pin.

Install the new piston pin clips.

CAUTION

Always use new piston pin clips. Reinstalling used piston pin clips may lead to serious engine damage.

NOTE

- Set the piston pin clip in the groove properly.
- Do not align the clip's end gap with the piston cut-out.



NOTE:

- The rear cylinder service using the same procedure as for the front cylinder.
- When cleaning the cylinder mating surface, place a shop towel over the cylinder opening to prevent dust or dirt enter the engine.

Install the dowel pins and new gasket.







Apply coolant to the new O-ring and install it to the water joint of the cylinder.



Apply engine oil to the cylinder wall and piston outer surfaces and piston rings.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the piston rings and cylinder walls.

Route the cam chain through the cylinder. Install the cylinder over the piston rings by hand while compressing the piston rings.

Slide the cylinder joint collar to the its original position.





install the joint collar clips to the groove on the water joint of the cylinder.



Apply coolant to the new O-ring and install it to the groove on the water hose joint of the front cylinder (front cylinder only).



Install and tighten the hose joint bolts securely (front cylinder only).

Install the cylinder head (page 10-23).





SERVICE INFORMATION	12-2	TRANSMISSION	12-14
TROUBLESHOOTING	12-3	CRANKCASE BEARING	12-23
CRANKCASE SEPARATION	12-4	CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY	12.25
CRANKSHAFT/CONNECTING ROD	12-6	UNANIKUASE ASSEMBLY	12-25



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

- The crankcase halves must be separated to service the crankshaft, connecting rod and transmission (including the shift fork and shift drum). To service these parts, the engine must be removed from the engine (Section 7).
- The following parts must be removed before separating the crankcase:
- -Water pump (Section 6)
- -Cylinder head (Section 10)
- Cylinder, piston (Section 11)
- Clutch, gearshift linkage and primary drive gear (Section 8)
- -Alternator, flywheel (Section 9)
- -Starter motor (Section 18)
- -Neutral switch, oil pressure switch (Section 19)
- · Be careful not to damage the crankcase mating surface.
- . When disassembling, mark and store the disassembled parts to ensure that they are reinstalled in their original locations.
- Connecting rod and crankshaft bearing inserts are select fitted and are identified by color code. Select the replacement bearings using the selection tables. After installing new bearings, recheck them with plastigauge to verify correct clearance.

· Clean and apply sealant to the crankcase mating surfaces. Wipe off excess sealant thoroughly.

SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM		STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT	
Crankshaft	Side clearance		0.05-0.20 (0.002-0.008)	0.30 (0.012)
	Runout			0.05 (0.002)
	Crank pin oil cleara	nce	0.028-0.052 (0.0011-0.0020)	0.07 (0.003)
	Main journal oil cle	arance 50 dia.	0.025-0.041 (0.0010-0.0016)	0.06 (0.002)
Transmission	Gear I.D.	M2, M4, C3	28.000-28.021 (1.1024-1.1032)	28.04 (1.104)
		C1	24.000-24.021 (0.9449-0.9457)	24.94 (0.982)
	Bushing O.D.	M2, M4, C3	27.959-27.980 (1.1007-1.1016)	27.94 (1.100)
		C1	23.959-23.980 (0.9433-0.9441)	23.94 (0.943)
	Bushing I.D.	M2	25.000-25.021 (0.9843-0.9851)	25.04 (0.986)
	COLUMN 222 DAIL 11	C1	20.016-20.037 (0.7880-0.7889)	20.06 (0.790)
	Gear-to-bushing	M2, M4	0.020-0.062 (0.0008-0.0024)	0.10 (0.004)
	clearance	C1, C3	0.020-0.062 (0.0008-0.0024)	0.10 (0.004)
	Mainshaft O.D.	M2 bushing	24.959-24.980 (0.9826-0.9835)	24.94 (0.982)
	Countershaft O.D.	C1 bushing	19.980-19.993 (0.7886-0.7871)	19.96 (0.786)
	Bushing-to-shaft	M2	0.020-0.062 (0.0008-0.0024)	0.10 (0.004)
	clearance	C1	0.023-0.057 (0.0009-0.0022)	0.10 (0.004)
Shift fork,	Fork	I.D.	13.000-13.018 (0.5118-0.5125)	13.04 (0.513)
ork shaft		Claw thickness	5.93-6.00 (0.233-0.236)	5.6 (0.22)
	Fork shaft O.D.		12.966 - 12.984 (0.5105 - 0.5112)	12.90 (0.508)
Shift drum O.D.	(at left side journal)		11.966-11.984 (0.4711-0.4718)	11.94 (0.470)

TORQUE VALUES

Mainshaft bearing set plate bolt Countershaft bearing set plate bolt Cam chain tensioner set plate bolt Crankcase 8 mm bolt 6 mm bolt

Connecting rod bearing cap nut

TOOLS

Attachment, 42 × 47 mm Attachment, 52 × 55 mm Pilot, 20 mm Pilot, 25 mm Pilot, 22 mm Driver Main bearing driver attachment Bearing remover set – Remover weight – Remover handle

-Bearing remover head

TROUBLESHOOTING

Excessive noise

- · Worn connecting rod big end bearing
- · Bent connecting rod
- · Worn crankshaft main bearing
- · Worn transmission gear

Hard to shift

- Improper clutch adjustment
- Improper clutch operation
- Bent shift fork
- · Bent shift fork shaft
- · Bent shift spindle
- Damaged shift drum cam grooves
- · Incorrect engine oil weight

Transmission jumps out of gear

- · Worn gear dogs or slots
- · Bent fork shaft
- Broken shift drum stopper
- · Worn or bent shift forks
- Broken gearshift linkage return spring

12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf-ft) 9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m , 6.5 lbf-ft) 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf-ft) 23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m , 17 lbf-ft) '97 – '98: 9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m , 6.5 lbf-ft) After '98: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf-ft) 33 N·m (3.4 kgf·m , 25 lbf-ft)

07746-0010300

07746-0010400

07746-0040500

07746-0040600

07746-0041000

07749-0010000

07936-3710001

07741-0010201

07936-3710100

07936-3710600

07HMF-MM90400

Apply a locking agent to the threads Apply a locking agent to the threads Apply a locking agent to the threads

Apply oil to the threads and seating surface

Not available in U.S.A. or 07936-3710200

CRANKCASE SEPARATION

Remove the engine from the frame (Section 7).

Refer to Service Information (page 12-1) for removal of necessary parts before disassembling the crankcase.

Remove the bolts and countershaft bearing set plate.

Remove the engine sub harness.

Remove the bolt and front cam chain tensioner set plate. Remove the front cam chain from the crankshaft.







Remove the bolt and rear cam chain tensioner set plate.

Remove the rear cam chain and cam chain drive sprocket.

Remove the mainshaft bearing set plate by removing the bolts.



Remove the bolt and gearshift cam plate.







Remove the right crankcase bolts.

Remove the left crankcase bolts.

pattern in several steps.

NOTE:

NOTE:

Loosen the 6 mm bolts first, then 8 mm bolts.

Loosen the 6 mm bolts first, then 8 mm bolts.
Loosen the left crankcase bolts in a crisscross

 Loosen the right crankcase bolts in a crisscross pattern in several steps.

Place the crankcase with the left crankcase down and remove the right crankcase.



NOTE:

- Separate the right crankcase from the left crankcase while prying at the points as shown.
- Separate the right crankcase from the left crankcase while tapping them at several locations with a soft hammer.



Remove the dowel pins. Clean off the sealant from the left and right crankcase mating surfaces.



CRANKSHAFT/CONNECTING ROD

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the crankshaft main bearing and connecting rod bearing while servicing the crankshaft/connecting rod.

REMOVAL

Separate the crankcase (page 12-4).

Remove the crankshaft/connecting rod from left crankcase.

INSPECTION

Inspect the connecting rod big end side clearance. Measure the side clearance by inserting the feeler gauge between the crankshaft and connecting rod large end as shown.

STANDARD: 0.30 mm (0.012 in)





Place the crankshaft on V-blocks.

Rotate the crankshaft two revolutions and read the runout with a dial indicator.

Divide the total indicator reading in half to get the actual runout.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)



Remove the connecting rod bearing cap nuts, bearing caps and connecting rod.

NOTE:

Tap the side of the cap lightly if the bearing cap is hard to remove.



Mark the bearing caps, bearings and connecting rod as you remove them to indicate the correct cylinder and position on the crankpins for reassembly.

Connecting rod small end inspection (page 11-6)



CONNECTING ROD BEARING INSPECTION

Inspect the bearing inserts for unusual wear, damage or peeling and replace if necessary.



CRANKPIN OIL CLEARANCE

Do not rotate the Clean off any oil from the connecting rod bearing crankshaft during inserts and crankpin. inspection. Put a strip of plastigauge on each crank pin

avoiding oil hole.



Install the connecting rod bearing and bearing cap to the original location.

Install and tighten the connecting rod bearing cap nuts in a crisscross pattern in several steps.

TORQUE: 33 N-m (3.4 kgf-m , 25 lbf-ft)



Remove the connecting rod bearing cap nuts, bearing cap and bearing.

Measure the compressed plastigauge at its widest point on each crank pin to determine the oil clearance.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.07 mm (0.003 in)

If the clearance exceeds the service limit, select the correct replacement bearings as follows.



CONNECTING ROD BEARING SELECTION

Determine the connecting rod I.D. number. The code will be either a number 1 or 2 located on the rod in the area shown.



Determine the corresponding crankpin O.D. code for measure the crankpin O.D.). The code will be either a letter A or B on the crank weight.



CRANK PIN O.D. CODE

Cross reference the crankpin and connecting rod codes to determine the replacement bearing collar.

County turner free	U	Ini	t:	mn	n (in)
--------------------	---	-----	----	----	-----	-----

1	Crankpin O.D.	A	В
C	onnecting rod	39.982 - 39.990	39.974 - 39.981
	D. code	(1.5741 - 1.5744)	(1.5738 - 1.5741)
1	43.000 - 43.007	C	B
	(1.6929 - 1.6932)	(Brown)	(Black)
2	43.008 - 43.016	B	A
	(1.6932 - 1.6935)	(Black)	(Blue)



BEARING INSERT THICKNESS:

A (Blue):	1.495 -	1.499 mm (0.0589 -	- 0.0590 in)
B (Black):	1.491 -	1.495 mm (0.0587 -	- 0.0589 in)
C (Brown):	1.487 -	1.491 mm (0.0585 -	- 0.0587 in)

CONNECTING ROD/CRANKSHAFT SELECTION

Connecting rod and crankshaft are select fitted. Record the connecting rod weight code (A, B or C). Record the crankshaft weight code (L, H or No code).

If the connecting rod and/or crankshaft are replaced, select them with the following fitting table. NOTE:

The "O" mark in the table indicates that mating is possible in the crossed codes.



Front connecting rod weight code Rear connecting rod weight code	A	В	с
А	•	0	0
в	0	0	0
С	0	0	

Unit: mm (in)



CAUTION:

For selecting crankshaft weight.

- Select "L" crankshaft weight, if the front rod and rear rod have code A (*).
- Select "H" crankshaft weight, if the front rod and rear rod have code C (* *).
- Select crankshaft weight with no code, other than the above two cases.

CRANKSHAFT/CRANKCASE SELECTION

Crankcase and crankshaft are select fitted.

Record the main journal O.D. code number (1 or 2).

Record the main bearing I.D. code (A or B).

If the crankcase and/or crankshaft are replaced, select them with the following fitting table.



MAIN JOURNAL O.D. CODE NUMBER

NOTE:

The "O" mark in the table indicates that mating is possible in the crossed codes.

Main journal O.D. code	1	2
Main bearing I.D. code		
A	0	
в		0



MAIN BEARING INSPECTION

Inspect the bearing inserts for unusual wear, damage or peeling and replace if necessary.



MAIN BEARING OIL CLEARANCE

Clean off any oil from the main bearing inserts and crankshaft journals.



Measure and record the crankshaft main journal O.D..



Measure and record the main bearing I.D..

Calculate the oil clearance by subtracting the journal O.D. from bearing I.D..

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.06 mm (0.002 in)

Replace the bearing if the service limit is exceeded. Select the replacement bearing (see below).



MAIN BEARING SELECTION

Record the main journal O.D. code number (1 or 2).



Press out the main bearing using the special tools and hydraulic press:

CAUTION:

When removing bearings, always use a hydraulic press and special tools to prevent crankcase damage.

TOOLS: Driver Main bearing driver attachment

07749-0010000 07HMF-MM90400

Measure and record the crankcase I.D. (A or B).

Cross-reference the crankcase and main journal codes to determine the replacement bearing color. ATTACHMENT

DRIVER





BEARING INSERT THICKNESS:

A (Blue):	2.003 -	2.013 mm (0.0789 - 0.0793 in)
B (Black):	1.998 -	2.008 mm (0.0787 - 0.0791 in)
C (Brown):	1.993 -	2.003 mm (0.0785 - 0.0789 in)



crankcase oil hole.

Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the outer surface of the new main bearing.

At installation. Place the bearing in the crankcase by aligning the align the bearing tab with the crankcase groove. oil hole with the Press the main bearing into the crankcase.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the bearing.



TOOLS: Driver Main bearing driver attachment

07749-0010000 07HMF-MM90400

NOTE:

If the main bearing is replaced, record the new main bearing I.D. code letter on the crankcase.



INSTALLATION

Clean off any oil from the main bearing inserts and connecting rod bearing cap.

Install the main bearing to the connecting rod and bearing cap by aligning the tab on the bearing with the groove on the connecting rod and bearing cap.



Install the connecting rods and bearing caps on the crankpin.

Be sure the each part is installed in its original position.

NOTE

Align the I.D. code on the bearing cap and connecting rod.



Apply oil to the connecting rod bearing cap nut threads and flange surface. Install and tighten the connecting rod bearing cap nuts to the specified torque in several steps.

TORQUE: 33 N-m (3.4 kgf-m , 25 lbf-ft)



After tightening, check that the connecting rods move freely without binding.

Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the main bearing sliding surfaces and install the crankshaft into the left crankcase.

Assemble the crankcase (page 12-24).

Separate the crankcase (page 12-4).

Remove the shift drum and shift forks.

Remove the shift fork shaft from the shift forks.

CRANKSHAFT/CONNECTING-ROD





Do not forget to install the transmission end washer.

TRANSMISSION

REMOVAL

Remove the mainshaft and countershaft from the left crankcase as assembly.



DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

- Keep track of the disassembled parts (gears, bushings, washers, and snap rings) by stacking them on a tool or slipping them onto a piece of wire.
- Do not expand the snap ring more than necessary for removal. To remove a snap ring, expand the snap ring and pull it off using the gear behind it.

Disassemble the mainshaft and countershaft.

INSPECTION

GEAR

Check the gear dogs, dog holders and teeth for damage or excessive wear. Measure the I.D. of each gears.

SERVICE LIMITS:

M2, M4, C3: 28.04 mm (1.104 in) C1: 24.94 mm (0.982 in)





BUSHING

Check the bushings for damage or excessive wear. Measure the O.D. of each bushings.

SERVICE LIMITS:

M2, M4, C3: 27.94 mm (1.100 in) C1: 23.94 mm (0.943 in)

Measure the I.D. of each bushings.

SERVICE LIMITS:

M2: 25.04 mm (0.986 in) C1: 20.06 mm (0.790 in)

MAINSHAFT/COUNTERSHAFT

Check the spline grooves and sliding surfaces for damage or abnormal wear. Measure the O.D. of the mainshaft and countershaft at the gear and bushing sliding areas. SERVICE LIMITS: Mainshaft: M2 gear bushing: 24.94 mm (0.982 in) Countershaft: C1 gear bushing: 19.96 mm (0.786 in)

Calculate the clearance by subtracting mainshaft and countershaft O.D. from gear bushing I.D..





SERVICE LIMITS:

M2, C1: 0.10 mm (0.004 in)

Calculate the clearance by subtracting gear bushing O.D. from gear I.D.,

SERVICE LIMITS:

M2, M4, C1, C3: 0.10 mm (0.004 in)

SHIFT DRUM/SHIFT DRUM BEARING

Remove the dowel pin.



Inspect the shift drum for scoring, scratches or evidence of insufficient lubrication.

Check the shift drum grooves for abnormal wear or damage.

Turn the inner race of bearing with your finger. The bearing should turn smoothly and quietly.



Measure the shift drum shaft O.D. at the left side journal.

SERVICE LIMIT: 11.94 mm (0.470 in)



Install the dowel pin into the shift drum.







SHIFT FORK, SHIFT FORK SHAFT

Check for abnormal wear or deformation. Measure the shift fork I.D. and claw thickness.

SERVICE LIMITS:

I.D.: 13.04 mm (0.513 in) Claw thickness: 5.6 mm (0.22 in)

Check for abnormal wear, damage or straightness. Measure the shift fork shaft O.D..

SERVICE LIMIT: 12.90 mm (0.508 in)

SHIFT DRUM JOURNAL, SHIFT FORK SHAFT JOURNAL

Check the right and left crankcase shift fork shaft journal for wear or damage.

Check the left crankcase shift drum journal for wear or damage.



OIL JET

Remove the oil jets from the front cylinder bore of the right and left crankcase.



Check the O-ring for fatigue and damage.

O-RING

ASSEMBLY

Clean all parts in solvent.

Apply molybdenum oil solution to the gear and bushing sliding surface and shift fork grooves to ensure initial lubrication. Assemble all parts into their original positions.

NOTE

- Check the gears for freedom of movement or rotation on the shaft.
- Install the washers and snap rings with the chamfered edges facing the thrust load side.
- Do not reuse worn snap rings which could easily spin in the grooves.
- Check that the snap rings are seated in the grooves. Align their end gaps with the grooves of the spline.

MAINSHAFT



COUNTERSHAFT



INSTALLATION

Install the C4 gear onto the countershaft.

Install the lock washer and stop washer, aligning bigger tabs of the lock washer with bigger grooves of the stop washer in the countershaft groove.

Turn the washers as shown to lock them on the nearest spline.





Install the stop washer first, and then the lock washer for the C3 gear.

Align and lock the washers using the procedure above.

Assemble the countershaft and mainshaft.

Install the stopper ring onto the countershaft.

Check the gears for freedom of movement or rotation on the shaft.

Check that the snap rings are seated in the grooves and align their end gaps with the lands of the splines.



MAINSHAFT

Apply engine oil to the following parts.

- -Mainshaft
- Countershaft
- -Each gears
- -Mainshaft bearing
- Countershaft bearing
- -Shift drum bearing



COUNTERSHAFT

Install the mainshaft and countershaft to the left crankcase as assembly.

NOTE:

- Do not forget to install the transmission end washer.
- When mainshaft and countershaft installation, be careful not to damage the countershaft oil seal.



NOTE

Each shift forks has an identification mark; "R" is for the right shift fork and "C" is for the center shift fork.



"C" MARK

Install the shift forks to the grooves of the shifter gear with their marks facing up (right crankcase side).

Install the shift drum aligning the guide pins on the shift forks with the guide grooves of the shift drum.





Apply molybdenum oil solution to the shift fork shaft.

Install the shift fork shaft with its stepped end side facing up (right crankcase side).

After installing, check for smooth transmission operation.

Assemble the crankcase (page 12-25).



CRANKCASE BEARING REPLACEMENT

Remove the followings:

- Crankshaft (page 12-6).
- Transmission (page 12-14).
- -Oil pump (page 4-4).

Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger. The bearings should turn smoothly and quietly. Also check that the bearing outer race fits tightly in the crankcase.

Replace the bearings if the races does not turn smoothly and quietly, or if they fit loosely in the crankcase.

LEFT CRANKCASE BEARING REPLACEMENT

NOTE:

The oil pump must be removed before replacing the crankcase bearing.

Remove the left mainshaft bearing using the special tools.

TOOLS:

Bearing remover set 07936 - 3710001 Not available in U. S. A. - Remover handle 07936 - 3710100 - Bearing remover head 07936 - 3710600 Remover sliding weight 07741 - 0010201 or

Remover sliding weight	07741-0010201 0
	07936-3710200

Remove the mainshaft bearing oil guide plate.

Remove the left countershaft bearing and oil seal.

Install the mainshaft bearing oil guide plate.







Drive in the new Install the new bearings to the left crankcase using bearing squarely the following special tools. with the marking

side facing up.

 TOOLS:

 Mainshaft bearing:

 Driver
 07749-0010000

 Attachment, 42 × 47 mm
 07746-0010300

DRIVER



TOOLS: Countershaft bearing: Driver 07749-0010000 Attachment, 52 × 55 mm 07746-0010400 07746-0040600 Pilot, 25 mm



Apply the grease to the new countershaft oil seal lip.

Install the new countershaft oil seal.

Check the gearshift spindle oil seal for damage. Replace the gearshift spindle oil seal if necessary.



RIGHT CRANKCASE BEARING REPLACEMENT

Drive out the right mainshaft bearing and right countershaft bearing.



OUNTERSHAFT BEARING

Drive in the new bearings squarely with the marking side facing up.

Install the new bearings to the right crankcase using the following special tools.

TOOLS: Mainshaft bearing: Driver 07749-0010000 Attachment, 52 × 55 mm 07746-0010400 Pilot, 25 mm 07746-0040600



 TOOLS:

 Countershaft bearing:

 Driver
 07749-0010000

 Attachment, 42 × 47 mm
 07746-0010300

 Pilot, 20 mm
 07746-0040500



CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY

Clean the right and left crankcase mating surfaces thoroughly, being careful not to damage them.

Install the followings:

- -Crankshaft (page 12-13)
- -Transmission (page 12-20)
- Oil pump (page 4-9)

Install the dowel pins.

Apply a light but thorough coating of sealant to all crankcase mating surfaces except the oil passage area.





Install the right crankcase to the left crankcase.



Install and tighten the right crankcase bolts in a crisscross pattern in several steps.

TORQUE: 8 mm bolt: 23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m , 17 lbf·ft) 6 mm bolt: 9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m , 6.5 lbf·ft)



Install and tighten the left crankcase bolts in a crisscross pattern in several steps.

TORQUE: 8 mm bolt: 23 N-m (2.3 kgf·m , 17 lbf-ft) 6 mm bolt: 9 N-m (0.9 kgf·m , 6.5 lbf-ft)





Clean and apply a locking agent to the gearshift cam plate bolt threads. Install the gearshift cam plate and bolt to the shift drum.

Install the gearshift cam plate by aligning the hole on the cam plate with the dowel pin.

Tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft)

Clean and apply a locking agent to the mainshaft bearing set plate bolt threads. Install the mainshaft bearing set plate. Install and tighten the mainshaft bearing set plate bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)



Clean and apply a locking agent to the rear cam chain tensioner set plate bolt threads. Install the rear cam chain tensioner set plate. Install and tighten the rear cam chain tensioner set plate bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)

Install the rear cam chain drive sprocket to the crankshaft, aligning the extra wide splines in the sprocket and crankshaft.

Install the rear cam chain to the cam chain drive sprocket tooth.

Install the front cam chain to the cam chain drive sprocket tooth.

Clean and apply a locking agent to the front cam chain tensioner set plate bolt threads.

Install the front cam chain tensioner set plate. Install and tighten the front cam chain tensioner set plate bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)









Install the engine sub harness.

NOTE:

Route the engine sub harness correctly (page 1-28).

Clean and apply a locking agent to the countershaft set plate bolt threads.

Install the countershaft bearing set plate and bolts. Tighten the countershaft bearing set plate bolts to specified torque.

TORQUE: 9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m , 6.5 lbf·ft)

Install the engine to the frame (Section 7).


MEMO



SERVICE INFORMATION	13-1	FRONT WHEEL	13-13
TROUBLESHOOTING	13-3	FORK	13-22
HANDLEBAR	13-4	STEERING STEM	13-34

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

AWARNING

 A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

Riding on damaged rims or spokes impairs safe operation of the vehicle.

 Wheel balance directly affects the stability, handling and overall safety of the motorcycle. Carefully check balance before reinstalling the wheel.

CAUTION:

Do not jack up the motorcycle using oil filter.

To avoid damaging the rim when using the tire lever, always use rim protectors.

When servicing the front wheel, support the motorcycle securely with a jack or other support under the engine.

 Do not operate the brake lever after removing the caliper and front wheel. To do so will cause difficulty in fitting the brake disc between the brake pads.

Refer to Section 15 for brake system information.

SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM		STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Minimum tire threa	d depth		1.5 (0.06)
Cold tire pressure	Up to 90 kg (200 lb) load	200 kPa (2.00 kgf/cm ² , 29 psi)	
1969 - 1960 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 11	Up to maximum weight capacity	200 kPa (2.00 kgf/cm ² , 29 psi)	
Axle runout			0.20 (0.008)
Wheel rim runout	Radial		2.0 (0.08)
	Axial		2.0 (0.08)
Wheel hub-to-rim d	istance	32.3 ± 0.8 (1.27 ± 0.03)	
Wheel balance weight	ght	Max 70 g (2.5 oz)	
Fork Spring free length Spring installed direction Tube runout	Spring free length	333.9 (13.15)	327.2 (12.88)
	Spring installed direction	Tightly wound coils should be at the top	
	Tube runout		0.20 (0.008)
Recommended fork oil		Pro-Honda Suspension Fluid SS-8	
Oil level Oil capacity	Oil level	111 (4.4)	
	Oil capacity	449 ± 0.25 cm ³ (15.2 ± 0.02 US oz, 15.8 ± 0.09 lmp oz)	
Steering head bear	ing preload	0.9-1.4 kgf (2.0-3.1 lbs)	

Unit: mm (in)

TORQUE VALUES

Steering stem nut Top thread A Top thread B	103 N-m (10.5 kgf-m , 76 l	bf-ft) See page 13-40	
Fork top bridge pinch bolt	11 N-m (1.1 kgf-m , 8 lbf-ft	t)	
Fork bottom bridge pinch bolt	49 N-m (5.0 kgf-m , 36 lbf-ft)		
Handlebar upper holder bolt	29 N-m (3.0 kgf-m , 22 lbf-ft)		
Handlebar lower holder nut	23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft)		
Handlebar switch screw	4 N-m (0.4 kgf-m , 2.9 lbf-ft)		
Front axle	74 N-m (7.5 kgf-m , 54 lbf-ft)		
Front axle pinch bolt	22 N-m (2.2 kgf-m , 16 lbf-	ft)	
Front brake disc mounting bolt '97-'98:	39 N-m (4.0 kgf-m , 29 lbf-ft) ALOC bolt: with a new one		
After '98:	42 N-m (4.3 kgf-m , 31 lbf-	ft)	
Fork cap	23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-	ft)	
Fork socket bolt	29 N-m (3.0 kgf-m , 22 lbf-	ft) Apply a locking agent to the threads	
Clutch lever holder bolt	12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft	t)	
Brake master cylinder holder bolt	12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft	t)	
Spokes	4 N-m (0.4 kgf-m , 2.9 lbf-	ft)	
TOOLS			
Attachment 42 × 47 mm	07748-0010300		
Attachment, 52 × 55 mm	07746-0010400		
Pilot, 20 mm	07746-0040500		
Bearing remover shaft	07746-0050100		
Bearing remover head, 20 mm	07746-0050600		
Driver	07749-0010000		
Steering stem socket	07916-3710101		
Bottom holder pipe	07930-KA50000	Not available in U.S.A.	
- Holder handle	07930-KA40200	Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.	
- Bottom holder attachment	07930-KA50100	Equivalent commerciany available in 0.0.4	
Bearing race remover	07946-3710500		
Steering stem driver	07946-MB00000		
Fork seal driver, 39 mm	07947-4630100		
Ball race remover	07953-MJ10000	Not available in U.S.A.	
-Driver attachment	07953-MJ10100	or 07953-MJ1000A or 07953-MJ1000B	
- Driver handle	07953-MJ10200	07949-3710001 or 07746-0010100	
Spoke wrench	07JMA-MR60100	or equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.	

TROUBLESHOOTING

Hard steering

- · Steering top thread too tight
- Faulty steering head bearings
- Damaged steering head bearings
- · Faulty tire
- Insufficient tire pressure

Steers to one side or does not track straight

- · Bent fork
- · Faulty steering head bearings
- · Damaged steering head bearings
- Bent frame
- · Worn wheel bearings
- · Bent front axle
- · Worn swingarm pivot component

Front wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Worn wheel bearings
- · Faulty tire
- Unbalanced tire and wheel

Soft suspension

- · Weak fork spring
- · Low fluid level in fork
- · Insufficient fluid in fork
- · Low tire pressure

Hard suspension

- · High tire pressure
- · Bent fork
- · High fluid level in fork
- Incorrect fluid weight
- Clogged fluid passage

Front suspension noisy

- · Loose fork fasteners
- Insufficient fluid in fork

Wheel turns hard

- Faulty wheel bearings
- Bent front axle
- · Brake drug
- · Faulty speedometer gear

HANDLEBAR

GRIP REPLACEMENT

Remove the throttle grip from the handlebar (page 13-6).



Remove the grip from the throttle pipe.

Apply Honda Bond A or Honda Grip Cemment (U.S.A. only) to the inside surface of the throttle grip to the clean surface of the throttle pipe. Wait 3-5 minutes and install the grip. Rotate the grip for even application of the adhesive.

Install the throttle grip to the handlebar (page 13-10).



Remove the left handlebar grip from the handlebar.



Apply Honda Bond A or Honda Grip Cemment (U.S.A. only) to the inside surface of the left handle grip to the clean surface of the handlebar. Wait 3-5 minutes and install the grip. Rotate the grip for even application of the adhesive.

NOTE

Allow the adhesive to dry for an hour before using. Check for smooth throttle operation after the throttle grip is installed.



REMOVAL

Remove the right and left rearview mirrors.

REAR VIEW MIRRORS



Loosen the clutch cable lower and upper adjusting nuts, and disconnect the clutch cable from the clutch lever.

Remove the bolt/nut and clutch lever from the clutch lever bracket.



Disconnect the clutch switch connectors from the CONNECTORS clutch switch.



Remove the socket bolts, clutch lever holder and bracket.



Remove the clutch switch from the clutch holder.



Remove the screws and left handlebar switch.

SCERWS



Remove the left handlebar grip and adapter.



ADAPTER

Disconnect the front brake light switch connectors from the switch.



Remove the socket bolts, master cylinder holder and master cylinder.



Remove the right handlebar switch screws.



THROTTOLE CABLES

ABLE GUIDE

SCREWS

HANDLEBAR SWITCH

Loosen the throttle cable lower adjusting nuts at the carburetors and disconnect the throttle cables from the throttle cable guide.

Remove the right handlebar switch from the handlebar.

Remove the throttle grip from the handlebar.



lower holders will be removed, NOTE: loosen the lower removing the upper holders.

If the handlebar Loosen the handlebar lower holder nuts.

holder nuts before Do not remove the lower holder nuts yet.



Remove the handlebar upper holder bolt caps.





BOLTS DLEBAR HOUDERS



Remove the socket bolts, upper holders and handlebar.

Remove the nuts, washers and handlebar lower

holders.

13-8

Check the bushings for wear or damage. Replace the bushings if necessary.

INSTALLATION

Install the handlebar lower holders, washers and nuts.

NOTE:

Do not tighten the lower holder nuts yet.

Install the handlebar and upper holders with their punch marks facing forward.

Temporarily tighten the upper holder socket bolts.





Tighten the lower holder nuts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 23 N-m (2.3 kgf-m , 17 lbf-ft)



Loosen the upper holder socket bolts and align the punch marks on the handlebar with the splits of the handlebar holders.

Tighten the forward bolts first, then tighten the rear bolts.

TORQUE: 29 N-m (3.0 kgf-m , 22 lbf-ft)



Install the upper holder bolt caps.



Apply grease to the throttle grip inner surface and throttle cable contact point. Install the throttle grip to the handlebar.



Connect the throttle cables to the throttle cable guide.

Install the right handlebar switch housing onto the handlebar, aligning the locating pin with the hole in the handlebar.



Install the attaching screws and tighten the forward screw first, then tighten the rear screw.



MASTER CYLINDER

HOLDER

Install the master cylinder and holder with the "UP" mark facing up.

Align the end of the master cylinder with the punch mark on the handlebar and tighten the upper bolt first, then tighten the lower bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf-ft)

Connect the front brake light switch connectors to the switch.

Install the adapter and left handlebar grip onto the handlebar (refer to page 13-4).

Install the left handlebar switch housing onto the handlebar, aligning the locating pin with the hole in the handlebar.









Install the attaching screws and tighten the forward screw then tighten the rear screw.



Install the clutch switch into the clutch lever bracket.





Install the clutch lever bracket and holder with the "UP" mark facing up.

Align the end of the clutch lever bracket with the punch mark on the handlebar and tighten the upper bolt then tighten the lower bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf-ft)



Connect the clutch switch connectors to the clutch switch.



Install the clutch lever to the clutch lever bracket. Install and tighten the bolt and nut securely.

Connect the clutch cable to the lever.



Install the right and left rearview mirrors.

NOTE:

Route the cables, wires and harness properly (page 1-22).

Adjust the followings:

- Throttle operation free play (page 3-5).

-Clutch lever free play (page 3-28).



FRONT WHEEL

AWARNING

A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

REMOVAL

Raise and support the motorcycle using a hoist or jack under the engine.

CAUTION:

Do not jack up the motorcycle using oil filter.

Remove the screw and disconnect the speedometer cable from the speedometer gear.

Remove the axle pinch bolt caps.





Loosen the axle pinch bolts. Remove the axle and front wheel.

NOTE:

Do not operate the front brake lever after removing the front wheel. To do so will cause difficulty in fitting the brake disc between the brake pads.

Remove the side collar.

AXUE





INSPECTION

AXLE

Set the front axle in V-blocks and measure the runout.

Turn the front axle and measure the runout using a dial indicator.

Actual runout is 1/2 the total indicator reading.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.20 mm (0.008 in)

Remove the speedometer gear box.



WHELL BEARING

Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger. The bearings should turn smoothly and quietly. Also check that the bearing outer race fits tightly in the hub.

Replace the wheel bearings in pairs. Remove and discard the bearings if the races do not turn smoothly and quietly, if they fit loosely in the hub.



WHEEL RIM

Check the rim runout by placing the wheel in a truing stand.

Spin the wheel slowly and read the runout using a dial indicator.

Actual runout is 1/2 the total indicator reading.

SERVICE LIMITS:

Radial: 2.0 mm (0.08 in) Axial: 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

Check the spokes for looseness or damage.

DISASSEMBLY

Remove the brake disc mounting bolts and brake disc.





Remove the right and left dust seals from the each side of the front wheel.



Remove the speedometer gear retainer.



REMOVER SHAFT

bearings in pairs. Do not reuse old bearings.

TOOLS:

Bearing remover shaft

Bearing remover head

Replace the wheel Install the bearing remover head into the bearing. From opposite side install the bearing remover shaft and drive the bearing out of the wheel hub. Remove the distance collar and drive out the other bearing.

> 07746-0050100 07746-0050600

ASSEMBLY



Drive in a new right bearing squarely with the marking side facing up until it is fully seated. Install the distance collar.

Drive in a new left bearing squarely with the marking side facing up until it is fully seated.

TOOLS:	
Driver	07749-0010000
Attachment, 42 × 47 mm	07746-0010300
Pilot, 20 mm	07746-0040500



Assemble the wheel as follows if the wheel has been disassembled.

Clean the spoke nipple threads.

-

Adjust the hub position so that the distance from the hub left end surface to the side of rim is as shown.

 $\textbf{STANDARD: 32.3 \pm 0.8 mm (1.27 \pm 0.03 in)}$



Torque the spokes in 2 or 3 progressive steps.

TOOL: Spoke wrench

07JMA -- MR60100 or equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

TORQUE: 4 N-m (0.4 kgf-m , 2.9 lbf-ft)







Install and tighten the new brake disc bolts to the specified torque.

NOTE

Tighten the bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.

TORQUE: '97-'98: 39 N·m (4.0 kgf·m , 29 lbf·ft) After '98: 42 N·m (4.3 kgf·m , 31 lbf·ft)

WHEEL BALANCE

AWARNING

Wheel balance directly affects the stability, handling and overall safety of the motorcycle. Carefully check balance before reinstalling the wheel.

NOTE:

- The wheel balance must be checked when the tire is remounted.
- For optimum balance, the tire balance mark (apaint dot on the side wall) must be located next to the valve stem. Remount the tire if necessary.

Mount the wheel, tire and brake disc assembly on an inspection stand.

Spin the wheel, allow it to stop, and mark the lowest (heaviest) part of the wheel with chalk. Do this two or three times to verify the heaviest

area.

If the wheel is balanced, it will not stop consistently in the same position.

To balance the wheel, install balance weights on the lightest side of rim, the side opposite the chalk marks. Add just enough weight so the wheel will no longer stop in the same position when it is spun. Do not add more than 70 g (2.5 oz) to the front wheel.







Install the speedometer gear retainer to the wheel hub aligning the tangs on the retainer with the slots on the hub.



AWARNING

Do not get grease on the brake disc or stopping power will be reduced.

Apply grease to the new right dust seal lip. Install the right dust seal to the right wheel hub.







INSTALLATION

Apply grease to the inside of speedometer gear box and gear.

Install the speedometer gear and washers into the gear box.



Install the speedometer gear box into the left wheel hub, aligning the tangs with the slots.

Install the side collar into the right wheel hub.



COLLAR



Tighten the front axle to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 74 N·m (7.5 kgf·m , 54 lbf·ft)

being careful not to damage the pads.

Install the front axle.

Apply thin coat of grease to the front axle.

againsed the back of stopper on the fork leg.



With the front brake applied, pump the front suspension up and down several times to seat the axle and check front brake operation.



Tighten the axle pinch bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 22 N-m (2.2 kgf-m , 16 lbf-ft)

install the axle pinch bolt caps.







Install the speedometer cable and tighten the screw securely.

FORK

REMOVAL

Remove the front wheel (page 13-13).

Pull the speedometer cable out of the cable holder on the front fender.

Unhook the brake hose from the hook on the front fender.

Remove the front fender mounting bolts and front fender.





NOTE:

Do not operate the front brake lever after removing the front wheel. To do so will cause difficulty in fitting the brake disc between the brake pads.

Remove the brake caliper mounting bolts and brake caliper.

CAUTION

- Do not suspend the brake caliper from the brake hose.
- Do not twist the brake hose.

Remove the bolt, collar and turn signal light assembly from the fork tube.





Remove the fork top bridge pinch bolt caps.





Loosen the fork top bridge pinch bolts. When the fork is ready to be disassembled, loosen the fork cap, but do not remove it.

Remove the fork bottom bridge pinch bolt caps.





Loosen the fork bottom bridge pinch bolts while holding the fork. Remove the fork from the top bridge and steering stem.

DISASSEMBLY

AWARNING

The fork cap is under spring pressure. Use care when removing it and wear eye and face protection.

Remove the fork cap and O-ring from the fork tube.



Remove the spring spacer from the fork tube.



Remove the washer.





Remove the fork spring.

Pour the fork oil from the fork leg by pumping the fork 8-10 times.



CAUTION:

Do not over tighten the fork slider.

Hold the axle holder in a vise with a piece of wood or soft jaws to avoid damage.

Install the special tool into the fork tube and hold the piston, then remove the socket bolt and sealing washer.

TOOLS: Bottom holder pipe

-Holder attachment

- Bottom holder handle

07930 – KA50000 Not available in U.S.A. 07930 – KA50100 Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A. 07930 – KA40200 Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.



SOKET BOLT/SEALING WASHER



Remove the fork piston and rebound spring.

NOTE:

Do not remove the fork piston ring, unless it is necessary to replace with a new one.



Remove the dust seal from the fork slider.



Remove the stopper ring from the groove of the fork slider.

CAUTION:

Do not scratch the fork tube sliding surface.



NOTE

Check that the fork tube moves smoothly in the fork slider. If does not, check the fork tube for bending or damage, and bushings for wear or damage.

Using quick successive motions, pull the fork tube out of the fork slider.



Remove the oil lock piece from the fork slider.



Remove the oil seal, back-up ring and slider OIL SEAL



BACK-UP RING

NOTE

Do not remove the fork tube bushing unless it is necessary to replace it with a new one.

Carefully remove the fork tube bushing by plying the slot with a screwdriver until the bushing can be pulled off by hand.



FORK TUBE BUSHING

INSPECTION

FORK SPRING

Measure the fork spring free length by placing the spring on a flat surface.

SERVICE LIMIT: 327.2 mm (12.88 in)

FORK TUBE/SLIDER/FORK PISTON

Check the fork tube, slider and fork piston for score marks, and excessive or abnormal wear.

Replace the component if necessary.



Check the fork piston ring for wear or damage. Check the rebound spring for fatigue or damage.

Replace the component if necessary.



SPRING

Set the fork tube in V-blocks and measure the fork tube runout rotating it with a dial indicator. Actual runout is 1/2 the total indicator reading.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.20 mm (0.008 in)

Replace if the service limit is exceeded, or there are scratches or nicks that will allow fork oil to leak past the seals.

NOTE:

Do not reuse the fork tube if it cannot be perfectly straightened with minimal effort.

FORK TUBE BUSHING

Visually inspect the slider and fork tube bushings. Replace the bushings if there is excessive scoring or scratching, or if the tefion is worn so that the copper surface appears on more 3/4 of the entire surface.

Check the back-up ring; replace it if there is any distortion at the point shown.





Install the oil lock piece onto the fork piston end. Coat the fork tube bushing with the fork oil and install the fork into the fork slider.



Install the rebound spring to the fork piston.



Install the fork piston into the fork tube.





CAUTION:

Do not overtighten the fork slider.

Hold the axle holder of the fork slider in a vise with a piece of wood or soft jaws to avoid damage. Replace the sealing washer with a new one. Clean and apply a locking agent to the fork socket bolt threads and install the fork socket bolt with the new sealing washer into the fork piston.

Tighten the fork socket bolt to the specified torque.

TOROUE: 29 N·m (3.0 kgf·m , 22 lbf·ft)





Drive in the new oil seal into the fork tube until the stop ring groove is visible, using the special tool.

TOOLS Fork seal driver, 39 mm

07947-4630100



Install the stopper ring into the groove in the fork slider.



Apply fork oil to the lip a new dust seal and install the dust seal.



Pour half the required amount of the recommended fork oil in the fork tube.

RECOMMENDED FORK OIL:

Honda Suspension Fluid SS-8 or equivalent OIL CAPACITY: 449 cm³ (16.9 US oz, 15.8 Imp oz)

Slowly pump the fork tube several times to remove trapped air.

Pour additional oil up to the specified capacity and repeat the above step.

Compress the fork leg fully.

Measure the oil level from the top of the fork tube.

OIL LEVEL: 111 mm (4.4 in)

Install the fork spring with the tightly wound end facing up.







Install the washer.



Install the spring spacer.



Apply fork oil to the new O-ring and install to the fork cap. Install the fork cap into the fork tube.

NOTE:

Tighten the fork cap after installing the fork tube into the fork bridge.





Install the fork into the bottom and top bridge.

Align the top of fork tube with the upper surface of the top bridge.



BOLT

Tighten the bottom bridge pinch bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 49 N-m (5.0 kgf-m , 36 lbf-ft)

Install the bottom bridge pinch bolt caps.



Tighten the fork cap to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m , 17 lbf-ft)

Tighten the top bridge pinch bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 11 N-m (1.1 kgf-m , 8 lbf-ft)



Install the top bridge pinch bolt caps.



Install the turn signal light assembly and collar. Install and tighten the mounting bolt securely.

NOTE:

At installation, turn the signal stay with its tab into the bottom bridge cut-out.


Install the brake caliper to the left front fork. Install and tighten the new front caliper mounting bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 30 N-m (3.1 kgf-m , 22 lbf-ft)

Install the front fender and tighten the mounting bolts securely.







Hook the brake hose onto the hose hook.

install the speedometer cable through the cable holder.

STEERING STEM

REMOVAL

Remove the handlebar (page 13-5).

Raise and support the motorcycle using a hoist.

Remove the steering cover (page 2-3) and disconnect the speedometer 6P (Black) connector.



Disconnect the speedometer cable from the speedometer. Remove the bolt, nut and speedometer.



Remove the nuts and headlight/stay as assembly.



Remove the steering stem nut.

STEM NUT





Remove the washer.

Remove the front forks (page 13-22).

Remove the top bridge.

top bridge.



Remove the screws and indicator panel from the INDICATOR PANEL

SCREWS

Remove the bolts and speedometer stay from the top bridge.



Straighten the lock washer tabs.





TEERING STEM

STEERING BEARING REPLACEMENT

Always replace the bearings and races as a set.

TOOL:

Bearing race remover

following tool and suitable shaft.

07946-3710500



Remove the upper bearing outer race using the following tools.

TOOL C.	
DUDUES:	

Ball race remover	07953-MJ10000
	Not available in U.S.A.
-Attachment	07953-MJ10100
	Not available in U.S.A.
-Driver handle	07953-MJ10200
	Not available in U.S.A.
or	
Race remover attach-	07953-MJ1000A or
ment	07953-MJ1000B
Driver	07949-3710001 or
Attachment, 32 × 35 mm	07746-0010100

Install the stem nut onto the stem to prevent the threads from being damage when removing the lower bearing inner race from the stem.

Remove the lower bearing inner race with a chisel or equivalent tool, being careful not to damage the stem.

Remove the dust seal.



INNER RACE/DUST SEAL



Apply grease to the new dust seal lip and install it to the steering stem.

Install the new lower bearing inner race using the following tool and hydraulic press.

TOOL: Steering stem driver

07946-MB00000





Apply grease to the new lower bearing. Install the new lower bearing onto the steering stem.

Install the steering stem into the head pipe.









Apply grease to the new upper bearing. Install the upper bearing, upper bearing inner race, dust seal and steering top thread.

Tighten the top thread to the specified torque.

TOOL: Steering stem socket 07916-3710100

TORQUE: 25 N·m (2.5 kgf-m , 18 lbf-ft)

Turn the steering stem right and left, lock-to-lock at least five times to seat bearings. Make sure that the steering stem moves smoothly, without play or binding.



Retighten the top thread to the specified torque.

TOOL: Steering stem socket 07916-3710101

TORQUE: 25 N·m (2.5 kgf·m , 18 lbf·ft)



Install the new lock washer and bend the two opposite tabs down into the grooves in the adjustment nut.

Install and finger tighten the lock nut all the way. Hold the steering top thread and further tighten the

with the tabs of the lock washer.

the lock nut.

lock nut, within 90 degrees, to align its grooves

Bend up the lock washer tabs into the grooves of





Install the speedometer stay and bolts to the top bridge. Tighten the bolts securely.



Install the indicator panel and screws. Tighten the screws securely.



SCREWS

Install the top bridge.

Install the fork legs (page 13-33).

Install the washer.



Install and tighten the steering stem nut to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 103 N-m (10.5 kgf-m , 76 lbf-ft)



Install the headlight stay and head light with bolt. Install and tighten the nuts securely.



Install the speedometer stay and speedometer. Install and tighten the bolt and nut.

Connect the speedometer cable to the speedometer.



Connect the speedometer 6P (Black) connector.

Install the steering cover (page 2-3). Install the handlebar (page 13-9).



STEERING BEARING PRELOAD

Raise the front wheel off the ground.

Position the steering stem to the straight ahead position.

Hook a spring scale to the fork tube between the fork tube between the fork top and bottom bridges. Make sure that there is no cable or wire harness interference.

Pull the spring scale keeping the scale at a right angle to the steering stem.

Read the scale at the point where the steering stem just starts to move.

STEERING BEARING PRELOAD:

0.9-1.4 kgf (2.0 - 3.1 lbf)

If the readings do not fall within the limits, readjust the steering top thread.

Install the removed parts in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE:

Route the cables and wire harness properly (page 2-20).



MEMO



SERVICE INFORMATION	14-1	BRAKE PEDAL	14-14
TROUBLESHOOTING	14-2	SHOCK ABSORBER	14-18
REAR WHEEL	14-3	SWINGARM	14-22
REAR BRAKE	14-11		

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

AWARNING

 A contaminated brake drum or shoe reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated shoes and clean a contaminated drum with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

Riding on damaged rims or spokes impairs safe operation of the vehicle.

 Wheel balance directly affects the stability, handling and overall safety of the motorcycle. Carefully check balance before reinstalling the wheel.

CAUTION:

To avoid damaging the rim when using the tire lever, always use rim protectors.

Do not jack up the motorcycle using the oil filter.

When servicing the rear wheel, swingarm or shock absorber, support the motorcycle using a safety stand or hoist.

Use only genuine Honda replacement bolts and nuts for all suspension pivot and mounting points.

SPECIFICATIONS

a construction and a construction of the			Unit: mm (in)
	ITEM	STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Minimum tire threa	d depth		2.0 (0.08)
Cold tire	Up to 90 kg (200 lb) load	200 kPa (2.00 kgf/cm ² , 29 psi)	
pressure	Up to maximum weight capacity	250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm ² , 36 psi)	
Axie runout			0.20 (0.008)
Wheel rim runout	Radial		2.0 (0.08)
	Axial		2.0 (0.08)
Wheel hub-to-rim d	listance	32.3 ± 0.8 (1.27 ± 0.03)	
Wheel balance weight	ght	Max 70 g (2.5 oz)	
Drive chain slack		20-30 (3/4-1-1/4)	50 (2.0)
Drive chain link		120L	2
Drive chain size	DID	525 V8	
	BK	525 SM5	
Rear brake	Drum I.D.	160.0-160.3 (6.30-6.31)	161 (6.3)
	Lining thickness	5 (0.2)	2 (0.1)
Brake pedal free pla	ay	20-30 (3/4-1-1/4)	
Shock absorber spr	ing preload adjuster setting	2nd position	

TORQUE VALUES

Rear axle put		88 N·m (9.0 kgf·m , 65 lbf·ft)	U-nut
Driven sprocket nut		64 N-m (6.5 kgf-m , 47 lbf-ft)	U-nut
Rear shock absorber mounting nut (upper)		44 N-m (4.5 kgf-m , 33 lbf-ft)	
(lower)		44 N-m (4.5 kgf-m , 33 lbf-ft)	
Swingarm piyot bolt		88 N-m (9.0 kgf-m , 65 lbf-ft)	
Rear brake stopper arm bolt	'97-'98:	22 N·m (2.2 kgf·m , 16 lbf-ft)	
	After '98:	21 N-m (2.1 kgf-m , 15 lbf-ft)	
Rear brake arm pinch bolt	'97-'98:	26 N·m (2.7 kgf·m , 20 lbf-ft)	
field. Brane arrespinstered	After '98:	21 N·m (2.1 kgf·m , 15 lbf-ft)	
Rear brake middle rod joint bolt		9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m , 6.5 lbf-ft)	
Spokes		4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m , 2.9 lbf-ft)	
Fuel pump stay mounting nut ('97-'98) /			
Turn signal relay stay mounting nut (After	(98)	9 N-m (0.9 kgf-m , 6.5 lbf-ft)	

TOOLS

Attachment, 32 × 35 mm	07746-0010100
Attachment, 42 × 47 mm	07746-0010300
Pilot, 15 mm	07746-0040300
Pilot, 17 mm	07746-0040400
Pilot, 22 mm	07746-0041000
Bearing remover shaft	07746-0050100
Bearing remover head, 17 mm	07746-0050500
Attachment, 28 × 30 mm	07946-1870100
Driver	07749-0010000
Snap ring pliers	07914-3230001
Driver shaft set	07946-KA50000
Driver shaft	07946-MJ00100
Spoke wrench	07JMA-MR60100

Not available in U.S.A. or 07949-3710001 or 07746-0040500 or equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Rear wheel wobbles

- Bent rim
- · Worn rear wheel bearings
- · Loose or bent spokes
- · Faulty tire
- Unbalanced tire or wheel
- Low tire pressure
- · Axle not tightened properly
- Chain adjusters not adusted equally
- Faulty swingarm pivot bearings and bushings
- Bent frame or swingarm

Wheel turns hard

- · Faulty wheel bearings
- · Bent rear axle
- · Brake drug

Rear suspension noisy

- · Faulty rear shock absorber
- · Loose fasteners

Soft suspension

- · Weak spring
- Improper shock absorber spring preload
- · Oil and gas leakage from damper unit
- · Low tire pressure

14-2

Hard suspension

- Improper shock absorber spring preload
- · Bent damper rod
- · High tire pressure
- · Damaged swingarm pivot bearings and bushings
- · Bent frame or swingarm

Poor brake performance

- Improper brake adjustment
- Worn brake shoes
- · Brake linings oily, greasy or dirty
- · Worn brake cam
- Brake arm serrations improperly engaged
- Brake shoes worn at cam contact area

Worn brake drum

REAR WHEEL

REMOVAL

CAUTION:

Do not jack up the motorcycle using the oil filter.

Support the motorcycle using a hoist or a jack under the engine.

Loosen the axle nut.

Loosen the drive chain adjusters on both sides of the swingarm.

Disconnect the brake rod from the brake arm.

Remove the cotter pin, nut, washers and bolt from the stopper arm on the brake panel.





COTTER PIN/BOLT/NUT/WASHERS

Remove the drive chain from the driven sprocket.

Remove the axle nut, adjuster collars, side collar and rear axle.

Remove the rear wheel.



INSPECTION

AXLE

Place the axle in V-blocks and measure the runout. Actual runout is 1/2 the total indicator reading.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.20 mm (0.008 in)



WHEEL

Check the rim runout by placing the wheel in a turning stand.

Spin the wheel slowly and read the runout using a dial indicator.

Actual runout is 1/2 the total indicator reading.

SERVICE LIMITS: Radial: 2.0 mm (0.08 in) Axial: 2.0 mm (0.08 in)



WHEEL BEARING

Turn the inner race of each bearings with your finger. Bearings should turn smoothly and quietly. Also check that the bearing outer race fits tightly in the hub.

Replace the wheel bearings in pairs. Remove and discard the bearings if the races do not turn smoothly and quietly, or if they fit loosely in the hub.



DRIVEN SPROCKET

Check the condition of the final driven sprocket teeth.

Replace the sprocket if worn or damaged.

NOTE

- If the final driven sprocket requires replacement, inspect the drive chain and drive sprocket.
- Never install a new drive chain on a worn sprocket or a worn chain on new sprockets. Both chain and sprocket must be in good condition or the replacement chain or sprocket will wear rapidly.

DISASSEMBLY

Remove the brake panel assembly from the right wheel hub.





Remove the collar.





Remove the driven flange from the left wheel hub.

NOTE:

If you will be disassembling the driven flange, loosen the driven sprocket nuts before removing the driven flange from the wheel hub.

Remove the damper rubbers and O-ring.

DRIVEN FLANGE BEARING REMOVAL

Remove the driven sprocket nuts and driven

Remove the dust seal.

sprocket.







Remove the driven flange collar.

Remove the driven flange bearing.



WHEEL BEARING REMOVAL

Install the bearing remover head into the bearing. From the opposite side install the bearing remover shaft and drive the bearing out of the wheel hub. Remove the distance collar and drive out the other bearing.

TOOLS:

Bearing remover shaft Bearing remover head, 17 mm 07746-0050100 07746-0050500





ASSEMBLY

WHEEL BEARING INSTALLATION

Pack all bearing cavities with grease.

CAUTION:

Never install an old bearing has been removed, the bearing must be replaced with a new one.

Drive a new left bearing squarely with its sealed side facing out.

Install the distance collar, then drive in the right side bearing with its sealed side facing out.

The second secon	n	\mathbf{n}		c.
	J	J		a
	-	-	-	-

 Driver
 07749-0010000

 Attachment, 42 × 47 mm
 07746-0010300

 Pilot, 17 mm
 07746-0040400







DRIVEN FLANGE BEARING INSTALLATION

Drive a new driven flange bearing into the driven flange using the special tools.

TOOLS:

Driver	07749-0010000
Attachment, 42 × 47 mm	07746-0010300
Pilot, 17 mm	07746-0040400

Place the rim on the work bench. Place the hub with the left side down and begin lacing with new spokes.

Adjust the hub position so that the distance from the hub right end surface to the side of rim as shown.

STANDARD: 23.5 ± 0.8 mm (0.93 ± 0.03 in)



TOOLS: Spoke wrench

07JMA - MR60100 or equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

Torque the spokes in 2 or 3 progressive steps.

TORQUE: 4 N-m (0.4 kgf-m , 2.9 ibf-ft)

Check the rim runout (page 14-4).

Install the driven flange collar.

Apply grease to the new dust seal lips, then install it into the driven flange.





COLLAR



Install the wheel damper rubbers and O-ring into the wheel hub.

AWARNING

Do not get grease on the brake drum or stopping power will be reduced.

Install the driven flange assembly into the left wheel hub.

If the driven sprocket was removed, install the driven sprocket and tighten the nuts.

TORQUE: 64 N-m (6.5 kgf-m , 47 lbf-ft)

WHEEL BALANCE

AWARNING

Wheel balance directly affects the stability, handling and overall safety of the motorcycle. Carefully check balance before reinstalling the wheel.

NOTE:

- The wheel balance must be checked when the tire is remounted.
- For optimum balance, the tire balance mark (a paint dot on the side wall) must be located next to the valve stem. Remount the tire if necessary.

Mount the wheel, and tire assembly on an inspection stand.

Spin the wheel, allow it to stop, and mark the lowest (heaviest) part of the wheel with chalk.

Do this two or three times to verify the heaviest area.

If the wheel is balanced, it will not stop consistently in the same position.

To balance the wheel, install balance weights on the lightest side of rim, the side opposite the chalk marks.

Add just enough weight so the wheel will no longer stop in the same position when it is spun.

Do not add more than 70 g (2.5 oz) to the rear wheel.









Install the left side collar.



Install the brake panel assembly into the right wheel hub.



INSTALLATION

Position the rear wheel in the swingarm.

Install the left side adjuster collar onto the rear axle and insert the axle (from the left side) through the swingarm, wheel hub and right side collar.

Install the drive chain over the driven sprocket.



Install the right side adjuster collar and axle nut.



Connect the stopper arm to the brake panel with bolt, seat washer, washer and nut. Tighten the nut to the specified torque.

TORQUE: '97 – '98: 22 N·m (2.2 kgf·m , 16 lbf·ft) After '98: 21 N·m (2.1 kgf·m , 15 lbf·ft)

Install the new cotter pin and bend it back securely. Connect the brake rod to the brake arm.

Adjust the drive chain (page 3-21) and rear brake pedal free play (page 3-26).

Tighten the axle nut.

TORQUE: 88 N-m (9.0 kgf-m , 65 lbf-ft)









REAR BRAKE

REMOVAL

Remove the rear wheel (page 14-3). Remove the brake panel from the rear wheel (page 14-4).

INSPECTION

Measure the brake drum I.D.

SERVICE LIMIT: 161 mm (6.3 in)

Measure the brake lining thickness.

SERVICE LIMIT: 2 mm (0.1 in)

DISASSEMBLY

Remove the cotter pins and set plate.



Remove the brake shoes and springs.

Remove the bolt and brake arm.

NOTE:

Mark the shoes to indicate their original positions before removing them.





Remove the indicator plate and felt seal. Remove the brake cam.



ASSEMBLY



Apply oil to the felt seal and install it onto the brake panel.

Install the wear indicator plate on the brake cam aligning its wide tooth with the wide groove on the brake cam.



14-13

Install the brake arm aligning the punch marks of the arm and the brake cam.

Install and tighten the brake arm pinch bolt securely.



Install the brake shoes and springs.



Install the set plate and new cotter pins.

INSTALLATION

Install the brake panel into the wheel hub (page 14-10). Install the rear wheel (page 14-10).



BRAKE PEDAL

REMOVAL

NOTE:

- If the middle brake rod will be serviced, remove the muffler (page 2-14).
- If the brake rod will be serviced, remove the swingarm (page 14-21).

Remove the cotter pin/washer ('97-'98), nut and middle brake rod front pivot bolt.

Remove the brake pedal assembly from the middle brake rod.



Remove the right footpeg bracket mount bolts, washers and bracket.



Remove the pivot collar. Inspect the brake pedal pivot dust seals wear or damage. Replace it if necessary.

DUST SEALS



BRAKE PEDAL

COLLAR

Remove the rear brake light switch return spring. Remove the rear brake rod return spring. Remove the middle brake arm joint bolt. Remove the middle brake arm/brake rod from the brake shaft arm.



Remove the brake shaft arm and middle brake rod from the frame.



Remove the cotter pin/washer ('97-'98), nut and middle brake rod rear pivot bolt. Remove the middle brake rod from the brake shaft arm.



INSTALLATION



Install the middle brake rod to the brake shaft arm. Install the middle brake rod rear pivot bolt, washer ('97-'98) and nut.

Tighten the nut securely ('97-'98),

Tighten the nut to the specified torque (After '98).

TORQUE: 9 N-m (0.9 kgf-m , 6.5 lbf-ft)

Install the new cotter pin securely to the nut ('97-'98).



Apply grease to the brake shaft arm pivot. Install the brake shaft arm/middle brake rod into the frame.



Install the middle brake arm aligning the punch mark on the brake shaft arm with the slit of the middle brake arm.



Install and tighten the middle brake arm joint bolt.

TORQUE: '97-'98: 26 N-m (2.7 kgf·m , 20 lbf·ft) After '98: 21 N-m (2.1 kgf·m , 15 lbf·ft)

Install the rear brake rod return spring. Install the brake light switch spring.



Apply grease to the pivot collar and dust seal lips. Install the pivot collar and dust seal into the brake pedal pivot.



Install the right footpeg, washers and bolts. Tighten the bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 39 N-m (4.0 kgf-m , 29 lbf-ft)



Install the middle brake rod front pivot bolt, washer ('97-'98) and nut.

Tighten the nut securely ('97-'98). Tighten the nut to the specified torque (After '98).

TORQUE: 9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m , 6.5 lbf·ft)

Install the new cotter pin securely to the nut ('97-'98).

After installation, adjust the rear brake pedal free play (page 3-26).



BOLT/WASHER ('97-'98)/NUT

(98)

SHOCK ABSORBER

REMOVAL

Support the motorcycle securely using a hoist or equivalent.

Remove the following:

- -Seat (page 2-2)
- -Right and left side cover (page 2-3)
- -Rear ignition coil mounting bolts (page 17-8)
- '97-'98: Disconnect the fuel pump and fuel pump relay connector. Remove the turn signal relay from the fuel pump stay.
- After '98: Disconnect the turn signal relay 3P connector. Remove the turn signal relay from the stay.





Remove the rear ignition coil stay front side mounting bolt.



Remove the fuel pump stay ('97-'98)/turn signal relay stay (After '98) mounting nut.







After '98: Remove the side cover upper mount bolt and stay.

Remove the fuel pump stay ('97-'98). Remove the turn signal relay stay (After '98).

Remove the upper and lower shock absorber mounting bolts and nuts, and remove the shock absorber.



INSPECTION

Visually inspect the shock absorber for damage. Check the following:

- Damper rod for bend or damage
- Damper unit for deformation or oil leaks
- Upper and lower joint bushings for wear or damage

Check smooth damper operation.

CAUTION:

Do not disassemble the shock absorber. Replace the shock absorber if any component is damaged.

INSTALLATION

Install and tighten the upper and lower mounting bolts and nuts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 44 N-m (4.5 kgf-m , 33 lbf-ft)





After '98: Install the side cover upper mount stay and tighten the bolt securely.



Install the fuel pump stay ('97-'98). Install the turn signal relay stay (After '98).







Install the fuel pump stay ('97-'98)/turn signal relay stay (After '98) mounting nut to the specifed torque.

TORQUE: 9 N-m (0.9 kgf-m , 6.5 lbf-ft)

Install and tighten the ignition coil stay front side mounting bolt securely.

'97-'98: Connect the turn signal relay and fuel pump relay connectors. Install the fuel pump onto the fuel pump stay.



Alter '98: Install the turn signal relay to the stay and connect the turn signal relay 3P connector.

Install the following:

- Rear ignition coil (page 17-8)
- Right and left side cover (page 2-3)
- -Seat (page 2-2)



SWINGARM

REMOVAL

Remove the followings:

- Rear wheel (page 14-3)
- Drive sprocket (page 7-3)
- Gearshift arm from the gearshift spindle (page 8-12)
- -Evaporative emission canister
- (California type only)
- -Radiator coolant reserve tank (page 6-16)

Remove the shock absorber lower mounting bolt and nut.

Remove the swingarm pivot bolt caps.





Remove the swingarm pivot bolt and nut, then remove the swingarm from the frame.



DISASSEMBLY

Inspect the drive chain slider for wear or damage. Replace it if necessary. Inspect the drive chain for dirt or damage. Clean or replace it if necessary (page 3-21).



Remove the nuts, bolts, collars and drive chain slider.

Remove the bolts and drive chain cover.









Remove the cotter pin, nut, washers, bolt and stopper arm.

INSPECTION

wear or damage.

Remove the collars and dust seals from the right side pivot.



Remove the collar and dust seals from the left side pivot.





Disassemble the drive chain cover and inspect the chain protector for wear or damage. Replace if necessary.

Inspect the swingarm for deformation or cracks.


PIVOT BEARING REPLACEMENT

Remove the dust seals from the right and left swingarm pivots. Remove the snap ring from the right pivot.

TOOL: Snap ring pliers

07914-3230001



Drive the right pivot ball bearing out of the swingarm using a hydraulic press and driver shaft.

TOOL: Driver shaft

07946 - MJ00100 Not available in U.S.A. or 07949 - 3710001 or 07746 - 0040500



Drive the left needle bearing out of the swingarm.

TOOL: Driver shaft set

07946-KA50000

07749-0010000

07746-0010100

07746-0040300



Install the bearings with the marks facing out.

Install the Carefully press new bearings into the swingarm as with the pivots.

RIGHT SIDE BALL BEARING:

TOOL: Driver Attachment, 32 × 35 mm Pilot, 15 mm DRIVER DRIVER



Install the stopper arm, bolt, washers and nut. Tighten the nut securely. Install the new cotter pin to secure the nut.









Install the drive chain cover and bolts. Tighten the bolts securely.

Install the drive chain slider by aligning the hole on the chain slider to the pin on the swingarm.

Install the collars, bolts and nuts. Tighten the nuts securely.

INSTALLATION

Install the swingarm in the frame. Install the swingarm pivot bolt and nut. Tighten the nut to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 88 N-m (9.0 kgf-m , 65 lbf-ft)

Install the swingarm pivot caps.





Install the shock absorber lower mounting bolt and nut.

Tighten the nut to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 44 N-m (4.5 kgf-m , 33 lbf-ft)

Install the followings:

- Radiator coolant reserve tank (page 6-18).
- Evaporative emission canister (Carifornia type only).
- Gearshift arm to the gearshift spindle (page 8-16).
- Drive sprocket (page 7-14).
- -Rear wheel (page 14-10).

Adjust the drive chain (page 3-21). Adjust the rear brake pedal free play (page 3-6).



MEMO



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SERVICE INFORMATION	15-1	BRAKE PAD/DISC	15-5
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AIR BLEEDING	15-3		

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

AWARNING

A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

CAUTION:

- Support the brake caliper with a piece of wire so that it does not hang from the brake hose. Do not twist the brake hose.
- Reusing drained fluids can impair braking efficiency.
- Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a rag or shop towel over these parts whenever the system is serviced.
- Never allow contaminants (dirt, water, etc.) to get into an open reservoir.
- Always use fresh DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container when servicing the system. Do not mix different types of fluid as they may not be compatible.
- Spilled brake fluid will severally damage instrument lenses and painted surfaces. It is also harmful to some rubber parts. Be careful whenever you remove the reservoir cap: make sure the from reservoir is horizontal first.
- . Do not reuse the sealing washers. Replace with new ones.
- Once the hydraulic system has been opened, or if the brake feel spongy, the system must be bled.
- Always check brake operation before riding the motorcycle.
- Always replace the brake pads is pairs to ensure even disc pressure.

SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM	STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Specified brake fluid	Honda DOT 4 Brake Fluid	
Brake pad wear indicator		To groove
Brake disc thickness	5.0 (0.20)	4.0 (0.16)
Brake disc runout		0.30 (0.012)
Master cylinder I.D.	11.000-11.043 (0.4331-0.4348)	11.05 (0.435)
Master piston O.D.	10.957-10.984 (0.4314-0.4324)	10.945 (0.4309)
Caliper cylinder I.D.	27.000-27.050 (1.0630-1.0650)	27.06 (1.065)
Caliper piston O.D.	26.935-26.968 (1.0604-1.0617)	26.93 (1.060)

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TORQUE VALUES

Brake caliper mounting bolt Caliper pin bolt Bracket pin bolt Pad pin Pad pin plug Brake caliper bleeder Brake lever pivot bolt Brake lever pivot nut Master cylinder holder bolt Master cylinder cover screw Front brake light switch screw Brake hose oil bolt

TOOLS

Snap ring pliers

TROUBLESHOOTING

Brake lever soft or spongy

- · Air in the hydraulic system
- Leaking hydraulic system
- Contaminated brake disc/pad
- · Worn caliper piston seal
- Worn master cylinder piston cup
- Worn brake pad/disc
- Contaminated caliper
- · Caliper not sliding properly
- · Low fluid level
- · Clogged fluid passage
- · Warped/deformed brake disc
- · Sticking/worn caliper piston
- · Sticking/worn master cylinder piston
- · Contaminated master cylinder
- · Bent brake lever

Brake lever hard

- · Sticking/worn caliper piston
- · Caliper not sliding properly
- · Clogged/restricted fluid passage
- · Worn caliper piston seal
- · Sticking/worn master cylinder piston
- · Bent brake lever

30 N·m (3.1 kgf·m , 22 lbf·ft) 23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m , 17 lbf·ft) 13 N·m (1.3 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft) 18 N·m (1.8 kgf·m , 13 lbf·ft) 2 N·m (0.25 kgf·m , 1.8 lbf·ft) 6 N·m (0.65 kgf·m , 4.7 lbf·ft) 1 N·m (0.1 kgf·m , 0.7 lbf·ft) 6 N·m (0.6 kgf·m , 4.3 lbf·ft) 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m , 9 lbf·ft) 1 N·m (0.15 kgf·m , 1.1 lbf·ft) 1 N·m (0.12 kgf·m , 0.9 lbf·ft) 34 N·m (3.5 kgf·m , 25 lbf·ft)

ALOC bolt: replace with a new one

07914-3230001 or equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

Brake grab or pull to one side

- · Contaminated brake pad/disc
- · Misaligned wheel
- · Clogged/restricted brake hose joint
- Warped/deformed brake disc
- Caliper not sliding properly

Brakes drag

- · Contaminated brake disc/pad
- · Warped/deformed brake disc
- · Caliper not sliding properly
- · Misaligned wheel

BRAKE FLUID REPLACEMENT/AIR RESERVOIR BLEEDING

AWARNING

A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

CAUTION:

- Do not allow foreign material to enter the system when filling the reservoir.
- Avoid spilling fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a rag over these parts whenever the system is serviced.
- Use only DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container.
- Do not mix different types of fluid. They are not compatible.

BRAKE FLUID DRAINING

For the front brake, turn the handlebar to the left until the reservoir is level. Remove the screws, reservoir cover, set plate and diaphragm.

Connect the bleed tube to the bleed valve.

Loosen the bleed valve and pump the brake lever until no more fluid flows out of the bleed valve.

BRAKE FLUID FILLING/BLEEDING

Close the bleed valve. Fill the reservoir with DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container.



Pump the brake bleeder and loosen the bleed valve. Add brake fluid when the fluid level in the reservoir is low.

NOTE

- Check the fluid level often while bleeding the brake to prevent air from being pumped into the system.
- When using a brake bleeding tool, follow the manufacturer's operating instructions.









Repeat the above procedures until air bubbles do not appear in the plastic hose.

NOTE:

If air is entering the bleeder from around the bleed valve threads, seal the threads with teflon tape.

Close the bleed valve and operate the brake lever. If it still feels spongy, bleed the system again.

If a brake bleeder is not available, use the following procedure:

Pump up the system pressure with the brake lever until lever resistance is felt.

Connect a bleed hose to the bleed valve and bleed the system as follows:

 Squeeze the brake lever. Open the bleed valve 1/2 turn and close it.

NOTE

Do not release the brake lever until the bleed valve has been closed.

Release the brake lever slowly and wait several seconds after it stops moving.

Repeat steps 1 and 2 until air bubbles do not appear in the bleed valve.

Tighten the bleed valve.

TORQUE: 5 N·m (0.55 kgf·m , 4.0 lbf·ft)

Fill the reservoir to the upper level mark with DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container.







Install the diaphragm, set plate and reservoir cover. Tighten the screws to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 1 N-m (0.15 kgf-m , 1.1 lbf-ft)



DIAPHRAGM

BRAKE PAD/DISC

AWARNING

A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT

Always replace the brake pads in pairs to ensure even disc pressure.

Push the caliper pistons all the way in by pushing the caliper body inward to allow installation of new brake pads.

NOTE

Check the brake fluid level in the brake master cylinder reservoir as this operation causes the level to rise.

Remove the pad pin plug and loosen the pad pin.



Install the new pads so that their ends rest on the pad retainer on the bracket properly.







Install the pad pin by pushing the pads against the pad spring to align the pad pin holes in the pads and caliper.

Tighten the pad pin to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 18 N-m (1.8 kgf-m , 13 lbf-ft)



Install and tighten the pad pin plug to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 2 N·m (0.25 kgf·m , 1.8 lbf-ft)

AWARNING

After replacement, operate the brake lever to seat the caliper pistons against the pads.



BRAKE DISC INSPECTION

Visually inspect the disc for damage or cracks.

Measure the brake disc thickness at several points.

SERVICE LIMIT: 4.0 mm (0.16 in)

Replace the brake disc if the smallest measurement is less than the service limit.



Check the brake disc for warpage.

SERVICE LIMIT: 0.30 mm (0.012 in)

Check the wheel bearings for excessive play, if the warpage exceeds the service limit. Replace the brake disc if the wheel bearings are normal.



MASTER CYLINDER

CAUTION:

- Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a rag or shop towel over these parts whenever the system is serviced.
- When removing the oil hose, cover the end of the hose to prevent contamination.

REMOVAL

Drain the brake fluid (page 15-3). Remove the right rearview mirror.

Disconnect the brake hose by removing the oil bolt and sealing washers.





Remove the master cylinder holder bolts, holder and master cylinder.



Disconnect the brake light switch connectors.



DISASSEMBLY

Remove the brake lever pivot nut, bolt and brake lever.



BOLT/NUT

Remove the screw and brake light switch.



SWITCH

Remove the boot from the master cylinder and master piston.





Remove the snap ring.

TOOL: Snap ring pliers Remove the master piston and spring from the master cylinder.

Clean the master cylinder, reservoir and master piston with clean brake fluid.

NOTE:

- Replace the master piston, spring, cups and snap ring as a set whenever they are disassembled.
- Be sure that each part is free from the dust or dirt before reassembly.
- Never allow contaminants (dirt, water, etc.) to get into an open reservoir.

INSPECTION

Check the piston cups for wear, deterioration or damage.

Check the master cylinder and piston for scoring, scratches or damage.





PISTON

MASTER CYLINDER



Measure the master piston O.D.

Measure the master cylinder I.D.

SERVICE LIMIT: 11.05 mm (0.435 in)

SERVICE LIMIT: 10.945 mm (0.4309 in)





Install the boot into the master cylinder and the groove in the master piston. Apply silicone grease to the brake lever contacting surface of the master cylinder.





SH BOOT

Install and tighten the screw to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 1 N-m (0.12 kgf-m , 0.9 lbf-ft)



Apply grease to the brake lever pivot bolt. Install the brake lever to the master cylinder. Install and tighten the brake lever pivot bolt and nut.

TORQUE: Bolt: 1 N·m (0.1 kgf·m , 0.7 lbf-ft) Nut: 6 N·m (0.6 kgf·m , 4.3 lbf-ft)



INSTALLATION

Connect the brake light switch connectors.



Install the master cylinder and the master cylinder holder with the "UP" mark facing up.





Align the end of the master cylinder with the punch mark on the handlebar.

Install the front master cylinder bolts and tighten the upper bolt first, then tighten the lower bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)

Be careful not to Connect the brake hose eyelet with the oil bolt and



Tighten the brake hose oil bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 34 N-m (3.5 kgf-m , 25 lbf-ft)

NOTE:

twist the brake new sealing washers.

hose.

While tightening the brake hose oil bolt, align the brake hose end with the stopper.



REARVIEW MIRROR

Install the right rearview mirror. Refill the brake fluid (page 15-3).

BRAKE CALIPER

CAUTION:

- Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a rag or shop towel over these parts whenever the system is serviced.
- When removing the oil hose bolt, cover the end of the hose to prevent contamination.

REMOVAL

Drain the brake fluid (page 15-3).

Remove the brake hose oil bolt and sealing washers, and disconnect the brake hose from the front brake caliper.

Remove the front brake caliper mounting bolts and front brake caliper.

Remove the brake pad (page 15-5).





DISASSEMBLY

NOTE

Do not remove the caliper and bracket pins unless replacement is necessary.

Remove the caliper bracket from the caliper body.



Remove the caliper pin boot and pad retainer from the caliper bracket.



BOOT

Remove the pad spring and bracket pin boot from the caliper body.



Place a shop towel over the pistons. Position the caliper body with the pistons down and apply small squirts of air pressure to the fluid inlet

AWARNING

to remove the pistons.

Do not use high pressure air or bring the nozzle too close to the inlet.



Push the dust seals and piston seals in and lift them out.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the piston sliding surface.

Clean the seal grooves, caliper pistons and caliper piston sliding surfaces with clean brake fluid.



INSPECTION

Check the caliper cylinder and pistons for scoring, scratches or damage.

Measure the caliper cylinder I.D.

SERVICE LIMIT: 27.06 mm (1.065 in)

Measure the caliper piston O.D.

SERVICE LIMIT: 26.93 mm (1.060 in)







15-15

NOTE:

- Replace the dust seals and piston seals with a new ones.
- Replace the caliper and bracket pin boots if it is wear, deterioration or damage.
- · Apply silicone grease to the boot inner surface.
- Be sure that each part is free from the dust or dirt before reassembly.

Coat new piston seals with clean brake fluid and install them in the seal grooves in the caliper. Coat new dust seals with silicone grease and install

them in the seal grooves in the caliper. Coat the caliper piston with clean brake fluid and install it into the caliper cylinder with the opening toward the pads.

Install the pad spring to the caliper body.

Replace the bracket pin boot with a new ones if it is wear, deterioration or damage.

Install the bracket pin boot to the caliper body.

Replace the caliper pin boot with a new ones if it is wear, deterioration or damage.

Install the caliper pin boot and pad retainer to the caliper bracket. PISTON SEALS DUST SEALS DUST SEALS PISTONS





Apply silicone grease to the caliper and bracket pins. Install the caliper bracket over the caliper.



INSTALLATION

Install the front brake caliper to the front fork. Install and tighten the new front caliper mounting bolts to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 30 N·m (3.1 kgf·m , 22 lbf·ft)



hose.

Be careful not to Connect the brake hose to the brake caliper with twist the brake new sealing washers.

> Install and tighten the brake hose oil bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 34 N·m (3.5 kgf·m , 25 lbf·ft)

NOTE:

While tightening the brake hose oil bolt, align the brake hose end with the stopper.

Refill the brake fluid (page 15-3). Install the brake pads (page 15-5).



BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM



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16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

SYSTEM DIAGRAM	16-0	BATTERY	16-5
SERVICE INFORMATION	16-1	CHARGING SYSTEM INSPECTION	16-7
TROUBLESHOOTING	16-3	REGULATOR/RECTIFIER	16-9

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

AWARNING

- The battery gives off explosive gases; keep sparks, flames and cigarettes away. Provide adequate ventilation when charging.
- The battery contains sulfuric acid (electrolyte). Contact with skin or eyes may cause severe burns. Wear protective clothing and a face shield.
 - If electrolyte gets on your skin, flush with water.
 - If electrolyte gets in your eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and call a physician immediately.
- Electrolyte is poisonous.

 If swallowed, drink large quantities of water or milk and follow with milk of magnesia or vegetable oil and call a physician. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Always turn off the ignition switch before disconnecting any electrical components.

CAUTION:

Some electrical components may be damaged if terminals or connectors are connected or disconnect while the ignition switch is ON and a current is present.

- For extended storage, remove the battery, give it a full charge and store it in a cool, dry space. For maximum service life, charge the stored battery every two weeks.
- . For battery remaining in a stored motorcycle, disconnect the negative battery cable from the battery terminal.
- The battery can be damaged if overcharged or undercharged, or if left to discharge for long periods. These same
 conditions contribute to shortening the life-span of the battery. Even under normal use, the performance of the battery
 deteriorates after 2-3 years.
- Battery voltage may recover after battery charging, but under a heavy load, battery voltage will drop quickly and
 eventually the battery will be completely discharged. For this reason, the charging system is often suspected to be the
 problem. Battery overcharge often results in problems in the battery itself, which may appear to be an overcharge
 symptom. If one of the battery cells is shorted and the battery voltage does not increase, the regulator/rectifier supplies
 excess voltage to the battery. Under these conditions, the electrolyte level drops quickly.
- Before troubleshooting the charging system, check for proper use and maintenance of the battery. Check if the battery is frequently under a heavy load, such as having the headlight and taillight ON for long periods of time without riding the motorcycle.
- The battery will self-discharge when the motorcycle is not use. For this reason, charge the battery every two weeks to
 prevent sulfation from forming.
- Filling a new battery with electrolyte will produce some voltage, but in order to achieve maximum performance, always
 charge the battery. Also, the battery life is lengthened when it is initial-charged.
- When checking the charge system, always follow the steps in the troubleshooting flow chart (page 16-3).
- Alternator servicing may be done with the engine in the frame.

16

SPECIFICATIONS

	ITEM		SPECIFICATIONS
Battery	attery Capacity		12V-8AH
Current leakage			1.3 mA max.
Voltage (20°C/68°F) Charging current	Voltage	Fully charged	13.0 - 13.2 V
	Needs charging	Below 12.3 V	
	Normal	0.8 A/10 h	
		Quick	4.0 A/1 h max
Alternator	Iternator Capacity		345 W/5,000 rpm
Charging coil resistance (20°C/68°F		ance (20°C/68°F)	0.1 - 1.0 Ω
Regulator/reg	tifier regulated voltage		14 - 15 V/4,000 rpm

TROUBLESHOOTING

Battery undercharging (voltage not raised to regulated voltage).



BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM



BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

BATTERY

REMOVAL

NOTE:

Always turn the ignition switch OFF before removing or installing the battery.

Remove the right side cover (page 2-3). Remove the rubber cover and unhook the fuse box from the battery case cover. Remove the battery case cover by removing the bolts.

Remove the left side cover (page 2-3).

NOTE

Disconnect the battery negative cable first, then positive cable from the battery.

Remove the negative cable cover. Remove the bolt and battery negative cable. Remove the positive cable cover. Remove the bolt and battery positive cable. Pull the battery out of the battery case.





INSTALLATION

Place the battery into the case and connect the battery positive cable to the battery first from the right side, then connect the negative cable from the left side.

Coat the battery terminal with clean grease. Install the battery case cover by hooking the tab on the cover to the hook on the case.

Install and tighten the cover mounting bolts. Install the fuse box onto the battery case cover.

Install the rubber cover in the sequence as shown. Install the right and left side covers (page 2-3).

Route the battery cables as shown on the battery caution label.

NOTE:

Pull the cover over the positive terminal.





INSPECTION

Measure the battery voltage using a commercially available digital multimeter.

VOLTAGE: Fully charged: 13.0 - 13.2 V Under charged: Below 12.3 V



BATTERY CHARGING

AWARNING

- The battery gives off explosive gases; keep sparks, flames and cigarettes away. Provide adequate ventilation when charging.
- The battery contains sulfuric acid (electrolyte). Contact with skin or eyes may cause severe burns. Wear protective clothing and a face shield.
 If electrolyte gets on your skin, flush with water.
 - If electrolyte gets in your eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and call a physician immediately.
- Electrolyte is poisonous. If swallowed, drink large quantities of water or milk and follow with milk of magnesia or vegetable oil and call a physician.
- Turn power ON/OFF at the charger, not at the battery terminals.

Remove the battery (page 16-5).

Connect the charger positive (+) cable to the battery positive (+) terminal. Connect the charger negative (-) cable to the battery negative (-) terminal.

CHARGING CURRENT/TIME

Standard: 0.8 A/10 h Quick: 4.0 A/1 h max

CAUTION:

- Quick-charging should only be done in an emergency; slow charging is preferred.
- For battery charging, do not exceed the charging current and time specified on the battery. Using excessive current or extending the charging time may damage the battery.



CHARGING SYSTEM INSPECTION

NOTE:

- Measuring circuits with a large capacity that exceeds the capacity of the tester may cause damage to the tester. Before starting each test, set the tester at the high capacity range first, then gradually down to low capacity ranges in order to ensure that you have the correct range and do not damage the tester.
- When measuring small capacity circuits, keep the ignition switch off. If the switch is suddenly turned on during a test, the tester fuse may blow.



REGULATED VOLTAGE INSPECTION

AWARNING

- If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area.
- The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death.

Remove the battery (page 16-5) and install the fully charged battery.

Start the engine and warm it up to the operating temperature; stop the engine.

Connect the multimeter between the positive and negative terminals of the battery.

CAUTION:

- To prevent short, make absolutely certain which are the positive and negative terminals or cable.
- Do not disconnect the battery or any cable in the charging system without first switching off the ignition switch. Failure to follow this precaution can damage the tester or electrical components.

With the headlight to Lo beam, restart the engine. Measure the voltage on the multitester when the engine runs at 5,000 rpm.

REGULATED VOLTAGE: 13.5-14.0 V/5,000 rpm

The battery is normal if the voltage reads the regulated voltage on the tester.

NOTE:

The speed at which voltage starts to rise cannot be checked as it varies with the temperature and loads on the generator. A frequently discharged battery is an indication that it is deteriorated even if it proves normal in the regulated voltage inspection.

The charging circuit may be abnormal if any of the following symptoms is encountered:

1. Voltage not raised to regulated voltage (page 16-3)

- Open or shorted circuit in the charging system wire harness or poorly connected connector
- · Open or shorted of the alternator
- Faulty regulator/rectifier

2. Regulated voltage too high (page 16-4)

- · Poorly grounded voltage regulator/rectifier
- · Faulty battery
- Faulty regulator/rectifier





CURRENT LEAKAGE TEST

Remove the battery cover (page 16-5).

Turn the ignition switch off, and disconnect the negative (-) cable from the battery.

Connect the ammeter (+) probe to the battery negative cable and the ammeter (-) probe to the battery (-) terminal.

With the ignition switch off, check for current leakage.

NOTE:

- When measuring current using a tester, set it to a high range, and then bring the range down to an appropriate level. Current flow higher than the range selected may blow out the fuse in the tester.
- While measuring current, do not turn the ignition on. A sudden surge of current may blow out the fuse in the tester.

SPECIFIED CURRENT LEAKAGE: 1.3 mA max.

If current leakage exceeds the specified value, a shorted circuit is likely. Locate the short by disconnecting connections one

by one and measuring the current.



BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

REGULATOR/RECTIFIER

WIRE HARNESS INSPECTION

Remove the left side cover (page 2-3).

Disconnect the regulator/rectifier 3P and 4P connectors.

Check the connectors for loose or corroded terminals.

BATTERY LINE

Make sure the battery voltage between Red/White (+) and Green (-). If there is no voltage, measure the following;

Item	Terminals	Specification
Battery charging line	Red/White (+) and ground (-)	Battery voltage should register
Ground line	Green and ground	Continuity exists





CHARGING LINE

NOTE:

It is not necessary to remove the stator coil to complete this test.

Measure the resistance between the connector terminals and ground.

CONNECTION: Yellow and Yellow STANDARD: 0.1 - 1.0 Q (20°C/68°F)

If the charging coil reading is out of specification, replace the stator (page 9-2).

Check for continuity between the connector terminals and ground. There should be no continuity.

If the there is continuity between the connector and ground, replace the stator (page 9-2).





BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the left side cover (page 2-3).

Disconnect the regulator/rectifier 3P and 4P connectors.



Remove the nuts and regulator/rectifier unit.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE:

Route the wire harness properly (page 1-26).



MEMO

IGNITION SYSTEM



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17-0

.. .
17. IGNITION SYSTEM

SYSTEM DIAGRAM	17-0	IGNITION CONTROL MODULE (ICM)	17-7
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SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

AWARNING

When the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to death. Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.

CAUTION

Some electrical components may be damaged if terminals or connectors are connected or disconnected while the ignition switch is ON and a current is present.

- When checking the ignition system, always follow the steps in the troubleshooting (page 17-3).
- Ignition timing cannot be adjusted since the Ignition Control Module (ICM) is non-adjustable. If ignition timing is
 incorrect, check the system components and replace any faulty parts.
- The ICM may be damaged if dropped. Also, if the connector is disconnected when current is flowing, the resulting
 excessive voltage may damage the unit. Always turn off the ignition switch before servicing.
- A faulty ignition system is often related to poorly connected or corroded connectors. Check those connections before
 proceeding. Make sure the battery is adequately charged. Using the starter motor with a week battery results in a slower
 engine cranking speed as well as no spark at the spark plugs.
- Use spark plugs of the correct heat range. Using a spark plug of an incorrect heat range can damage the engine.
- For neutral switch and side stand switch inspection and removal/installation see section 19.
- For engine stop switch and ignition switch inspection and removal/installation see section 19.

SPECIFICATIONS

	ITEM		SPECIF	ICATIONS
Spark plug	Standard		DPR8EA-9 (NGK)	X24EPR-U9 (DENSO)
AL 10 AS	For cold climate (b	alow 5 °C/41 °F)	DPR7EA-9 (NGK)	X22EPR-U9 (DENSO)
	For extended high	speed riding	DPR9EA-9 (NGK)	X27EPR-U9 (DENSO)
Spark plug g	ар		0.80-0.90 mm	(0.031-0.035 in)
Ignition coil (primary peak voltage		100 V r	minimum
Ignition puls	e generator peak volt	age	0.7 V r	ninimum
Ignition timir	ng "F" mark		6.5° BT	DC at idle
Advance	Start	'97-'98	2,000 ±	200 rpm
	Creater	After '98	1,800 ±	= 200 rpm
	Stop		6,000 ±	= 200 rpm
Full advance			BTC	DC 30°

TORQUE VALUES

Timing hole cap

15 N-m (1.5 kgf-m , 11 lbf-ft) Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the threads

TOOLS

Peak voltage tester or Peak voltage adapter

07HGJ-0020100 with Commercially available digital multimeter (impedance 10 MQ/DCV minimum)

TROUBLESHOOTING

- · Inspect the following before diagnosing the system.
 - -Faulty spark plug
 - Loose spark plug cap or spark plug wire connections
 - -Water got into the spark plug cap (Leaking to the ignition coil secondary voltage)
- If there is no spark at either cylinders, temporarily exchange the ignition coil with the other good one and perform the spark test. If there is a spark, the exchanged ignition coil is faulty.
- "Initial voltage" of the ignition primary coll is the battery voltage with the ignition switch ON and engine stop switch at RUN (The engine is not cranked by the starter motor).

No spark at all plugs

Unusual condition		Probable cause (Check in numerical order)	
lgnition coil primary voltage	No initial voltage with ignition and engine stop switches ON. (Other electrical components are normal)	 Blown Sub fuse (10 A). An open circuit in Black wire between the sub fuse (10 A) and ICM. Faulty engine stop switch. An open circuit in Black/White wire between the ignition coll and engine stop switch. Loose primary terminal or an open circuit in primary coil. Faulty ICM (in case when the initial voltage is normal while disconnecting ICM connectors). 	
	Initial voltage is normal, but it drops down to 2 – 4 V while cranking the engine.	 Incorrect peak voltage adapter connections. Undercharged battery. No voltage between the Black/White (+) and Body ground (-) at the ICM connector or loose ICM connection. An open circuit or loose connection in Green wire. An open circuit or loose connection in Yellow/Blue and Blue/Yellow wires between the ignition coils and ICM. Short circuit in ignition primary coil. Faulty side stand switch or neutral switch. An open circuit or loose connection in No. 7 related circuit wires. Side stand switch line: Green/White wire Neutral switch line: Light Green/Red wire Faulty ignition pulse generator (measure the peak voltage). Faulty ICM (in case when above No. 1 = 9 are normal) 	
	Initial voltage is normal, but no peak voltage while cranking the engine.	1. Faulty peak voltage adapter connections. 2. Faulty peak voltage adapter. 3. Faulty ICM (in case when above No. 1, 2 are normal)	
	Initial voltage is normal, but peak voltage is lower than standard value.	 The multimeter impedance is too low: below 10 M Ω/ DCV. Cranking speed is too low (battery undercharged). The sampling timing of the tester and measured pulse were not synchronized (system is normal if measured voltage is over the standard voltage at least once). Faulty ICM (in case when above No. 1 - 3 are normal). 	
	Initial and peak voltage are normal, but does not spark.	 Faulty spark plug or leaking ignition coil secondary current ampere. Faulty ignition coil. 	
Ignition pulse generator	Peak voltage is lower than standard value.	 The multimeter impedance is too low: below 10 MΩ/ DCV. Cranking speed is too low (battery undercharged). The sampling timing of the tester and measured pulse were not synchronized (system is normal if measured voltage is over the standard voltage at least once). Faulty ICM (in case when above No. 1 - 3 are normal). 	
	No peak voltage.	1. Faulty peak voltage adapter. 2. Faulty ignition pulse generator.	

IGNITION SYSTEM INSPECTION

NOTE:

- If there is no spark at either pulg, check all connections for loose or poor contact before measuring each peak voltage.
- Use the recommended digital multimeter or commercially available digital multimeter with an impedance of 10 M Ω /DCV minimum.
- The display value differs depending upon the internal impedance of the multimeter.
- If using an Imrie diagnostic tester (model 625), follow the manufacture's instructions.

Connect the peak voltage adapter to the digital multimeter, or use the Imrie diagnostic tester.

TOOLS:

Peak voltage tester or Peak voltage adaptor 07HGJ-0020100 with Commercially available digital multimeter (impedance 10 M Ω /DCV minimum)



IGNITION PRIMARY VOLTAGE INSPECTION

NOTE

- Check all system connections before the inspection. If the system is disconnected, an incorrect peak voltage will register.
- Check cylinder compression at each cylinder and check that the spark plugs are installed correctly in each cylinder.

Support the motorcycle using the side stand.

Disconnect the spark plug caps from the spark plugs on the cylinder head.

Connect a good known spark plug to each spark plug cap and ground the spark plugs to the cylinder as done in a spark test.



IGNITION SYSTEM

When servicing the front ignition coil as following:

- Remove the fuel tank (page 2-4).
- Remove the crankcase breather tank with bolt (page 17-8).

When servicing the rear ignition coil as following: - Remove the right side cover (page 2-4).

Connect the peak voltage adaptor or peak voltage tester to the ignition coil primary terminal.

NOTE:

Do not disconnect the ignition coil primary wires.



Peak voltage tester or Peak voltage adaptor 07HGJ-0020100 with Commercially available digital multimeter (impedance 10 M Ω /DCV minimum)

CONNECTION: Front ignition coil: Blue/Yellow (+) — Body ground (--) Rear ignition coil:

Yellow/Blue (+) - Body ground (-)

Turn the ignition switch "ON" and engine stop switch to "RUN". Check for initial battery voltage.

If battery voltage is not present, follow the checks described in the troubleshooting on page 17-3.

Shift the transmission into neutral. Crank the engine with the starter motor and read each ignition coil primary voltage.

PEAK VOLTAGE: 100 V minimum

AWARNING

Avoid touching the spark plugs and tester probes to prevent electric shock.

NOTE:

Although measured values are different for each ignition coil, they are normal as long as the voltage is higher than the standard value.

If the peak voltage is lower than the standard value, follow the checks described in the troubleshooting on page 17-3.



IGNITION PULSE GENERATOR PEAK VOLTAGE INSPECTION

NOTE:

- Check all system connection before the inspection. If the system is disconnected, an incorrect peak voltage will register.
- Check cylinder compression at each cylinder and check that the spark plugs are installed correctly in each cylinder.

Remove the ignition control module (ICM) (page 17-7).

Disconnect the ignition control module (ICM) 4P connector.

Connect the peak voltage adaptor to the 4P connector wire harness side.

TOOLS:

Peak voltage tester or Peak voltage adaptor 07HGJ-0020100 with Commercially available digital multimeter (impedance 10 M Ω /DCV minimum)

CONNECTION:

 Front cylinder:
 White/Blue (+) - Blue (-)

 Rear cylinder:
 White/Yellow (+) - Yellow (-)

Turn the ignition switch "ON" and engine stop switch to "RUN". Shift the transmission into neutral.

Crank the engine with the starter motor and read the ignition pulse generator peak voltage.

PEAK VOLTAGE: 0.7 V minimum

AWARNING

Avoid touching the spark plugs and tester probes to prevent electric shock.

If the peak voltage is lower than standard value, perform the following procedure.

Remove the left steering cover (page 2-2).

Disconnect the ignition pulse generator 4P connector.

Turn the ignition switch "ON" and engine stop switch to "RUN".

Shift the transmission into neutral.

Crank the engine with the starter motor and measure the peak voltage at the 4P connector ignition pulse generator side and record it.

CONNECTION:

Front cylinder: White/Blue (+) - Blue (-) Rear cylinder: White/Yellow (+) - Yellow (-) PEAK VOLTAGE: 0.7 V minimum





Compare their values at the ignition control module (ICM) 4P connector and the ignition pulse generator 4P connector.

If the value at the ignition pulse generator is normal, but abnormal at the ignition control module (ICM):

- Open circuit in the ignition pulse generator wires
- Loosen connection in the ignition pulse generator connector

If both values are abnormal:

- The ignition pulse generator is likely to be faulty. Check and perform troubleshooting on page 17-3.
- For ignition pulse generator replacement, refer to section 8.

IGNITION CONTROL MODULE (ICM) REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the left side cover (page 2-3).

Remove the connector mounting plate. Remove the rubber band, nuts and tool tray.



Remove the ignition control module (ICM) from the mounting stay.



Disconnect the 6P and 4P connectors.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



IGNITION COIL

REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

FRONT:

Disconnect the spark plug cap from the spark plug. Remove the fuel tank (page 2-3). Remove the crankcase breather separator with bolt.

Disconnect the ignition coil primary wires from the terminals. Remove the bolts and ground wire eyelet.

Remove the ignition coil.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





REAR:

Remove the right side cover (page 2-2).

Disconnect the spark plug caps from the spark plugs.

Remove the bolts.

Disconnect the ignition coil primary wires from the terminals and remove the ignition coil.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE

- Route the spark plug wires properly (page 1-22, 23).
- Connect the primary wires to the original position.
 Front:

Black terminal: Black/White wire Green terminal: Blue/Yellow wire Rear:

Black terminal: Black/White wire

Green terminal: Yellow/Blue wire



IGNITION TIMING

AWARNING

If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death. Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in enclosed area.

NOTE:

Read the manufacture's instructions for the timing light before operating.

Warm up the engine. Stop the engine.

Remove the timing hole cap.

Connect a timing light to the rear (# 1) cylinder spark plug wire. Start the engine and let it idle.

IDLE SPEED: 1,200 ± 100 rpm





The timing is correct if the "F" mark on the "I flywheel aligns with the index mark on the left crankcase cover.

Increase the engine speed by rotating the throttle stop control knob.

The timing is correct if the advance marks on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the left crankcase cover.

Stop the engine and connect the timing light to the front (# 2) cylinder spark plug wire.

Recheck the ignition timing at the front cylinder.

Coat the new O-ring with engine oil and install it in the timing hole cap groove.

Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the timing hole cap threads and flange surface.

Install and tighten the timing hole cap to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 15 N·m (1.5 kgf·m , 11 lbf·ft)







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SYSTEM DIAGRAM	18-0	STARTER MOTOR	18-4
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SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

AWARNING

Always turn the ignition switch OFF before servicing the starter motor. The motor could suddenly start, causing serious injury.

- When checking the starter system, always follow the steps in the troubleshooting flow chart (page 18-2).
- A weak battery may be unable to turn the starter motor quickly enough, or supply adequate ignition current.
- If current continues to flow through the starter motor while the engine is not cranking over, the starter motor may be damaged.
- Always turn off the ignition switch before disconnecting any electrical components.
- For following components inspections, refer to the following pages; for the parts locations, see page 18-0 of this manual.
 Side stand switch (Section 19)
 - Neutral switch (Section 19)
 - Ignition switch (Section 19)
 - Starter switch (Section 19)
 - Clutch switch (Section 19)

SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: mm (in)

ITEM	STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT
Starter motor brush length	12.5 (0.49)	6.5 (0.26)

TROUBLESHOOTING

- Check for the following before troubleshooting the system.
- -Blown main fuse (30 A) or sub fuse (10 A, 15 A).
- Loose battery and starter motor cable.
- -Discharged battery.
- . The starter motor should turn when the transmission is in neutral.
- The starter motor should turn when transmission is in any gear as indicated the chart below.

Gear Position	Side Stand	Clutch Lever	Starter Motor
	Up	Pulled in	Turn
Any Gear	ny Gear Released	Released	Does not turn
	Down	Pulled in	Does not turn
	boun	Released	Does not turn

Starter motor will not turn





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STARTER MOTOR

REMOVAL

AWARNING

Always turn the ignition switch OFF before servicing the starter motor. The motor could suddenly start, causing serious injury.

Remove the rubber cap and starter motor cable nut. Disconnect the starter motor cable.

Remove the bolts and ground cable. Remove the starter motor.





Remove the O-ring.



O-RING



DISASSEMBLY

Record the location and number of shims and washers.

Remove the bolts, rear cover and O-ring.



THRUST WASHERS

Remove the front cover.

Remove the O-ring and thrust washers.

Remove the thrust washers.







THRUST WASHERS



Remove the armature.

Remove the terminal nut.

Remove the washer, shims and O-ring.

Remove the brush holder assembly.

NUT



-

BRUSH HOLDER ASSEMBLY

BRUSH HOLDER DISASSEMBLY

Remove the terminal bolt stopper, terminal bolt, motor brushes and brush springs.



INSPECTION

Measure the each brush length.

SERVICE LIMIT: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)



Check for continuity between starter motor terminal and positive brush.

There should be continuity.

Check for continuity between starter motor terminal and starter motor case.

There should be no continuity.



NEGATIVE TERMINAL

Check for continuity between positive and negative terminals.

There should be no continuity.



Replace the armature with a new one if necessary.

Check the commutator for metallic debris between commutator bars.

Clean the metallic debris off between commutator bars.

NOTE

Do not use emery or sand paper on the commutator.

Check the commutator for discolorration of the commutator bar.

Replace the armature with a new one if necessary.



POSITIVE TERMINAL



IDLE GEAR



18-9



BRUSH HOLDER ASSEMBLY

Install the new O-ring. Install the same number of shims in the same locations as when disassembled. Install the washer and terminal nut.



Tighten the terminal nut securely.

facing to the rear cover side.

hole on the starter motor case.

holder tab.



Push and hold the brush inside the brush holder, and install the armature through the brush holder. When installing the armature into the stater motor case, hold the armature tightly to keep the magnet from pulling the armature against the stater motor case.

CAUTION:

- The coil may be damaged if the magnet pulls the armature against the case.
- . The sliding surfaces of the brushes can be damaged if they are not installed properly.

Set the brush springs.



Install the new O-ring. Install the same number of thrust washers in the same locations as when disassembled.



Install the front cover.

CAUTION:

When installing the front cover, take care to prevent damaging the oil seal lip with the armature shaft. FRONT COVER



Install the same number of thrust washers in the same locations as when disassembled.



Install the new O-ring. Apply thin coat of grease to the armature shaft end. Install the rear cover aligning its groove with the brush holder tab.



Align the index marks on the starter motor case and front cover.



Install and tighten the bolts securely.



INSTALLATION

NOTE:

Route the starter motor cable and ground cable properly (page 1-25).

Apply oil to the new O-ring and install it to the starter motor groove.



Install the starter motor onto the crankcase. Install the ground cable. Install and tighten the bolts securely.



Connect the starter motor cable. Install and tighten the starter motor cable nut securely.

TORQUE: 10 N·m (1.0 kgf·m , 7 lbf-ft)

Install the rubber cap securely.



STARTER RELAY SWITCH INSPECTION

NOTE:

Before checking the starter relay switch, check for battery condition.

Remove the right side cover (page 2-3).

Shift the transmission into neutral. Turn the ignition switch ON and engine stop switch to RUN. Depress the starter switch button.

The coil is normal if the starter relay switch clicks.

If you don't hear the switch "CLICK", inspect the relay switch using the procedure below.

GROUND LINE

Disconnect the starter relay switch 4P connector. Check for continuity between the Green/Red wire (ground line) and ground.

If there is continuity when the transmission is in neutral or when the clutch is disengaged and the side stand switch is up, the ground circuit is normal (In neutral, there is a slight resistance due to the diode).

STARTER RELAY VOLTAGE

Connect the starter relay switch 4P connector. Shift the transmission into neutral. Measure the voltage between the Yellow/Red (+) wire and ground at the starter relay switch 4P connector.

If the battery voltage appears only when the starter switch is pressed with the ignition switch ON, it is normal.







OPERATION CHECK

Disconnect the starter relay switch 4P connector and cables.

Connect a fully charged 12 V battery positive wire to the relay switch Yellow/Red wire terminal and negative wire to the Green/Red wire terminal.

There should be continuity between the large terminals while the battery is connected, and no continuity when the battery is disconnected.



REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the right side cover (page 2-2).

Disconnect the starter relay 4P connector.



Remove the socket bolts and cables. Remove the starter relay switch.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





CLUTCH DIODE

INSPECTION

Remove the left side cover (page 2-3).

Remove the tape and diode.

Check for continuity between the diode terminals. When there is continuity, a small resistance value will register.

If there is continuity in one direction, the diode is normal.







19. LIGH I S/IVIE LERS/SWITCHES

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REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH	19-10		
CLUTCH SWITCH	19-10		

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

AWARNING

A halogen headlight bulb becomes very hot while the headlight is ON, and remains hot for a while after it is turned OFF.
 Be sure to let it cool down before servicing.

Use an electric heating element to heat the water/coolant mixture for the thermosensor inspection. Keep all flammable
materials away from the electric heating element. Wear protective clothing, insulated gloves and eye protection.

- Note the following when replacing the halogen headlight bulb.
 - Wear clean gloves while replacing the bulb. Do not put finger prints on the headlight bulb, as they may create hot
 spots on the bulb and cause it to break.
 - If you touch the bulb with your bare hands, clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol to prevent its early failure.
 - Be sure to install the dust cover after replacing the bulb.

 All plastic connectors have locking tabs that must be released before disconnecting, and must be aligned when reconnecting.

- Always turn off the ignition switch before disconnecting any electrical components.
- A continuity test can be made with switches installed on the motorcycle.
- · Check the battery condition before performing any inspection that requires proper battery voltage.
- · The following color codes used are indicated throughout this section.

Bu: Blue	G: Green	Lg: Light Green	R: Red
BI: Black	Gr: Gray	O: Orange	W: White
Br: Brown	Lb: Light Blue	P: Pink	Y: Yellow

19

	ITEN	1	SPECIFICATIONS
Bulbs	Headlight (High/low beam)		12V-60/55W
	Brake/tail ligh	t	12V-32/3CP × 2
	Front turn sign	nal/running light	12V-21/5W×2
	Rear turn sign	al light	12V-21W × 2
	License light		12V-4CP
	Instrument lig	ht	12V-3.4W
	Turn signal in	dicator	12V-1.7W
	High beam inc	dicator	12V-1.7W
	Neutral indica	tor	12V-1.7W
use	Main fuse	25.2.	30A
	Sub fuse		10A × 3, 15A × 1
uel pump flo	w capacity (min./	minute)	800 cm3 (27.1 US oz , 28.2 lmp oz)
an motor	Start to close	(ON)	98 - 102 °C (208 - 216 °F)
switch	Start to open		93 - 97 °C (199 - 207 °F)
Thermosensor resistance 50 °C/122 °F		50 °C/122 °F	130-180 Q
		80 °C/176 °F	45-60 Q
		120 °C/248 °F	10-20 0

TORQUE VALUES

Oil pressure switch	'97-'98:	10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)	Apply sealant to the threads
	After '98:	12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)	
Neutral switch		12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)	Apply sealant to the threads
Handlebar switch screw		4 N-m (0.4 kgf-m , 2.9 lbf-ft)	and the second second second
Fan motor switch		18 N-m (1.8 kgf-m , 13 lbf-ft)	Apply sealant to the threads
Thermosensor		10 N-m (1.0 kgf-m , 7 lbf-ft)	Apply sealant to the threads
Side stand switch mounting bolt		9 N-m (0.9 kgf-m , 6.5 lbf-ft)	ALOC bolt: replace with a new one

BULB REPLACEMENT

HEADLIGHT

AWARNING

A halogen headlight bulb becomes very hot while the headlight is ON, and remain hot for a while after it is turned OFF. Be sure to let it cool down before servicing.

CAUTION:

- Wear clean gloves while replacing the bulb. Do not put finger prints on the headlight bulb, as they may create hot spots on the bulb and cause it to break.
- If you touch the bulb with your bare hands, clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol to prevent its early failure.
- Be sure to install the dust cover after replacing the bulb.

Remove the screws and headlight.

Disconnect the headlight bulb socket and remove the dust cover.

Unhook the bulb retainer and remove the headlight bulb.







Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE

Install the dust cover with its "TOP" mark facing up.



TURN SIGNAL LIGHT

Remove the screw(s) ('97-'98) and turn signal light lens.

While pushing in, turn the bulb counterclockwise to remove it and replace with a new one.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE:

- When turn signal light lens installation, align the tab on the lens with the groove on the turn signal light case.
- Seat the rubber packing properly.





TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT

Remove the screws and tail/brake light lens. While pushing in, turn the bulb counterclockwise to remove it and replace with a new one.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE:

Seat the rubber packing properly.



LICENSE LIGHT

'97– '98; Do not damage the wire harness.

"97-"98: Remove the two bolts, three nuts and license plate image the bracket from the rear fender.

> Remove the license light lens attaching nuts on the reverse side of the license plate bracket and remove the license light lens.



After '98: Do not damage the wire harness.

Alter '98: Remove the two screws, washers, nuts and license amage the plate bracket from the rear fender.

> Remove the license light lens attaching nuts on the reverse side of the license plate bracket and remove the license light lens.



While pushing in, turn the bulb counterclockwise to remove it and replace with a new one.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE:

Seat the rubber packing properly.



HIBEAM/NEUTRAL/TURN INDICATOR BULB

Remove the bulb socket from the indicator box. Remove the indicator bulb from the bulb socket. Replace a new bulb and install it in the reverse order of removal.



SPEEDOMETER LIGHT

Disconnect the speedometer cable from the speedometer.

Remove the speedometer cover mounting screws and cover.



Remove the bulb socket from the speedometer. Remove the speedometer bulb from the bulb socket.

Replace a new bulb and install it in the reverse order of removal.





REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the steering covers (page 2-2). Disconnect the speedometer 6P (Black) connector.



Disconnect the speedometer cable from the speedometer.



Remove the speedometer mounting nut/bolt and meter from the speedometer stay.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



SCREWS STAY COVER

DISASSEMBLY

Remove the speedometer (see above).

Remove the screws and speedometer rear cover. Remove the speedometer stay.

Remove the clamp and speedometer light from the speedometer.

Remove the wire harness from the speedometer.

ASSEMBLY

Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.

NOTE:

Route the combination meter harness properly (see below).





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19-8

NEUTRAL INDICATOR/SWITCH

INSPECTION

Make sure that the neutral indicator comes on with the ignition switch "ON" and neutral position. If the indicator does not come on, inspect as follows:

Remove the left rear cover (page 7-3). Disconnect the neutral switch connector.

Short it to ground using a jumper wire. Turn the ignition switch "ON".

The neutral indicator should come on. If the indicator does not come on, check the sub fuse (10 A) and wires for a loose connection or an open circuit.

REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the left rear cover (page 7-3).

Disconnect the neutral switch connector.





Remove the neutral switch.

Clean and apply sealant to the neutral switch threads.

Install and tighten the neutral switch to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m , 9 lbf-ft)

Connect the neutral switch connector.



FRONT BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH

NOTE:

For front brake light switch removal/installation refer to page 15-8.

Disconnect the front brake light switch connectors and check for continuity.

There should be continuity with the front brake applied and no continuity with it released.



REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH

Remove the right side cover (page 2-3).

Disconnect the rear brake light switch 2P connector and check for continuity at the switch side connector.

There should be continuity with the rear brake applied and no continuity with it released.

CLUTCH SWITCH

NOTE

For clutch switch removal/installation refer to page 13-5.

Disconnect the clutch switch connectors and check for continuity.

There should be continuity with the clutch applied and no continuity with it released.







NOTE

For handlebar switches removal/installation refer to page 13-5.

Remove the left steering cover (page 2-3).

Check for continuity between the terminals. Continuity should exist between the color coded wires as shown in each chart.

RIGHT HANDLEBAR SWITCH

Disconnect the right handlebar switch 9P connector.

STARTER SWITCH

	BI/W	Y/R
Free		1222
Push	0	0

ENGINE STOP SWITCH

	BI/G	BI/W
Off		
Run	0	-0




LEFT HANDLEBAR SWITCH

Disconnect the left handlebar 9P switch connector.

DIMMER SWITCH

	Bu/W	Bu	W
Lo	0		0
(N)	0		0
Hi	0		

TURN SIGNAL SWITCH

	Gr	Lb	0	Br/Bl	Lb/W	O/W
Right	10-	-0	1000	0		-0
N			-	0	0	-0
Left	0-		0	0	0	

HORN SWITCH

	Bl/Br	Lg
Free		
Push	0	0





IGNITION SWITCH

Remove the left side cover (page 2-3). Disconnect the ignition switch 4P (White) connector.

Check for continuity between the ignition switch connector terminals in each switch position.

Continuity should exist between the color coded wires in each chart below.

IGNITION SWITCH

	R	R/BI	Bu/O
On	0	0	0
Off			

REPLACEMENT

Remove the ignition switch cover by removing the screw.

Remove the break-off bolt heads using a drill then remove the ignition switch.

Install the new switch and new break-off bolts. Tighten the break-off bolts until the heads twist off.





FAN MOTOR SWITCH

INSPECTION

FAN MOTOR DOES NOT STOP

Turn the ignition switch OFF, disconnect the fan motor switch connector from the fan motor switch and turn the ignition switch ON again.

If the fan motor does not stop, check for a shorted wire between the fan motor and switch. If the fan motor stops, replace the fan motor switch.

FAN MOTOR DOES NOT START

Before testing, warm up the engine to operating temperature.

Disconnect the connector from the fan motor switch and ground the connector to the body with a jumper wire.

Turn the ignition switch ON and check the fan motor.

If the motor starts, check the connection at the fan motor switch terminal. If it is OK, replace the fan motor switch.

If the motor does not start, check for voltage between the fan motor switch connector and ground.

- Battery voltage: Faulty fan motor

- -No battery voltage:
 Broken wire harness
 - Broken sub fuse
 - Faulty ignition switch
 Poor connection of the connector (between the ignition switch and fuse box)







REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Drain the coolant (page 6-5).

Disconnect the fan motor switch connector from the fan motor switch.

Remove the fan motor switch and O-ring from the right radiator.

Install the new O-ring.

Clean and apply sealant to the fan motor switch threads.

Install and tighten the fan motor switch to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 18 N·m (1.8 kgf·m , 13 lbf-ft)



LIGHTS/METERS/SWITCHES

COOLANT TEMPERATURE INDICATOR ('97-'00), THERMOSENSOR ('97-'00) /THERMO SWITCH (After '00)

SYSTEM INSPECTION ('97 - '00)

Turn the ignition switch ON. The temperature warning light should come on for a few seconds and the light should disappear soon.

THE INDICATOR DOES NOT COME ON

Remove the left steering cover (page 2-3).

Disconnect the thermo unit Black/Brown (+) and Green/Black (-) connectors.

Measure the voltage between the Black/Brown (+) and Green/Black (-) connectors of the wire harness side.

There should be voltage with the ignition switch ON. If there is no voltage, check the wire harness for an open circuit or loose connections in the Black/Brown (+) and Green/Black (-) wires.

If there is battery voltage available, replace the speedometer.

THE INDICATOR DOES NOT GO OFF

Remove the left steering cover (page 2-3).

Disconnect the temperature warning light Green/ Blue connector.

Check for continuity between the Green/Blue connector of the wire harness side and ground.

There should be no continuity.

If there is continuity, check for a short circuit in the Green/Blue wire.

If there is no continuity, check the thermosensor (see the following). If it is OK, replace the speedometer.

SYSTEM INSPECTION (After '00)

Turn the ignition switch ON, the temperature warning light should not come on.

If the warning light comes on, check the wire harness for an open circuit or loose connection between the temperature warning light and thermo switch and also check the thermo switch (Page 19-14).

THERMOSENSOR ('97-'00)/THERMO SWITCH (After '00) INSPECTION

AWARNING

- Wear insulated gloves and adequate eye protection.
- Keep flammable materials away from the electric heating element.

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NOTE:

- Soak the thermosensor ('97 '00)/ thermo switch (After '00) in coolant up to its threads with at least a 40 mm (1.57 in) gap from the bottom of the pan to the bottom of the sensor/switch.
- Keep the temperature constant for 3 minutes before testing. A sudden change of temperature will result in incorrect readings. Do not let the thermosensor ('97-'00)/ thermo switch (After '00) or thermometer touch the pan.

Drain the coolant (page 6-6).

Remove the left steering cover (page 2-3). Disconnect the thermosensor ('97-'00)/ thermo switch (After '00) connector and remove the sensor/switch.

Suspend the thermosensor ('97-'00)/ thermo switch (After '00) in a pan of coolant (50-50 mixture) over the electric heating element and measure the resistance ('97-'00)/check the continuity (After '00) through the sensor as the coolant heats up.

'97-'00:

Temperature	Resistance
50 °C/122 °F	130 - 180 Ω
80 °C/176 °F	45 - 60 Q
120 °C/248 °F	10 - 20 🔉

After '00

Start to close (ON)	112 - 118°C (259 -	270°F)
Start to open (OFF)	Below 108°C (25)	2°F)

Replace the sensor ('97 - '00)/ switch (After '00) if it is out of specifications.

Clean and apply sealant to the thermosensor ('97 - '00)/ thermo switch (After '00) threads. Do not apply sealant to the thermosensor ('97 - '00)/ thermo switch (After '00) head.

Install and tighten the thermosensor ('97 - '00)/ thermo switch (After '00) to the specified torque.

TORQUE: '97-'00: 10 N·m (1.0 kgf·m , 7 lbf-ft) After '00: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m , 5.8 lbf-ft)

Connect the thermosensor ('97-'00)/ thermo switch (After '00) connector. Refill the coolant (page 6-6). Install the left steering cover (page 2-3).

HORN

Remove the steering covers (page 2-3).

Remove the nut. Disconnect the horn connectors and remove the horn.

Connect a 12 V battery to the horn terminals.

The horn is normal if it sounds when the 12 V battery is connected across the horn terminals.



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LIGHTS/METERS/SWITCHES

TURN SIGNAL RELAY

REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the seat (page 2-2). Disconnect the turn signal relay 3P (Black) connector. Remove the turn signal relay.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

PERFORMANCE TEST

Remove the turn signal relay.

Check for turn signal circuit connection before testing.

Short the black and gray terminals of the turn signal relay connector with a jumper wire. Turn the ignition switch ON and check turn signal light by turning the switch ON.

If the light does not come on, check the turn signal switch or open circuit in Black or Gray wire.

If the light comes on, check for continuity between Green terminal and body ground at the turn signal relay 3P (Black) connector.

- No continuity: Open circuit in Green wire

 Continuity: Loose or poor contact of the turn signal relay 3P (Black) connector
 Faulty turn signal relay

SIDE STAND SWITCH

INSPECTION

Remove the left side cover (page 2-3).

Disconnect the side stand 3P (Green/'97-'98, Black/'98-'00) 2P (Green/After '00) connector.

Check for continuity between each of the terminals as below.

There should be continuity between the O-O positions on the chart below.

SIDE STAND SWITCH

'97-'00

	G/W	Y/BI	G
Side stand down		0-	-0
Side stand up	0		-0

After '00

	G/W	G
Side stand down		
Side stand up	0	0

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REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the left side cover (page 2-3).

Disconnect the side stand 3P (Green/'97-'98, Black/'98-'00) 2P (Green/After '00) connector. EP (rew-conver (aditar tod) (CONNECTOR





'97-'98: Align the tab of the holder with the groove on the switch. Install the side stand switch by aligning the pin on the switch with the hole on the reverse side of the stand.

Install the washer, holder, new side stand switch bolt and tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 9 N-m (0.9 kgf-m , 6.5 lbf-ft)

After '98: Install the side stand switch by aligning the pin on the switch with the hole, and aligning the groove on the switch with the pin on the front side of the stand.

> Install and tighten the new side stand switch bolt to the specified torque.

TORQUE: 9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m , 6.5 lbf·ft)

NOTE

Route the side stand switch wire properly (page 1-22).

NEW Connect the side stand switch 3P (Green/'97-'98, Black/'98-'00) 2P (Green/After '00) connector.

Install the left side cover (page 2-3).





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20. WIKING DIAGRAM



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WIRING DIAGRAM

21. TROUBLESHOOTING

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ENGINE LACKS POWER	21-2	POOR HANDLING	21-4
POOR PERFORMANCE AT LOW AND IDLE SPEED	21-3		

ENGINE DOES NOT START OR IS HARD TO START

		Possible cause
1. Check the fuel flow to carburetor Reaching carburetor	— Not reaching carburetor —	 Clogged fuel line and filter Pinched fuel valve vacuum tube Clogged fuel tank breather
2. Perform a spark test Good spark	— Weak or no spark ———	 Faulty spark plug Fouled spark plug Faulty ignition control module Broken or shorted spark plug wire Faulty ignition switch Faulty ignition pulse generator Faulty engine stop switch Loose or disconnected ignition system wires
3. Remove and inspect spark plugs	Wet plug	 Flooded carburetor SE valve ON position Throttle valve open Air cleaner dirty
4. Start by following normal procedure Engine does not start	— Engine starts but stops —	 Improper choke operation Carburetor incorrectly adjusted Intake pipe leaking Improper ignition timing (Faulty ignition coil or ignition pulse generator) Fuel contaminated
Б. Test cylinder compression —	— Low compression —	 Valve clearance too small Valve stuck open Worn cylinder and piston ring Damaged cylinder head gasket Seized valve Improper valve timing

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ENGINE LACKS POWER

— Wheels do not spin freely —	 Brake dragging Worn or damaged wheel bearing
Pressure low	
	Punctured tire
 Engine speed doesn't	Clutch slipping Worn clutch discs/plates Warped clutch discs/plates
	Weak clutch spring Additive in engine oil
increase	Clogged air cleaner
	Restricted fuel flow
	Clogged muffler Pinched fuel tank breather
Incorrect	Faulty ignition control module
	Faulty ignition pulse generator
- Incorrect	
	 Worn cylinder and piston rings Leaking head gasket Improper valve timing
Clogged	Carburetor not serviced frequently
	and a group of the second s
	Plugs not serviced frequently
	enougn - Spark plugs are the incorrect heat range
Incorrect	Oil level too high
	Contaminated oil
— Valve train not lubricated — properly	 Clogged oil passage Clogged oil control orifice
	 Pressure low

TROUBLESHOOTING

Possible cause

11. Check for engine overheating	Overheating	 Coolant level low Fan motor not working (faulty fan motor switch) Thermostat stuck close Excessive carbon build-up in combus- tion chamber Use of poor quality fuel Clutch slipping Lean fuel mixture Wrong type of fuel
12. Accelerate or run at high speed Engine does not knock	Engine knocks	 Worn piston and cylinder Wrong type of fuel Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber Ignition timing to advanced (faulty ignition control module) Lean fuel mixture

POOR PERFORMANCE AT LOW AND IDLE SPEED

ľ

		Possible cause
1. Check carburetor pilot screw	Incorrect	See section 5
Correct		
2. Check for leaking intake pipe	Leaking	 Loose insulator clamps Damaged insulator
3. Perform spark test	Weak or intermittent spark	 Faulty carbon or wet fouled spark plug Faulty ignition control module Faulty ignition coil Broken or shorted spark plug wire Faulty engine stop switch Faulty ignition pulse generator Faulty ignition switch Loose or disconnected ignition system wires
4. Check ignition timing	Incorrect	 Improper ignition timing (faulty ignition control module)

POOR PERFORMANCE AT HIGH SPEED

		Possible cause
1. Disconnect fuel tube at carburetor	Fuel flow restricted	 Clogged fuel line Clogged fuel tank breather Faulty fuel valve Clogged fuel filter
2. Remove the carburetor and check - for clogging	Clogged	- Clean
Not clogged		
3. Check valve timing	Incorrect	 Cam sprocket not installed properly
Correct		
4 Check ignition timing	Incorrect	Faulty ignition control module
	ineed out	 Faulty ignition pulse generator
Correct		
5. Check valve spring		 Faulty spring
Not weak		
POOR HANDLING		
0		Possible cause
1. If steering is heavy		 Steering stem adjusting nut too tight Demaged steering head bearings
		· Damaged steering head bearings
2. If either wheel is wobbling		 Excessive wheel bearing play
		Bent rim
		 Improper installed wheel hub Swingarm pivot bearing excessively
		worn
		Bent frame
2. If the motorousia pulls to one side		 Faulty shock absorber
a. It the motorcycle poils to one side		 Front and rear wheel not aligned

Bent fork
Bent swingarm
Bent axle

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